

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 18, NUMBER 13.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1899.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHER

FOR A FIVE \$ BILL.

22 Pounds of GRANULATED SUGAR.....	\$1.00
6½ Pounds of GOOD ROASTED COFFEE.....	.50
20 BARS OF FINE COMO SOAP.....	.50
1 Pound Best UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA.....	.50
10 Pounds of OAT MEAL, the Very Best.....	.25
12 Boxes of Parlor Matches.....	.15
3 Packages of Yeast Foam.....	.15
1 Pound Package of Fine Corn Starch.....	.08
1 Pound Package of Fine Gloss Starch.....	.08
1 Pound Package of Purity Brand Soda.....	.05
2 One-Pound Cans of Salmon..	.20
2 Three-Pound Cans of Fine Tomatoes.....	.20
2 One-Pound Cans of Corn.....	.20
1 Box Hardwood Tooth Picks..	.02
½ Pound Bulk Ground Pepper..	.20
½ " " " Cinnamon.....	.15
½ " " " Cloves.....	.10
1 Bottle of Two Ounce Lemon Extract.....	.10
1 Bottle of Two Ounce Vanilla Extract.....	.15
1 Three-Pound Box of Soda Crackers.....	.25
½ Peck of Hand-Picked White Beans.....	.17

\$5.00

The above Bill of Goods is for SPOT CASH ONLY. We also have Bargains Every Day in Our Dry Goods, Shoes and Notion Department. Call in and see us. No trouble to show goods.

L.J. CALE
Cale Block, Front Street.

EXTRA FINE BEEF.

For lovers of something extra fine in the Beef line we will hereafter have fresh every week Kansas City Steer Beef. Owing to the superior quality of this Beef the price will necessarily be a trifle higher than for common beef.

Best Cuts Sirloin and Porterhouse.....	18c
Best Cuts Prime Rib Roasts.....	15

Other Cuts in Proportion.

Our prices on common beef will remain as heretofore. The extra quality beef quoted above is for lovers of extra fine, juicy, tender steaks or roasts. Yours for Extra Fine,

BANE & BANE,
City Meat Market, Sixth St.

KILLED!

As nearly everybody lost their Plants during the severe weather, we are here to make the following offer:

Twelve Assorted Plants, (in pots)..... **\$1.00**
Our own selection. Twelve Varieties. All strong, healthy stock. Get in your orders early. Delivery will be made when you are ready, and each order cared for as received. We guarantee satisfaction. Best offer ever made. Order now. With a \$2.00 order we will give a Hanging Basket Assortment.

BRAINERD GREENHOUSE.

TELEPHONE CALL, 40-5.

THE CITY'S CREDIT GOOD.

Certificate of Indebtedness Drawing Six Per Cent Sold Above Par--Council Proceedings.

The regular meeting of the city council was held on Monday evening, all being present except Pres. Crust. Reports of the clerk and chief of police were made showing fines collected during February to be \$216. Clerk's report showed electric light collections as \$853.00.

Claims against the city were audited and allowed as follows:

Pay roll city employees.....	\$584 16
Electric light employees.....	229 80
M Hansen.....	36 00
Lary Flynn.....	1 50
M Donaher.....	1 50
Tribune.....	12 08
A P Farrar.....	11 00
Frank Hathaway.....	4 75
W D McKay.....	10 27
Joe Sherrie.....	60
J McNaughton.....	2 00
L M Page.....	72
Brainerd Telephone Ex.....	12 00
W S McClenahan.....	25 00
Ray Heller.....	3 00
H K Landhardt.....	10 20
Minn. Water Works Co.....	100 00
R J Reilly.....	3 55
L E Alyed.....	3 00
C Sylvester.....	12 98
Fred Care.....	5 40
Rhodes & Paine.....	5 50
S & J W Koop.....	10 93
A E Moberg.....	75
Slipp Bros.....	4 56
M K Swartz.....	3 70
Electrical Eng Co.....	8 58
W S Nott Co.....	20 33
Gen Elec Co.....	54 17

Bill of Geo. Merriott for \$1.83 was referred to the police committee.

Sixty per cent of engineer's estimate of material and labor furnished on bridge was allowed C. B. Rowley, amount \$838.

Special committee appointed for the purpose, recommended that Mr. Whiteley be allowed the total number of days as per bill at \$3.00 in accordance with city ordinance. Report was accepted and Mr. Whiteley was allowed \$42.25.

Motion was made that bids be received from local banks for the purchase of certificates of indebtedness to be issued for building bridge under law recently passed by the legislature.

A motion was carried that the council proceed to open bids which were received as follows:

Northern Pacific bank—par value, providing certificates bear interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum.

First National bank—Bid No. 1, certificates to draw interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, at par, allowing as a premium the right of the sinking fund commissioners to retire refunding jail bond No. 8 due Dec. 5, 1902, of \$1000, on Dec. 2 next. Bid No. 2, par value and a premium of \$100.

A formal resolution was then introduced and unanimously carried authorizing the issue of the certificates under the act above referred to, and the council then on motion accepted bid No. 2 by the First National bank, and the finance committee was instructed to have certificates prepared. This bid is a particularly favorable one for the city, and the city is to be congratulated in having a financial institution that is able and willing to carry these certificates on terms more favorable probably, than could be obtained in the east.

Ordinance No. 146, amending ordinance No. 137, and fixing compensation of city's engineer at 40 cents an hour had its first and second reading and was passed.

Communication of Judge Holland in regard to changing crossing of street across railroad track east of foundry and vacating a portion of the road, was referred to street committee to report at next meeting.

Purdy & Neuman were granted a permit to erect a frame building for a livery barn on Laurel street east of the Gardner block, the same to be covered with steel siding.

Application of R. R. Wise for liquor license was granted and bond approved.

Application of Donant & Crawford for liquor license was laid on table until next meeting.

The mayor and city clerk was authorized to execute a new lease with the N. P. company for the land on which the Central hose house is located for five years.

A motion was made and seconded that the motion allowing bill of R. K. Whiteley be reconsidered, which was carried, and on motion the bill was laid on the table.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn.,

March 8, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, April 17th, 1899, viz: John A. Bark, H. E. No. 16,305, for the SW ¼ NE ¼, W ¼ SE ¼, SW ¼ Sec. 10, Township 46, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Ernest Jeun, Charles Ober, Henry J. Shields and P. G. Nygren, P. O. address of all Deerwood, Crow Wing Co., Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners, Meeting Held March 7th, 1899.

[OFFICIAL.]

County commissioner's proceedings, regular session held on March 7th, 1899.

All members present. On reading the minutes of last meeting of the board the same were approved as read.

On motion duly carried, the personal property valuation of E. M. Bigg was reduced by \$50.

On motion duly carried, the county surveyor was directed to survey road at Sections 17, 20 and 21, Town 46, Range 29.

Petition for the formation of a school district of Sections 4, 5 and 6, Town 136, Range 27, and Sections 7, 8, 9, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34, Town 137, Range 27, was read, and on motion duly carried, said petition was granted, the new district to be known as No. 58.

On motion duly carried, a refunding order in the sum of \$10.77, in favor of C. M. Hertig, was ordered issued, on account of payment of taxes twice in error.

Moved and carried, that the penalties and costs on R. K. Whiteley's land in Sections 8 and 17, Town 45, Range 30, be abated for 1897.

Moved and carried, that auditor recommend the abatement of interest, penalties and costs on certain real estate belonging to W. D. McKay, providing all such delinquent taxes were paid before May 31st next. The same privileges were accorded to Philip Harmon and M. D. Gordon on their land in Section 8, Town 43, Range 29, and to W. A. Prentice on lands in Section 12, Town 43, Range 32, and Section 7, Town 43, Range 31.

Report of G. S. McCulloch, overseer of the poor farm, for February, 1899, was read and approved.

Moved and duly carried, that an appropriation of \$50 be made from the special poor fund, to be paid out as needed for transportation of paupers.

The county surveyor was ordered to survey road laid out at Sections 15, 22 and 23, Town 135, Range 28.

The following bills were allowed:

McGill, Warner & Co., court record.....	\$16 00
F. L. Hazelton, work on Gilbert Lake road.....	2 50
A. J. Halsted, printing blanks.....	13 00
L. M. Koop, goods for poor farm.....	8 95
Losey & Dean, coffin and burial, M. Holt.....	11 50
Aug. Hildebrandt, 11 cords of tamarac wood for the county jail.....	24 75
Koop Bros., goods for poor farm.....	11 83
Koop Bros., supplies for the court house.....	8 20
Con O'Brien, goods for poor farm.....	27 30
W. H. Erb, goods and repairing harness for poor farm.....	6 70
J. B. Steinhour, printing blanks.....	7 85
Brainerd Lumber Co., lumber and coal tar for Pine River bridge.....	21 86
Brainerd Lumber Co., lumber for bridges.....	17 86
D. M. McDonald, services as veterinary surgeon at the poor farm.....	38 50
Slipp Bros., goods for poor farm.....	13 65
J. F. McGinnis & Co., goods for poor farm.....	3 85
City of Brainerd, electric light rental for January and February.....	15 54
Fred Thorsen, election board, Kennedy's.....	4 35
C. D. Johnson, 1,000 stamped envelopes.....	21 80
John Bubar, inspecting and mileage, Pine River bridge.....	8 80
Frank Thienes, constable fees, State vs. Bartsch.....	3 90
Frank Thienes, constable fee, State vs. Bogel.....	8 60
J. F. McGinnis & Co., goods for poor farm.....	1 50
Brown, Tracey & Co., blanks and stationery.....	7 05
C. M. Patek, goods for poor	

SPECIAL SALE!

Commencing Saturday, March 11th, and Continuing for ONE WEEK

SPECIAL SHOE SALE

In all our merchandise experience no such prices has ever been made . . .

Lot Ladies' Good Felt Shoes and Slippers, this sale, to close.....	49c
Lot Ladies' Good Kangaroo Calf Shoes, this sale, to close.....	49c
Lot Misses' Good Dongola, Sizes 13 to 2, this sale, to close.....	49c
Lot Children's Heavy Shoes, this sale, to close.....	49c

These few quotations are sufficient to convince you how we sell shoes.

SPECIAL SALE OF

Table Linens and Towels.

Prices that means come early or get left.

REMEMBER

That we have received a large line of New Shoes for Spring for Men, Women and Children. These goods are all guaranteed by the manufacturer. We also have the new Ladies' Custom Sole Shoes that's advertised so extensively. If you need any

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Clothing, Shoes,

We invite your inspection before buying.

A. E. MOBERG,

32 and 34 Front Street, Brainerd, Minnesota.

farm.....	18 00
C. M. Patek, good for county jail.....	19 00
C. M. Patek, paid for digging graves, paupers.....	30 00
Geo. S. McCulloch, overseer of poor poor, February.....	50 00
Fred Allison, laborer at the poor farm.....	16 00
Dr. Geo. S. McPherson, services, poor.....	7 00

Brainerd Dispatch, printing delinquent tax list, etc., subject to approval of Commissioner Cale and Auditor Mahlum..... 485 95
On motion duly carried, the board adjourned till the first Tuesday in April, 1899.

A. MAHLUM,
Co. Auditor.

Grand Jury Report.

BRAINERD, March 8th, 1899.

The grand jury met and transacted such business as properly came under its notice. We inspected the county jail and make the following recommendations: We find after investigation,

1. That we find the sleeping apartments of the jail as inadequate and insufficient; we therefore recommend that hammocks be provided for prisoners.

2. That spittoons be provided for prisoners.

3. That commissioners be instructed to furnish sufficient coal and wood for heating and cooking.

4. That any reasonable request of the sheriff for necessities to supply the jail be complied with.

5. Aside from these recommendations everything is satisfactory.

6. Resolved by this grand jury that the mayor and health officers of the city of Brainerd be requested to maintain a strict enforcement of the health laws of the state, and that a copy of these resolutions be printed in the county papers.

7. Upon presentation by Sheriff O. P. Erickson of a lot of uncollected personal property tax judgments because of alleged defects in the executions, it was after thorough investigation found that from begin-

ning to end the matter has been transacted in a careless manner. The whole matter therefore has been left in the hands of the county attorney, with instructions that he use every effort known in law to collect all personal property tax found in these executions.

8. We, as a grand jury, wish to express our deep appreciation for the kindness tendered on the part of the county attorney.

JOHN A. MARTIN,
Foreman.

"Among the Breakers."

The St. Patrick's Day entertainment to be given at Gardner Hall on Friday evening, March 17th, will be of a high order and the amateur performers who are to present the beautiful drama, "Among the Breakers," have given a month's work to the play. The drama will take about one hour and twenty minutes, and the entertainment, interspersed with singing and music, will take about two hours altogether. Following is the

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

David Murray, keeper of Fairpoint Light, Joseph Early
Larry Devine, his assistant..... Chas. Wilson
Hon. Bruce Hunter..... Henry P. Dunn
Clarence Hunter, his ward..... George Murphy
Peter Paragraph, a newspaper reporter..... Justin Smith
Scud, Hunter's colored servant..... Al L. Mattes
Miss Minnie Daze, Hunter's niece..... Miss Katherine Gallagher
Bess Starbright, "Cast up by the Waves," Miss Biddie Kelly
"Mother Carey," a reputed fortune-teller..... Miss Mamie Carney
Biddy Bean, an Irish girl..... Miss Mamie Boland

In addition to those taking part in the drama S. F. Alderman and Miss Mayme Mitchell will sing a duet, Misses Maybelle and Maude Davis and Mamie Edwards will sing the trio, "Lightly Row, My Gondolier," by Campana, and Mrs. D. M. Clark will give a recitation. There will also be songs by Mrs. Theviot, Carrie Morrison, Jos. Murphy, Gene McCarthy, and Miss Julia Donovan, the well known singer of Duluth. Music by the Kelsey orchestra. The entertainment opens at 8 o'clock sharp. Tickets, 50 and 35 cents.

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A. MAHLUM, Co. Auditor.

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City Meat Market, Sixth St.

KILLED!

As nearly everybody lost their Plants during the severe weather, we are here to make the following offer:

Twelve Assorted Plants, **\$1.00** (in pots).

Our own selection. Twelve Varieties. All strong, healthy stock. Get in your orders early. Delivery will be made when you are ready, and each order cared for as received. We guarantee satisfaction. Best offer ever made. Order now. With a \$2.00 order we will give a Hanging Basket Assortment.

BRAINERD GREENHOUSE.

TELEPHONE CALL, 40-5.

It's foolish to supply your wants with unhealthful supplies.

The telephone enables some men to lie without becoming confused.

The world would soon cease to exist if it were not for our hobbies.

It may take nine tailors to make a man, but one woman can break him.

No man ever gets so poor that he can afford to have holes in his pocket.

As a last resort Aguilardo might trade his gold whistle for a rabbit's foot.

The man who doesn't believe in heaven or the other place always wants the earth.

His satanical majesty never gets tired jollyng people who boast of being self-made.

By the aid of a little red tarlatan the failure of the peach crop he will wear the same old blush.

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Several letter writers have asked members of the Illinois legislature to demand the resignation of United States senator Mason. The fact that the people who want Mr. Mason's career as a statesman cut short object to the publication of their names is pretty good evidence that they have little faith in the cause they advocate.

It is evident that Beresford's investigation in China has impressed him with the fact that the main struggle in China must come between Russia and his own country. In his visit to the United States he hopes so to influence public opinion as to make it possible to secure the aid of the United States in the inevitable struggle. It may be that when the struggle comes we shall find that our best interests do not lie very close to those of Great Britain, but there is no haste. Our trade in China is growing, and when our commerce is actually threatened it will be time enough for us to interfere. Russia is our friend always. England—well, history tells that story.

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THE NEWS RESUME
EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

A General Resume of the Most Important News of the Week From All Parts of the Globe, Billed Down and Arranged in Convenient Form for Rapid Perusal By Busy People.

Washington Talk.
Guam has formally been taken possession of by the United States.

Philippines claim to hold 600 American prisoners.

The American soldiers are to be withdrawn from Santiago.

Gen. Gomez is going to Washington to confer with the president.

Philippines try to inaugurate a "holy" war.

Lord Herschell, one of the joint high commissioners, died suddenly in Washington.

The senate unanimously passed the bill appropriating \$20,000,000 to pay for the Philippines.

At the request of Germany, the United States takes the lives and property of Germans in the Philippines under its protection.

Foreign.
China has granted Italy a ninety-year lease of San Mun bay, in the province of Che Kian.

A Madrid paper asserts that the Japanese have been furnishing the Philippines with arms and ammunition.

Dr. Raffel, the German official in Samoa, apologizes to the commander of H. M. S. Porpoise.

Residences of Royalists in Paris were searched by the police and propaganda literature seized.

The duke of Orleans admits that he has no chance against the French republic.

South Africa will produce in the current year \$76,047,376 of gold, which will place it ahead of all the gold-producing countries of the world.

Accidental Happenings.
The steamer Moravia was wrecked on Sable island, and some thirty men are reported lost.

An extensive cave-in occurred in the Delaware and Hudson mine at Mill Creek, killing one man and severely injuring two others.

The Pacific steamship Starbuck, Capt. Bruniere, foundered twelve miles from Ampala, on the island of Tigre, coast of Honduras. No lives are reported lost.

Edward Sexton, aged twenty-one, was accidentally killed by Otha Wright, aged twenty, at the home of George Wright, two miles south of Anna, Ill. Young Wright took from a bureau drawer an old revolver and, jokingly pointed it at Sexton's head, he pulled the trigger. The ball entered Sexton's temple, killing him instantly.

Sporting Notes.
Chicago wins the national whist trophy from Aurora, Ill.

The Montana legislature has passed a bill legalizing prize fighting.

M. J. Connelly, the manager of Peter Maher, the pugilist, has received a telegram from the National Athletic Club of San Francisco, offering \$10,000 for a contest between Maher and Kid McCoy, to take place in April.

Stevens of Buffalo won the twenty-four-hour bicycle race at San Francisco by a few lengths. His score was 459 miles 6 laps. Turville was second, Lawson third, Pierce fourth and Waller fifth.

Oscar Gardner secured the decision over Joe Hopkins, colored, of Rochester, N. Y., in a ten-round bout before the People's Athletic club at Cincinnati for a purse of \$500. Gardner clearly out-generated and out-fought his man from the start.

The board of stewards of the California Jockey club have indefinitely suspended two jockeys, Cash Sloan and W. H. Martin, the former being a brother of Tod Sloan. The management was dissatisfied with the manner in which the riders in question handled their mounts on several occasions.

Personal.
Premier Sagasta has tendered the resignation of his cabinet.

Quay's trial has been postponed. Fraud in the jury panel being alleged.

Ambassador Choate was presented with an address upon his arrival at Southampton.

Ex-Representative Levi P. Maish of Pennsylvania died at Washington from an attack of apoplexy. He was in his sixty-second year.

The earl of Roseberry was elected president of the Eighty club, in succession to the late Mr. Gladstone, by a vote of 55 to 11.

Emil Welt, the distinguished Swiss statesman, who was six times elected president of the Swiss confederation, died in his seventy-fourth year.

Former Gov. J. Madison Wells of Louisiana, a notable character in the reconstruction history of the state, died at his home in Lecompte, La.

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Admiral Schley was presented a magnificent medal in Baltimore.

Maj. Gen. J. J. Reynolds, U. S. A., retired, seventy-seven years of age, is dead at Washington. A month ago Gen. Reynolds had an attack of paralysis, which culminated into cerebral hemorrhages.

Rt. Rev. J. B. Verity, bishop of the Catholic diocese of Sault Ste. Marie, died at Marquette, Mich., suddenly of heart failure brought on by la grippe. He was born in Austria fifty-four years ago, and has been bishop since 1879.

Criminal Record.

Jules Jeanneret, a Swiss watchmaker, committed suicide at Detroit by stabbing himself in the heart.

R. B. Molineux is arrested in New York, charged with the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams.

Henry Carter of Rockford, Ill., sick with grip, was struck by a flat iron by his wife, who is insane. Carter died.

All suspected train robbers in Kansas City have been discharged as the result of the James trial, James having been acquitted.

Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, convicted at San Francisco of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment, has not yet gone to the penitentiary.

Ex-Banker Theodore Schinez, convicted of embezzlement at Chicago, was taken to Joliet penitentiary to serve an indeterminate sentence.

The jury in the Hughes murder trial at Mason City, Iowa, after twenty-four hours' deliberation, returned a verdict of not guilty. Mrs. Hughes broke down and sobbed bitterly.

At Troy, Ala., Sam Rivers, George Hale and Edward Johnson have been sentenced to hang March 31 for the murder of Mrs. Myers and her daughter, several months ago, to secure \$2,000 in gold.

In the Lexow investigation commission at Guthrie, Okla., S. W. E. Sims, a large cattle shipper, swore that he paid \$200 to Cattle Quarantine Inspector Matthews to allow a bunch of 100 head of diseased cattle to cross the quarantine line.

Trouble continues between the opposing factions in the Chinese quarters at San Francisco. An infernal machine was placed under a house in Sullivan alley, but was discovered in time by one of the women inmates of the place, who extinguished the lighted fuse. It had the appearance of a dynamite bomb.

Otherwise.

The Chicago & Alton has passed into the hands of a syndicate.

An advance in iron and wages has been made in Pennsylvania.

Western earthenware manufacturers have almost abandoned faith in the pottery trust project.

The wages of 15,000 iron workers in Wisconsin and Illinois have been advanced.

One of the largest Philadelphia banking houses has notified borrowers of an advance in rates for all kinds of loans of 1-2 per cent.

A torpedo is ashore two and a half miles north of Coyner's Hill life-saving station, Virginia. It weighs nearly 400 pounds.

Millers want the interstate commerce commission to investigate charges that the railroads are giving too low a rate on export flour.

The long-lost-for advance in the wages of the coal miners of the Birmingham district has been announced, and will go into effect at once.

The American Last company has been incorporated at Dayton, Ohio, with a capital stock of \$3,500,000, \$2,000,000 common stock and \$1,500,000 preferred stock.

The commissioners of Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, have accepted an offer by Claus Spreckels to erect a marble or granite music stand to cost not less than \$60,000.

A bill granting a fifty-year franchise to the St. Louis Traction company, a line that proposes some of those in operation now, has been introduced in the house of delegates at St. Louis.

An advance of 50 cents per ton was made at Pittsburg in steel billets and Bessemer pig iron. Billets are quoted at \$23 per ton and Bessemer ore at \$13.50.

A combination of the sewer pipe industries of the country is now assured, all opposition having been overcome. The new company will be known as the American Sewer Pipe company.

The Montana legislature has passed, over the governor's veto, a bill to promote the copper and smelting industries of the state, which confers great powers upon the corporations concerned.

No arrangement was made at Chicago in the American Brewing company receivership affairs, the parties to the controversy agreeing to rest under the order of the court allowing the security title and trust company, as receiver, to continue the business of the company for five years.

It is announced that the Allegheny Gas and Oil company of Pittsburg, Pa., has closed a deal with the United States Oil company of West Virginia for 500 acres of valuable oil territory, owned by the latter concern in the Ohio field.

Methodists of Chicago are to begin the construction of a great hospital at the northeast corner of Twenty-fifth and Dearborn streets. It is to be built by the Wesley Hospital association, and is to replace the present temporary structure now on that site. The cost of the new building will be \$200,000.

The Jackson & Wooden Manufacturing company, at Berwick, Pa., has been purchased by the Federal Steel company for \$1,300,000. The Jackson & Wooden company is the largest steel car wheel manufacturing company east of Pittsburg, and is said to be the only one owned by the trust east of the Ohio river.

Three masked men entered the residence of Fritz and Henry Pape, on the north fork of Short creek, near West Liberty, Va., beat the two brothers in a horrible manner, bound and gagged them and robbed the residence of a large amount of money, estimated as high as \$5,000. The horses escaped on horses they stole from the stable.

The lake shipbuilding combine is expected to be in working order shortly. James Carraro, a flower vender, was found dead in his room at 80 Wells street, Chicago, recently. He had been suffering from inflammation of the lungs and a hemorrhage is supposed to have caused his death. He was thirty-five years old and unmarried.

The granite cutters of Quincy and West Quincy, Mass., struck because of the refusal of the manufacturers to sign the new price list. Ninety-one firms, employing 1,200 cutters, are involved.

FILIPINOS CLEANED OUT
REBELS BOTTLED AT THE FIRST SIGN OF AN ATTACK.

They Were Concentrating With the Evident Purpose of Cutting Off the Garrison at the Waterworks, but by a Series of Rapid Advances and Flank Movements on the Part of the Americans, They Were Completely Routed—Country Lines Pretty Well Cleaned Out—Rebels Make a Treacherous Attack Under a Flag of Truce.

Manila, March 8.—A detachment of Gen. Hale's and Gen. Wheaton's brigade was engaged for two hours yesterday morning clearing the country in front of their lines on both sides of the river, the enemy concentrating with the apparent purpose of cutting off the garrison at the water works. The rebels bottled at the first sign of the advance, but they separated into small bodies whenever the covert afforded opportunities and kept up a running fire. By a series of rapid advances, followed by flank movements, the enemy was completely routed as far out as Gandeloupe on the right and almost to Maraniqua on the left. The casualties reported are Capt. O'Brien, of Company I, First Wyoming volunteers, and two men slightly wounded. The rebel loss was heavy. No rebels were visible at noon.

In the afternoon Gen. Hale's brigade continued the work of driving out the rebels from the country between the reservoir and water works, a distance of about three miles. The country is now clear on the left of the river but the enemy is still in front of Gen. Wheaton's line. Near San Pedro Macati they have been actively attempting to make the position of the Sixth artillery on the hills untenable, their sharpshooters keeping up

A Constant Fire
all day. Private Lovejoy, Company C, Washington volunteers, was killed by a stray bullet. Maj. Bell, Seventh United States cavalry; Private Young, Company M, Twentieth infantry; Private Curran, Company H, Twentieth infantry, and Private Sparks, Company I, First Wyoming volunteers, were wounded.

Yesterday morning the enemy in front of Gen. Overshine's force sent out a flag of truce, but retired when Lieut. Koehler with two men advanced to meet it. Later they again showed a white flag and a general with two officers and an interpreter advanced. When the Americans were within about 200 yards of the rebel party the latter dragged rifles from behind their backs and opened fire upon them but fortunately without effect. Hawthorne's battery fired two shells, killing several of the enemy.

In accordance to instructions to the land and naval forces a general order was issued yesterday directing the United States troops to give particular attention to the specific duty of furnishing full protection to the lives and property of all German, Austrian, Dutch, Italian and Portuguese residents, and with the co-operation of the German consul, to give aid and assistance wherever necessary.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the temperature was 84 deg. Fahrenheit, and the heat is intense, especially on the lines, where twenty-five men were temporarily prostrated during the day.

TROUBLE AT SANTIAGO.

Intense Excitement Prevails Owing to the Suspension of Work.

Santiago, Cuba, March 8.—Col. Hood telegraphs from Holguin that intense excitement prevails there owing to suspension of public works, and a mass meeting has been held at which the action of the United States authorities at Havana was condemned as "false economy" and "centralizing." Owing to the distress Col. Hood has issued 3,000 indigent rations to persons thrown out of work. He fears there will be more distress. Practically the same reports come from all towns in the province of Santiago. Meantime enough money is lying in the banks to pay all that is due. Col. Hood has requested the use of the Spanish gunboat Baracoa, recently raised, for use as a lighthouse tender.

OFFERS A RANSOM.

Spain Makes an Offer for Prisoners Held by Aguilardo.

Manila, March 8.—The Madrid authorities have offered Aguilardo a ransom of \$1,000 for each officer, \$100 each for privates, and \$500 for each civil servant. They have not offered to ransom the priests.

Aguinaldo declares that he has paid filibusters \$700,000, that he has paid 500 rifles and 2,000,000 rounds of ammunition. The filibusters say the remainder has been captured, but probably they were never bought.

Has Been Afflicted.

Rome, Ga., March 8.—Dr. W. A. Chapman, assistant surgeon of Ray's immunes, is here on a month's sick leave. He says thirty-three deaths have occurred in the regiment since its organization, all of them in Cuba, from diseases contracted there. Every man in the regiment has been ill except Col. Ray.

Colored Troops Come Home.

Newport News, W. Va., March 8.—The United States transport Thomas has arrived from Santiago, having on board the Twenty-third Kansas regiment, colored infantry. The troops left immediately for Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

To Be a Lively Campaign.

Madrid, March 8.—The Republican deputies, at a meeting just held, have decided upon a vigorous Republican propaganda. The Pais, a Republican newspaper, has been seized.

VESSEL ON FIRE.
The Jamestown's Exciting Race With the Pirates.

New York, March 8.—With the merchant marine code flags "N. M." flying from the top of her foremast the steel screw steamer Jamestown, the crack vessel of the Old Dominion line, from Norfolk, was sighted by the Sandy Hook observer at 4:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The two flags fluttering at the steamer's foretop meant that the steamer, which carried 112 souls, passengers and crew, and a miscellaneous cargo worth nearly a quarter of a million dollars, was on fire. The Jamestown was then under full speed and approaching the bar. She was plowing through the water at a sixteen-knot-an-hour speed in the direction of the Narrows. A stiff wind was blowing across the incoming vessel, sweeping her from bow to stern. Capt. Richard B. Boaz was on the bridge, his one idea being to get his ship to her pier as quickly as possible. Just two hours after the outbreak the Old Dominion liner had reached her dock, and in a few minutes all the passengers were landed. There had been some excitement among the passengers off Long Island, but by the time the lower bay was reached safety was assured. During the run up several streams of water and steam were thrown into the hold, and after reaching her dock the fire was extinguished after a few hours' work. It is not known what damage was done to the cargo, but the vessel practically was uninjured.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A Man Receives, and Survives an Electric Shock of 2,000 Volts.

New York, March 8.—Joseph Hampel, an employee of the Lexington avenue cable power house, while working at his switchboard, received and survived an electric shock of about 2,000 volts. The man's body was burned black from head to foot, every stitch of clothing was torn from him and he fell senseless through a hole instantaneously burned in the floor by the terrible electric power. The doctors who attended him say there is no case on record of a man withstanding a similar shock. The accident was caused through the man trying to tighten a loose screw on the switch board and in some way creating a circuit.

NO PRIZE FIGHTS THERE.

Bill Authorizing Them in Montana Vetoed.

Helena, Mont., March 8.—Gov. Smith vetoed the bill permitting twenty-round glove contests. In his veto message he says: "This law would be an advertisement to our state that will do us no good. Already I see some one in Butte bidding for the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries contest. The more I have thought this over the more I am convinced that it will invite a class of people to our state that we could well get on without their presence. For these reasons I must decline to approve the bill."

THE FASHODA INCIDENT.

A Satisfactory Settlement is Expected Within a Fortnight.

Paris, March 8.—The following semi-official note was issued yesterday afternoon: "A satisfactory settlement between France and Great Britain of the questions arising out of the Fashoda incident may be expected within a fortnight. The delimitation of the respective territories has so far advanced that the starting points and general direction of the frontier have already been arranged and Great Britain has admitted that France is entitled to a commercial outlet on the Nile."

WHIPPED BY RUHLIN.

Joe Goddard Was No Match for the Ohio Lad.

New York, March 8.—Gus Ruhlin of Akron, Ohio, met and defeated Joe Goddard of Australia in the fifth round of what was to have been a twenty-round bout, before the Lenox Athletic club last night. Both men stripped in excellent condition, but Ruhlin had the call in the betting. This was certainly justified by his appearance, and from the outset he held his opponent cheaply. He evidently saw that Joe could not offset his rush and from the very beginning forced the fighting.

AIMED AT ROBERTS.

Protest Against Polygamy Adopted by Latter Day Saints.

Kirkland, Ohio, March 8.—The reorganized church of Latter Day Saints (non-polygamist Mormons) has just closed a three days' conference in the old temple house. Delegates were present from a number of states. Resolutions were adopted earnestly protesting against any one of plural marriage being seated in the house of representatives of the United States.

HONOR FOR KIPLING.

The Poet Said to Be Slated for Election to the Peerage of Great Britain.

New York, March 8.—Rudyard Kipling, it is reported, will be elevated to the peerage on Jan. 1, 1900. Dr. Neil Macphatter of Edinburgh, Scotland, who is staying at the Windsor hotel, says he has received the news from Sir Walter Besant. He adds that the report is common gossip in the literary circles of London.

MAY BE MURDER.

Young Manitoba Farmer Shoots His Landlord.

Winnipeg, March 8.—Albert Price, a farmer aged twenty-two, shot and severely wounded Richard Bolton, his landlord, last night in a dispute over chattels. Bolton is lying in the hospital and Price is in jail.

"Aggie" Wants His Money.

Hongkong, March 8.—Aguinaldo will sue the Hongkong & Shanghai bank, through his attorneys, Crispie, Lichance & Agonello, for \$298,000, principal and interest. The money was deposited on Jan. 3 of last year.

Defeated the Turk.

Boston, March 8.—Ernest Roeder defeated the "Terrible Turk" in a Graeco-Roman wrestling match in Music hall, winning the bout, which, under the conditions intervening, was also the match.

YOUR UNCLE FIRMLY SAYS NO

ITALY'S REQUEST FOR SUPPORT IS DENIED.

United States Asked to Support Italy's Pretensions in the Effort to Grab Chinese Territory—Secretary Hay's Reply Was a Distinct and Unequivocal Refusal—Formal Recognition of America's New Position—Great Britain Will Be Compelled to Speak Out Again on the Open-Door Policy Within a Very Few Days.

Washington, March 8.—Not only did Italy endeavor to ascertain what attitude would be assumed by the United States in case of her occupation of Chinese territory, but she actually asked this government to support her pretensions. Never before has the United States been consulted by an European power relative to its seizure of Chinese territory. The note of the Italian representative here is considered by authorities as a formal recognition of the new position in international affairs which the United States has assumed as a result of the war with Spain and of the immensity of the commercial interests of this government in Asia.

Secretary Hay's reply was brief, and distinctly and unequivocally refused to support the Italian government. Italy's efforts to get the support or at least passive consent of the United States did not end with the presentation of the note and the receipt of Secretary Hay's reply. The Italian minister in Peking approached Minister Conger several days ago and asked him to use his influence in getting China to consent to the Italian demands. Mr. Conger diplomatically evaded an answer and at once cabled to Washington. The instructions sent to him were along the lines of the reply made here.

While authoritative information shows that Great Britain is diplomatically opposed to the Italian demand, it is apparent that Great Britain must within a very few days either distinctly reiterate her intention to maintain the integrity of China and support her open-door policy or announce its reversal. It was stated that no communication relative to the Chinese demands had passed between Secretary Hay and Sir Julian Pauncefote, but it would not be surprising if there had been discussion in London between the American embassy and the British foreign office.

Flooded With Bad Dollars.
Shamokin, Pa., March 8.—Banks, stores and the postoffice were yesterday flooded with counterfeit dollars bearing dates of 1879, 1882 and 1884, and having such a good ring that bank officials, who sent some of the dollars to the national treasury for examination, think the coins contain more silver than genuine money. None of the banks will receive dollars bearing the above dates until the matter is investigated by secret service agents.

Bid for the Big Fight.
New York, March 8.—Dan Holland, who has been commissioned to accept bids for the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight, said that William A. Brady, manager for Jeffries, had accepted the highest bid so far received, that of \$300,000 offered by a syndicate of San Francisco. Neither Fitzsimmons nor Julian has been heard from yet. Holland has telegraphed the champion and his manager at Chicago, notifying them of Brady's acceptance.

Laborers on a Strike.
Skaguay, March 8.—Seven hundred of the 1,400 laborers employed on the construction work of the White Pass-Yukon road are on strike as the result of a reduction of wages from 35 to 30 cents an hour and an increase in work to ten hours a day. After the men struck all others were laid off for a few days. The men are coming to Skaguay and are orderly. No violence is anticipated.

Snow Blockade Raised.
Cheyenne, Wyo., March 8.—The blockade of the main line of the Union Pacific road at Tie siding, which has been holding fast for two days, was raised at noon yesterday. With the exception of twelve miles between Tie siding and Buford, the main line is now clear.

Revolution at an End.
New Orleans, March 8.—Private advices from Nicaragua confirm the story of the revolution's close. All the Americans implicated were taken away by the United States warships and Reyes, himself, is on his way to this country.

Bishop Warren Is Sick.
New York, March 8.—Bishop Henry W. Warren, one of the foremost dignitaries of the Methodist church, is suffering with appendicitis at Buenos Ayres, South America. An operation was performed. He is sixty-eight years old.

Austin Bidwell eDad.
Butte, Mont., March 8.—Austin Bidwell, one of the men who became famous through the Bank of England forgeries, died here in his room in the Mantle block. Grip was the cause. He was 52 years of age.

Driven Out by Fire.
New York, March 8.—Fire drove fifty families into the street from tenement houses on Fifth street. One child was hurt by being thrown from a window and may die. The fire did a damage not exceeding \$5,000.

Kipling Much Better.
New York, March 8.—Mr. Doubleday reported both Mr. Kipling and his little daughter to be slowly but surely convalescent. Mr. Kipling has not yet been informed of the death of his eldest child.

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Washington Talk.
Guam has formally been taken possession of by the United States.

Filipinos claim to hold 600 American prisoners.

The American soldiers are to be withdrawn from Santiago.

Gen. Gomez is going to Washington to confer with the president.

Filipinos try to inaugurate a "holy" war.

Lord Herschell, one of the joint high commissioners, died suddenly in Washington.

The senate unanimously passed the bill appropriating \$20,000,000 to pay for the Philippines.

At the request of Germany, the United States takes the lives and property of Germans in the Philippines under its protection.

Foreign.

China has granted Italy a ninety-year lease of San Sun bay, in the province of Che Kian.

A Madrid paper asserts that the Japanese have been furnishing the Filipinos with arms and ammunition.

Dr. Raffel, the German official in Samoa, apologizes to the commander of H. M. S. Porpoise.

Residences of Royalists in Paris were searched by the police and propagandist literature seized.

The duke of Orleans admits that he has no chance against the French republic.

South Africa will produce in the current year \$76,047,376 of gold, which will place it ahead of all the gold-producing countries of the world.

Accidental Happenings.

The steamer Moravia was wrecked on Sable island, and some thirty men are reported lost.

An extensive cave-in occurred in the Delaware and Hudson mine at Mill Creek, killing one man and severely injuring two others.

The Pacific steamship Starbuck, Capt. Bruigere, foundered twelve miles from Anapala, on the island of Tigre, coast of Honduras. No lives are reported lost.

Edward Sexton, aged twenty-one, was accidentally killed by Otha Wright, aged twenty, at the home of George Wright, two miles south of Anna, Ill. Young Wright took from a bureau drawer an old revolver and, jokingly pointed it at Sexton's head, he pulled the trigger. The ball entered Sexton's temple, killing him instantly.

Sporting Notes.

Chicago wins the national whist trophy from Aurora, Ill.

The Montana legislature has passed a bill legalizing prize fighting.

M. J. Connelly, the manager of Peter Maher, the pugilist, has received a telegram from the National Athletic Club of San Francisco, offering \$10,000 for a contest between Maher and Kid McCoy, to take place in April.

Stevens of Buffalo won the twenty-four-hour bicycle race at San Francisco by a few lengths. His score was 459 miles 6 laps. Turville was second, Lawson third, Pierce fourth and Waller fifth.

Oscar Gardner secured the decision over Joe Hopkins, colored, of Rochester, N. Y., in a ten-round bout before the People's Athletic club at Cincinnati for a purse of \$500. Gardner clearly out-generated and out-fought his man from the start.

The board of stewards of the California Jockey club have indefinitely suspended two jockeys, Cash Sloan and W. H. Martin, the former being a brother of Tod Sloan. The management was dissatisfied with the manner in which the riders in question handled their mounts on several occasions.

Personal.

Premier Sagasta has tendered the resignation of his cabinet.

Quay's trial has been postponed. Fraud in the jury panel being alleged.

Ambassador Choate was presented with an address upon his arrival at Southampton.

Ex-Representative Levi P. Maish of Pennsylvania died at Washington from an attack of apoplexy. He was in his sixty-second year.

The earl of Roseberry was elected president of the Eighty club, in succession to the late Mr. Gladstone, by a vote of 55 to 11.

Emil Welt, the distinguished Swiss statesman, who was six times elected president of the Swiss confederation, died in his seventy-fourth year.

Former Gov. J. Madison Wells of Louisiana, a notable character in the reconstruction history of the state, died at his home in Lecompte, La.

Edward E. Searles, who donated the Hopkins Institute of Art to the University of California, has agreed to add another gallery to the splendid building on Nob hill, in San Francisco.

Edward E. Searles, who donated the Hopkins Institute of art to the University of California, has agreed to add another gallery to the splendid building on Nob hill in San Francisco.

Admiral Schley was presented a magnificent medal in Baltimore.

Maj. Gen. J. J. Reynolds, U. S. A., retired, seventy-seven years of age, is dead at Washington. A month ago Gen. Reynolds had an attack of paralysis, which culminated in cerebral hemorrhages.

Rt. Rev. J. B. Verity, bishop of the Catholic diocese of Sault Ste. Marie, died at Marquette, Mich., suddenly of heart failure brought on by a gripe. He was born in Austria fifty-four years ago, and has been bishop since 1879.

Criminal Record.

Jules Jeanneret, a Swiss watch-maker, committed suicide at Detroit by stabbing himself in the heart.

R. B. Molineux is arrested in New York, charged with the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams.

Henry Carter of Rockford, Ill., sick with grip, was struck by a flat iron by his wife, who is insane. Carter died.

All suspected train robbers in Kansas City have been discharged as the result of the James trial, James having been acquitted.

Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, convicted at San Francisco of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment, has not yet gone to the penitentiary.

Ex-Banker Theodore Schinecz, convicted of embezzlement at Chicago, was taken to Joliet penitentiary to serve an indeterminate sentence.

The jury in the Hughes murder trial at Mason City, Iowa, after twenty-four hours' deliberation, returned a verdict of not guilty. Mrs. Hughes broke down and sobbed bitterly.

At Troy, Ala., Sam Rivers, George Hale and Edward Johnson have been sentenced to hang March 31 for the murder of old Mrs. Myers and her daughter, several months ago, to secure \$2,000 in gold.

In the Lexow investigation commission at Guthrie, Okla., S. W. F. Sims, a large cattle shipper, swore that he paid \$200 to Cattle Quarantine Inspector Matthews to allow a bunch of 100 head of diseased cattle to cross the quarantine line.

Trouble continues between the opposing factions in the Chinese quarters at San Francisco. An infernal machine was placed under a house in Sullivan alley, but was discovered in time by one of the women inmates of the place, who extinguished the lighted fuse. It had the appearance of a dynamite bomb.

Otherwise.

The Chicago & Alton has passed into the hands of a syndicate.

An advance in iron and wages has been made in Pennsylvania.

Western earthenware manufacturers have almost abandoned faith in the pottery trust project.

The wages of 15,000 iron workers in Wisconsin and Illinois have been advanced.

One of the largest Philadelphia banking houses has notified borrowers of an advance in rates for all kinds of loans of 1-2 per cent.

A torpedo is ashore two and a half miles north of Coyner's Hill life-saving station, Virginia. It weighs nearly 400 pounds.

Millers want the interstate commerce commission to investigate charges that the railroads are giving too low a rate on export flour.

The long-looked-for advance in the wages of the coal miners of the Birmingham district has been announced, and will go into effect at once.

The American Last company has been incorporated at Dayton, Ohio, with a capital stock of \$3,500,000, \$2,000,000 common stock and \$1,500,000 preferred stock.

The commissioners of Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, have accepted an offer by Claus Spreckels to erect a marble or granite music stand to cost not less than \$60,000.

A bill granting a fifty-year franchise to the St. Louis Traction company, a line that proposes some of those in operation now, has been introduced in the house of delegates at St. Louis.

An advance of 50 cents per ton was made at Pittsburgh in steel billets and Bessemer pig iron. Billets are quoted at \$23 per ton and Bessemer ore at \$13.50.

A combination of the sewer pipe industries of the country is now assured, all opposition having been overcome. The new company will be known as the American Sewer Pipe company.

The Montana legislature has passed, over the governor's veto, a bill to promote the copper and smelting industries of the state, which confers great powers upon the corporations concerned.

No arrangement was made at Chicago in the American Brewing company receivership affairs, the parties to the controversy agreeing to rest under the order of the court allowing the security title and trust company, as receiver, to continue the business of the company for five years.

It is announced that the Allegheny Gas and Oil company of Pittsburgh, Pa., has closed a deal with the United States Oil company of West Virginia for 500 acres of valuable oil territory, owned by the latter concern in the Ohio field.

Methodists of Chicago are to begin the construction of a great hospital at the northeast corner of Twenty-fifth and Dearborn streets. It is to be built by the Wesley Hospital association, and is to replace the present temporary structure now on that site. The cost of the new building will be \$200,000.

The Jackson & Wooden Manufacturing company, at Berwick, Pa., has been purchased by the Federal Steel company for \$1,300,000. The Jackson & Wooden company is the largest steel car wheel manufacturing company east of Pittsburgh, and is said to be the only one owned by the trust east of the Ohio river.

Three masked men entered the residence of Fritz and Henry Pape, on the north fork of Short creek, near West Liberty, Va., beat the two brothers in a horrible manner, bound and gagged them and robbed the residence of a large amount of money, estimated as high as \$5,000. The horses escaped on horses they stole from the stable.

The lake shipbuilding combine is expected to be in working order shortly.

James Carraro, a flower vender, was found dead in his room at 80 Wells street, Chicago, recently. He had been suffering from inflammation of the lungs and a hemorrhage is supposed to have caused his death. He was thirty-five years old and unmarried.

The granite cutters of Quincy and West Quincy, Mass., struck because of the refusal of the manufacturers to sign the new price list. Ninety-one firms, employing 1,200 cutters, are involved.

FILIPINOS

CLEANED OUT

REBELS BOTTLED AT THE FIRST SIGN OF AN ATTACK.

They Were Concentrating With the Evident Purpose of Cutting Off the Garrison at the Waterworks, but by a Series of Rapid Advances and Flank Movements on the Part of the Americans, They Were Completely Routed—Country in Front of the American Lines Pretty Well Cleaned Out—Rebels Make a Treacherous Attack Under a Flag of Truce.

Manila, March 8.—A detachment of Gen. Hale's and Gen. Wheaton's brigade was engaged for two hours yesterday morning clearing the country in front of their lines on both sides of the river, the enemy concentrating with the apparent purpose of cutting off the garrison at the water works. The rebels bolted at the first sign of the advance, but they separated into small bodies whenever the covert afforded opportunities and kept up a running fire. By a series of rapid advances, followed by flank movements, the enemy was completely routed as far out as Gaudeloupe on the right and almost to Maraniqua on the left. The casualties reported are Capt. O'Brien, of Company I, First Wyoming volunteers, and two men slightly wounded. The rebel loss was heavy. No rebels were visible at noon. In the afternoon Gen. Hale's brigade continued the work of driving out the rebels from the country between the reservoir and water works, a distance of about three miles. The country is now clear on the left of the river but the enemy is still in front of Gen. Wheaton's line. Near San Pedro Macati they have been actively attempting to make the position of the Sixth artillery on the hills untenable, their sharpshooters keeping up

A Constant Fire
all day. Private Lovejoy, Company C, Washington volunteers, was killed by a stray bullet. Maj. Bell, Seventh United States cavalry; Private Young, Company M, Twentieth infantry; Private Curran, Company H, Twentieth infantry, and Private Sparks, Company I, First Wyoming volunteers, were wounded.

Yesterday morning the enemy in front of Gen. Overhine's force sent out a flag of truce, but retired when Lieut. Koehler with two men advanced to meet it. Later they again showed a white flag and a general with two officers and an interpreter advanced. When the Americans were within about 200 yards of the rebel party the latter dragged rifles from behind their backs and opened fire upon them but fortunately without effect. Hawthorne's battery fired two shells, killing several of the enemy.

In accordance to instructions to the land and naval forces a general order was issued yesterday directing the United States troops to give particular attention to the specific duty of furnishing full protection to the lives and property of all German, Austrian, Dutch, Italian and Portuguese residents, and with the co-operation of the German consul, to give aid and assistance wherever necessary.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the temperature was 84 deg. Fahrenheit, and the heat is intense, especially on the lines, where twenty-five men were temporarily prostrated during the day.

TROUBLE AT SANTIAGO.

Intense Excitement Prevails Owing to the Suspension of Work.

Santiago, Cuba, March 8.—Col. Hood telegraphs from Holguin that intense excitement prevails there owing to suspension of public works, and a mass meeting has been held at which the action of the United States authorities at Havana was condemned as "false economy" and "centralizing." Owing to the distress Col. Hood has issued 3,000 indigent rations to persons thrown out of work. He fears there will be more distress. Practically the same reports come from all towns in the province of Santiago. Meantime enough money is lying in the banks to pay all that is due. Col. Hood has requested the use of the Spanish gunboat Baracoa, recently raised, for use as a lighthouse tender.

OFFERS A RANSOM.

Spain Makes an Offer for Prisoners Held by Aguinaldo.

Manila, March 8.—The Madrid authorities have offered Aguinaldo a ransom of \$1,000 for each officer, \$100 each for privates, and \$500 for each civil servant. They have not offered to ransom the priests.

Aguinaldo declares that he has paid filibusters \$700,000, has received only 500 rifles and 2,000,000 rounds of ammunition. The filibusters say the remainder has been captured, but probably they were never bought.

Has Been Afflicted.

Rome, (Fr.), March 8.—Dr. W. A. Chapman, assistant surgeon of Ray's immunes, is here on a month's sick leave. He says thirty-three deaths have occurred in the regiment since its organization, all of them in Cuba, from diseases contracted there. Every man in the regiment has been ill except Col. Ray.

Colored Troops Come Home.

Newport News, Va., March 8.—The United States transport Thomas has arrived from Santiago, having on board the Twenty-third Kansas regiment, colored infantry. The troops left immediately for Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

To Be a Lively Campaign.

Madrid, March 8.—The Republican deputies, at a meeting just held, have decided upon a vigorous Republican propaganda. The Pals, a Republican newspaper, has been seized.

VESSEL ON FIRE.

The Jamestown's Exciting Race With the Flames.

New York, March 8.—With the merchant marine code flags "N. M." flying from the top of her foremast the steel screw steamer Jamestown, the crack vessel of the Old Dominion line, from Norfolk, was sighted by the Sandy Hook observer at 4:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The two flags fluttering at the steamer's foremast meant that the steamer, which carried 112 souls, passengers and crew, and a miscellaneous cargo worth nearly a quarter of a million dollars, was on fire. The Jamestown was then under full speed and approaching the bar. She was plowing through the water at a sixteen-knot-an-hour speed in the direction of the Narrows. A stiff wind was blowing across the incoming vessel, sweeping her from bow to stern. Capt. Richard B. Boaz was on the bridge, his one idea being to get his ship to her pier as quickly as possible. Just two hours after the outbreak the Old Dominion liner had reached her dock, and in a few minutes all the passengers were landed. There had been some excitement among the passengers off Long Island, but by the time the lower bay was reached safety was assured. During the run up several streams of water and steam were thrown into the hold, and after reaching her dock the fire was extinguished after a few hours' work. It is not known what damage was done to the cargo, but the vessel practically was uninjured.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A Man Receives and Survives an Electric Shock of 2,000 Volts.

New York, March 8.—Joseph Hampel, an employee of the Lexington avenue cable power house, while working at his switchboard, received and survived an electric shock of about 2,000 volts. The man's body was burned black from head to foot, every stitch of clothing was torn from him and he fell senseless through a hole instantaneously burned in the floor by the terrible electric power. The doctors who attended him say there is no case on record of a man withstanding a similar shock. The accident was caused through the man trying to tighten a loose screw on the switch board and in some way creating a circuit.

NO PRIZE FIGHTS THERE.

Bill Authorizing Them in Montana Is Vetoed.

Helena, Mont., March 8.—Gov. Smith vetoed the bill permitting twenty-round glove contests. In his veto message he says: "This law would be an advertisement to our state that will do us no good. Already I see some one in Butte bidding for the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries contest. The more I have thought this over the more I am convinced that it will invite a class of people to our state that we could well get on without their presence. For these reasons I must decline to approve the bill."

THE FASHODA INCIDENT.

A Satisfactory Settlement Is Expected Within a Fortnight.

Paris, March 8.—The following semi-official note was issued yesterday afternoon: "A satisfactory settlement between France and Great Britain of the questions arising out of the Fashoda incident may be expected within a fortnight. The delimitation of the respective territories has so far advanced that the starting points and general direction of the frontier have already been arranged and Great Britain has admitted that France is entitled to a commercial outlet on the Nile."

WHIPPED BY RUHLIN.

Joe Goddard Was No Match for the Ohio Lad.

New York, March 8.—Gus Ruhlin of Akron, Ohio, met and defeated Joe Goddard of Australia in the fifth round of what was to have been a twenty-round bout, before the Lenox Athletic club last night. Both men stripped in excellent condition, but Ruhlin had the call in the betting. This was certainly justified by his appearance, and from the outset he held his opponent cheaply. He evidently saw that Joe could not offset his rush and from the very beginning forced the fighting.

AIMED AT ROBERTS.

Protest Against Polygamy Adopted by Latter Day Saints.

Kirkland, Ohio, March 8.—The re-organized church of Latter Day Saints (non-polygamist Mormons) has just closed a three days' conference in the old temple house. Delegates were present from a number of states. Resolutions were adopted earnestly protesting against any one of plural marriage being seated in the house of representatives of the United States.

HONOR FOR KIPLING.

The Poet Said to Be Stated for Elevation to the Peerage of Great Britain.

New York, March 8.—Rudyard Kipling, it is reported, will be elevated to the peerage on Jan. 1, 1900. Dr. Neil Macpharther of Edinburgh, Scotland, who is staying at the Windsor hotel, says he has received the news from Sir Walter Besant. He adds that the report is common gossip in the literary circles of London.

MAY BE MURDER.

Young Manitoba Farmer Shoots His Landlord.

Winnipeg, March 8.—Albert Price, a farmer aged twenty-two, shot and severely wounded Richard Bolton, his landlord, last night in a dispute over chattels. Bolton is lying in the hospital and Price is in jail.

"Aggie" Wants His Money.

Hongkong, March 8.—Aguinaldo will sue the Hongkong & Shanghai bank, through his attorneys, Crispin, Lichance & Agonillo, for \$298,000, principal and interest. The money was deposited on Jan. 3 of last year.

Defeated the Turk.

Boston, March 8.—Ernest Roeder defeated the "Terrible Turk" in a Graeco-Roman wrestling match in Music hall, winning the bout, which, under the conditions intervening, was also the match.

YOUR UNCLE

FIRMLY SAYS NO

ITALY'S REQUEST FOR SUPPORT IS DENIED.

United States Asked to Support Italy's Pretensions in the Effort to Grab Chinese Territory—Secretary Hay's Reply Was a Distinct and Unequivocal Refusal—Formal Recognition of America's New Position—Great Britain Will Be Compelled to Speak Out Again on the Open-Door Policy Within a Very Few Days.

Washington, March 8.—Not only did Italy endeavor to ascertain what attitude would be assumed by the United States in case of her occupation of Chinese territory, but she actually asked this government to support her pretensions.

Never before has the United States been consulted by an European power relative to its seizure of Chinese territory. The note of the Italian representative here is considered by authorities as a formal recognition of the new position in international affairs which the United States has assumed as a result of the war with Spain and of the immensity of the commercial interests of this government in Asia.

Secretary Hay's reply was brief, and distinctly and unequivocally refused to support the Italian government. Italy's efforts to get the support or at least passive consent of the United States did not end with the presentation of the note and the receipt of Secretary Hay's reply. The Italian minister in Peking approached Minister Conger several days ago and asked him to use his influence in getting China to consent to the Italian demands. Mr. Conger diplomatically evaded an answer and at once cabled to Washington. The instructions sent to him were along the lines of the reply made here.

While authoritative information shows that Great Britain is diplomatically opposed to the Italian demand, it is apparent that Great Britain must within a very few days either distinctly reiterate her intention to maintain the integrity of China and support her open-door policy or announce its reversal. It was stated that no communication relative to the Chinese demands had passed between Secretary Hay and Sir Julian Pauncefote, but it would not be surprising if there had been discussion in London between the American embassy and the British foreign office.

Flooded With Bad Dollars.
Shamokin, Pa., March 8.—Banks, stores and the postoffice were yesterday flooded with counterfeit dollars bearing dates of 1879, 1882 and 1884, and having such a good ring that bank officials, who sent some of the dollars to the national treasury for examination, think the coins contain more silver than genuine money. None of the banks will receive dollars bearing the above dates until the matter is investigated by secret service agents.

Bid for the Big Fight.

New York, March 8.—Dan Holland, who has been commissioned to accept bids for the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight, said that William A. Brady, manager for Jeffries, had accepted the highest bid so far received, that of \$30,000 offered by a syndicate of San Francisco. Neither Fitzsimmons nor Julian has been heard from yet. Holland has telegraphed the champion and his manager at Chicago, notifying them of Brady's acceptance.

Laborers on a Strike.

Skagway, March 8.—Seven hundred of the 1,400 laborers employed on the construction work of the White Pass-Yukon road are on strike as the result of reduction of wages from 35 to 30 cents an hour and an increase in work to ten hours a day. After the men struck all others were laid off for a few days. The men are coming to Skagway and are orderly. No

WORK OF CONGRESS

Washington, March 1.—A frenzy of bill passing was on the senate yesterday. The bills passed were principally public building measures, and at times during the day and night the scenes in the senate were remarkable. Senators usually calm and dignified sticklers for order and decorum in the senate, clamored for passage of bills providing for the erection of government buildings in which they were interested. Late in the afternoon a batch of such measures passed by the senate. Instantly confusion reigned. Senators crowded about the clerk's desk and began to pick over the bills from the house, as if they were choosing valentines, or as if they found them in the area in front of the president of the senate a half-dozen senators were waving bills and endeavoring to obtain recognition. The unusual procedure called forth a protest from Senator Platt of Connecticut, who demanded that senators take their seats and order be restored. At times throughout the sessions of the day and night the scenes were repeated as more building bills were reported from the house. Bills carrying an aggregate of eight or ten millions of dollars were passed and many more that had not been passed by both houses of congress were placed as amendments on the sundry civil appropriation bill. Finally, at a late hour the amendment to the sundry civil bill was adopted, providing for nearly \$4,000,000 for preliminary work on buildings that had been authorized. The sundry civil bill was passed after it had been under consideration throughout the day and night.

The House.
The house spent practically the entire time of the seven hours' session passing the public building bills favorably acted upon by the committee of the whole ten days ago. The opposition sought in vain to consume time by roll calls and other filibustering tactics at various times, but their numbers were so slim that in no case could they secure a roll call. At last their efforts to impede the passing of the bills were abandoned and they were passed with great rapidity. Sixty-one bills in all were passed, carrying \$9,352,000. The conference report upon the postoffice appropriation bill agreeing to the senate amendment making an appropriation for the southern mail subsidy was adopted.

Washington, March 2.—The last lingering possibility of an extra session of congress disappeared yesterday when the house passed the senate army reorganization bill. Very considerable and vigorous opposition to the acceptance of the senate bill was voiced on both sides of the hall, and for a time it appeared possible that the bill would not secure the necessary two-thirds to pass it under suspension of the rules. But the Republican leaders, Messrs. Henderson, Grosvenor and Cannon came to its support on the Republican side, and Mr. Bailey, the Democratic leader, threw the weight of his influence in favor of it on the Democratic side, arguing that it provided for only a temporary increase of the army, which would be made permanent if congress were convened in extra session. Another big element in the vote was Mr. Hull's recital of a statement made by the president to him that he would not construe section 12 as authority to conscript the minority in volunteer organizations which should elect to remain in the service. The bill passed—203 to 32. It now goes to the president.

The decks were also cleared of many other important matters. The deficiency appropriation bill, carrying \$21,059,000, was passed under suspension of the rules, without a word of criticism. This is the last of the appropriation bills. The senate amendments to the river and harbor bill were non-concurrent in and it was sent to conference, the friends of the Nicaragua canal amendment having decided to postpone their fight until the conference report. The conference reports on the omnibus claims bill, the naval personnel and many other less important measures were agreed to. The senate bill making Dewey a full admiral was passed. The bill now goes to the president for his signature.

The Senate.
The senate is rapidly clearing its desks for final adjournment. The naval appropriation bill, which ordinarily consumes the time of the senate for several days, was passed after less than five hours' debate. In that time, however, it was amended radically in one respect. The price to be paid by the government for armor plate was fixed in the bill at \$300 a ton, a reduction of the amount fixed by the house of \$145 a ton. In addition the secretary of the navy was authorized in the event of the refusal of the armor plate companies to supply armor plate at \$300 a ton, to proceed to the construction of an armor factory to cost \$1,500,000, and placing in the secretary's control \$2,000,000 with which to operate the government plant. The fight for these amendments was led by Mr. Tillman, who made a characteristically sensational speech in support of the propositions. The senate adopted resolutions of regret at the death of Lord Herschell, and concluded the day's session by pronouncing eulogies upon the late Representative Dingley.

Washington, March 3.—No conference reports on appropriation bills were passed at 6 o'clock last evening, and the house, therefore, paid its tribute of respect to the memory of the late Representative Hurley by adjourning until to-day at 11 o'clock. An attempt was made to consider the resolution reported by the judiciary committee, declaring that Gen. Wheeler and the three other members who accepted commissions in the army had thereby vacated their seats, but the house, by an overwhelming vote, refused to consider them. The political division upon this vote was significant. The vote stood 77 ayes, cast by 21 Republicans, 44 Democrats and 13 Populists, and 146 nays, cast by 101 Republicans, 44 Democrats and 1 Populist. A half million dollars each was appropriated under suspension of the rules for the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo and the Ohio centennial at Toledo. The senate bill carrying \$1,000,000 for a new building for the department of justice was passed and

two public building bills attached by the senate to bills for public buildings in other cities were agreed to, one appropriating \$250,000 for a building at Los Angeles, Cal., and the other \$75,000 for a building at New Brighton, Pa. The senate bill appropriating \$148,800 to purchase 120,000 acres of land in accordance with the provisions of the treaty with the Lower Brule Indians was passed. A number of conference reports on minor bills were adopted.

The Senate.
During almost the entire session yesterday the senate was engaged in routine business. Three score or more of minor bills were passed, the calendar being cleared entirely of private pension bills and of measures correcting military and naval records. Two measures of national importance were passed, the fortifications appropriation bill and the bill providing a code of criminal laws for the district of Alaska. The fortifications bill was passed precisely as it came from the house and goes to the president. The conference reports on the census and naval personnel bills were agreed to and these measures also go to the president.

Washington, March 4.—Excitement, confusion, heavy strain and hard words characterized the last legislative day of the Fifty-sixth congress in the senate. At times the confusion was so great in this usually staid and decorous body as to render the transaction of business almost impossible. Business that ordinarily would have had the undivided attention of every senator on the floor was transacted amidst so much noise that it was next to impossible to follow the proceedings. Toward midnight order was being evolved from the seeming chaos of the early part of the day and evening, and the prospect was fair that congress would adjourn at noon to-day with its absolutely necessary work completed.

When the senate convened at 11 o'clock yesterday morning it faced the task of considering two of the great appropriation bills, those for the army and for supplying the general deficiencies. The former carries appropriations exceeding \$80,000,000 and the latter about \$20,000,000. With a determination to complete the appropriation bills the senate began at 11 o'clock to consider these bills, and at 8 o'clock last night the army appropriation was passed, the deficiency bill having been passed three hours before. A conference report on the Alaskan criminal bill was presented and agreed to. A partial report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was agreed to, but the inability of the senate conferees to secure an agreement on the Hawaiian cable proposition created a heated discussion, in the course of which Speaker Reed was alluded to in uncomplimentary terms. When the river and harbor conference report was presented a debate upon the recession of the senate conferees from the senate amendment providing for reservoirs to irrigate arid lands at the headwaters of the Missouri river was precipitated by the advocates of the proposition. An effort was made to recommit the bill to the conferees, but it failed after an impassioned speech by Senator Frye, who submitted the report. At 11:30 p. m. the debate was still in progress with no indications of an early conclusion.

The House.
Crowded galleries looked down upon the struggling members of the house as the closing scenes of the last legislative day of this congress were being enacted. Step by step the leaders in charge of the appropriation bills pushed them through the final stages and during every lull in the consideration of conference reports members clamored for recognition for belated local bills in the vain hope of rescuing them from death on the calendar. At times the house was like a Bedlam. The noise and confusion on the floor, punctuated with the beating of the speaker's gavel or backed with the droning voices of the clerks; members facing each other and talking at the same time, pages scurrying up and down the aisles, all this was utterly distracting.

Mr. Walker of Massachusetts, after many unsuccessful attempts, got an opportunity during the afternoon to voice his views on currency reform, and severely criticised some of his Republican colleagues. When the great beacon light on the dome blazed forth as darkness fell thousands upon thousands were attracted to the brilliantly illuminated wings of the capitol, where the two houses were to sit out the night. The big questions in dispute between the two houses being naturally the last to be adjusted were postponed far into the night. From time to time short recesses were taken. These were simply breathing spells, however, and soon the leaders were at it again harder than ever.

Washington, March 6.—Vice President Hobart declared the senate of the Fifty-fifth congress adjourned without day at 12:08 Saturday, after a continuous session beginning at 11 o'clock Friday, with the exception of a one-hour recess during the forenoon. The day of final adjournment broke with the senate in executive session disposing of a large number of nominations. When the doors were opened there were seen but a handful of tired and haggard looking senators, who were waiting for the final reports from the conferees on the two bills yet in dispute. Finally Mr. Hale appeared with both. The deficiency bill was quickly passed, and then came the final and closing fight on the naval bill and the price of armor plate and for an armor plate factory. This was finally over and the weary senators took a short recess.

Upon reassembling the senate took on a new appearance. The chamber had been cleaned up and the senators came back to the closing meeting with a more spruce appearance. Some few attempts at legislation were made, but all were unsuccessful. Then the galleries filled with gaily dressed visitors who were there to see the final ceremonies. They were not long permitted to enjoy themselves as an executive session drove them into the corridors, where they patiently waited for the doors to be opened. When this was done only five minutes remained of the congress, but the hands of the clock were turned back ten minutes to give time for the usual

complimentary resolutions and the address of the vice president.

President McKinley and his entire cabinet had come to the capitol and were in the president's room back of the senate chamber, where the various bills were hurried for signature. Finally the last big appropriation bill had received the president's signature and everything was ready for the close.

There was no demonstration whatever in the senate. There was general hand-shaking among the senators and many expressions of regret were heard that many senators, whose terms had expired, were not to be here when the senate met again.

The House.
Wearily the house sat through the silent watches of the night, recessing from time to time, while awaiting conference reports upon the appropriation bills. The final agreement on the river and harbor bill, containing the compromise on the Nicaraguan canal, was secured about 3:30 a. m.; the sundry civil, in which the house forced the senate to surrender the provision for the Pacific cable, about 6; the District of Columbia, with the provision for sectarian institutions eliminated, about 7 o'clock; the deficiency at 8:30 and the final conference report upon the naval bill about 9:30 a. m.

The closing scenes in the house were of more than usual interest. After all the bills had been passed there followed the usual resolutions. That offered by Mr. Bailey, thanking Speaker Reed, and the remarks of the minority leader were of a character to lend a dramatic turn to the proceedings. The action of the house and the speaker's reply aroused the house and spectators to enthusiasm. After adjournment members and visitors joined in singing patriotic airs.

LONG REPLIES TO SCHLEY.

Another Contribution to the Schley-Sampson Controversy.

Washington, March 8.—The senate committee on naval affairs has made public Secretary Long's second letter in the Sampson-Schley controversy. This communication being in reply to Admiral Schley's letter. The first matter which the secretary takes up is Admiral Schley's mention of Admiral Sampson's letter of May 20, which the secretary says seems to have given certain senators the impression that the department had withheld the letter. On this point he says:

"First—That this letter was not in the possession of the department on Feb. 6, nor was its existence known to the department at that time.

"Second—That it was in the possession of Admiral Schley until Feb. 9, when it was sent to the department, upon its request to be furnished with all official records relating to his duty as commander-in-chief of the flying squadron and as a flag officer in the North Atlantic fleet.

"Third—In its instructions with regard to maintaining the blockade of Cienfuegos it was not more explicit than the letter of Admiral Sampson of May 19, which accompanied the communication of the department of Feb. 6 and which is published in the appendix to the report of the bureau of navigation, of page 464.

Fourth—That on May 21, the day after it was written, Admiral Sampson sent orders to Commodore Schley in duplicate by the Hawk and Marblehead, which orders were received by Commodore Schley during the early forenoon of the 23d and 24th, respectively, directing Commodore Schley to proceed with all dispatch, but cautiously, to the Spanish squadron not at Cienfuegos. The set of these orders sent by the Hawk was received on the same day as the letter of the 20th and bearing a later date, May 21, of course, revoked the instructions to blockade Cienfuegos, contained in the letters of the 19th and 20th. Fifth—That in obedience to these instructions the flying squadron left Cienfuegos on the afternoon of the 21st, but did not reach the immediate vicinity of the port of Santiago until the morning of the 29th of May."

The secretary quotes the admiral's reference to the department's order, received by him on May 27, directing him to positively ascertain if Corvera's fleet was in Santiago harbor, and not to allow him to leave Santiago if found certainly to be there "without a decisive action," gives the admiral's reply in full, and says:

"It will be seen that Rear Admiral Schley's statement to the senate does not show that he started to return to Key West and signalled to the squadron to that effect, and so informed the department, and it might be inferred that he immediately obeyed that order and ascertained the presence of the enemy at Santiago. On May 28, and written on May 27, shows that though having just received the telegram of the department and having on hand a sufficient supply of coal to return to Key West, he reported that he could not obey the order and continued to proceed toward Key West. However, it later became evident to him that such a movement was unnecessary and he resumed the movement toward Santiago."

Another point in Admiral Schley's letter is touched upon in the following letter:

"Admiral Schley's mention of the signal by Admiral Sampson at 8:45 a. m. July 3, 1898, regarding movements of the commander-in-chief, and his mention of the movement of the commander-in-chief toward Siboney, is followed by an incorrect reference, to wit, 'This left me senior officer, and necessary to command.' The responsibility mentioned is one which is frequently made in squadron and is never held as in any sense a relinquishment of command. It is made where, for any reason, the flagship leaves its assigned position in formation, as the case when the New York left her habitual blockade station the morning of July 3. At such times it is made to avoid confusion, which would result if other vessels fixing their positions by reference to the flagship, were to move with her. Without further signal the responsibility of command would not be shifted until the senior officer had gone out of signal distance."

The statement concludes with the following: "The department furnishes the foregoing statement only to complete the record in compliance with the request of the senate of Jan. 23. Desiring to do Admiral Sampson and Schley full justice for services rendered, it has, after full consideration of all the circumstances, recommended to the president that his recommendation to the grade of rear admiral and motion to express the vote that his recommendations to the same effect may be confirmed by the senate."

Canadian Sympathy.

Winnipeg, March 8.—The death of Principal King, of the Manitoba Presbyterian college, has called forth expressions of sympathy from all denominations and all parts of Canada.

Prison and Fine.

Boone, Iowa, March 8.—W. R. Hall, the colored man who shot and killed Brown, a colored miner, at Fraser some weeks ago, was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$1,000.

THE LEGISLATURE

Business Transacted by Minnesota Senators.

St. Paul, March 1.—Several bills of more than ordinary interest were passed by the senate yesterday. Among the more important of those were the bill to make elective the state railroad and warehouse commission, which has now passed both houses; the Horton bill, to authorize the state capitol commission to issue certificates of indebtedness for the unexpended balance of the appropriation to defray the cost of building the new state capitol; the road and bridge bill, to create a permanent road and bridge fund, to be raised by taxation; the bill raising the age of consent from fourteen to sixteen years; the Brower bill, prohibiting the use of any but stone quarried in Minnesota in the construction of state public buildings, and the Greer tax commission bill.

The House.
The house, in committee of the whole, spent the entire forenoon in the consideration of Mr. Fosnes' bill providing that no action may be maintained to enforce the payment of a note, mortgage or other evidence of indebtedness unless it has been listed for assessment and taxation under conditions fixed by this act. After a long discussion the bill was referred back to the author for amendment.

In the afternoon the house tackled the bill prepared by the committee on judiciary providing for the infliction of the death penalty at Stillwater. The house, after some discussion, voted—61 to 12—to indefinitely postpone the bill. The next bill was the one prepared by the committee on education, providing for printing text books on contract by the state. This bill called out considerable discussion. No conclusion was reached, the bill being finally recommitted to the committee on education for further consideration.

The following bills were passed: To require insurance policies, etc., to be marked "Assessment plan" or "Non-assessment plan." — To prohibit black-listing. — Appropriating \$1,000 annually for the promotion of the live stock interests of the state.

The following bills were introduced: Relating to the jurisdiction of the justices of the peace. — Relating to the assessment and collection of taxes. — Prescribing methods for inspecting grain of certain kinds. — Abolishing the requirement of seal of grantor on deeds or conveyances.

St. Paul, March 2.—The senate yesterday passed more than a quarter of a hundred bills, cleaning up its calendar, and getting rid of a lot of routine work that has been pending. It was a good day's work and leaves the senate in splendid shape. Among the bills passed were the Wallace house bill to protect bicyclists and bicycle paths; the Wheaton civil rights bill; the bill to prevent judges of probate from practicing in their own courts; to enforce the payment of taxes which became delinquent prior to 1897; to prevent fraud in the sale of garden and grass seeds; to provide against the adulteration of syrups, etc.; to prevent occupants from acquiring title to roads, streets, etc., by adverse possession; to limit the time in which actions may be brought to enforce stockholders' double liability, etc. The Yale house bill to abolish days of grace in the payment of notes, etc., was killed by a vote of 26 to 27. This is the first bill to be voted to death on the calendar.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

To amend the laws relating to district court appeals. — To provide for the purchase of road-making machines by road districts. — To fix the amount of rights of way and grants of transportation companies. — To provide for the purchase of municipal bonds of Minnesota with earnings of the state school fund. — Relating to the disposition of moneys belonging to the inmates of state institutions. — To amend and repeal laws relating to the duties of public examiners. — Relating to negotiable instruments. — Regulating the incorporation of religious societies. — Relating to the Maintenance and establishment of free public libraries and reading rooms. — To prevent the employment on state work of any but journeymen plumbers.

The House.

The Somerville bill, requiring the payment of a license fee by foreign corporations in proportion to the amount of their capital stock represented by their business and property in Minnesota, was fought to a finish in the house yesterday, the contest ending in the passage of the bill with some amendments, by a vote of 62 to 46, the margin being just three votes.

The following bills were introduced: Relating to farmers' mutual fire insurance companies. — Relating to proclamations by villages. — Relating to the compensation and fees of sheriffs. — Authorizing any city incorporated prior to the adoption of the constitutional amendment of 1897, or any village in this state desiring to incorporate as a city, to frame its own charter. — To provide for the filling of vacancies in school boards and boards of education. — To declare unlawful all combinations to lessen free competition. — To prevent the combination of fire insurance companies to control rates. — To amend section 1605. General Statutes 1894, relating to certificates of sale of real property sold for taxes. — To regulate the sale of poison.

St. Paul, March 3.—Senator Schaller (Dem.) of Dakota county yesterday introduced in the senate for Public Examiner Pope, a bill to increase fees for the examination of state banks and trust companies and compelling savings banks to pay fees, which heretofore they have not been required to do. Furthermore it provides that the fees shall be paid directly into the state treasury instead of being placed to the credit of the public examiner's department to defray the cost of making the bank examinations as is required by the present law.

Other bills introduced were: Relating to railway companies as common carriers. — To amend the Statutes of 1894, relating to the incorporation of Modern Woodmen and Workmen. — To provide for the issuance of school bonds to build schoolhouses in districts which are co-ordinate with city bonds. — To provide for

the erection of a suitable monument on the state capitol grounds to commemorate the various battles in which the Fourth Minnesota volunteers were engaged during the Civil War. — To reimburse towns for the care of county poor. — To amend the laws relating to petitions for hearings relative to the organization of school districts.

The House.

The attendance in the house was light, amounting to considerably less than a quorum in the afternoon, and the session was devoted to work in committee of the whole, where a score of bills were considered.

The following bills were introduced: To amend section 1045, Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 61, Laws of 1897, relating to the organization of cities. — To amend section 1050, Statutes of 1894, relating to elective officers of cities. — To appropriate \$200 for the reimbursement of the town of Kandiyohi for expenses incurred in caring for non-residents. — Proposing amendment to become section 37, to article 4, of the Constitution, relating to initiative and referendum. — To amend chapter 64, Laws of 1895, providing for the publication of a legislative manual. — Proposing an amendment to the Constitution authorizing the taxation of mortgages and other real estate securities. — To amend section 2024, Statutes 1894, as amended by chapter 154, Laws 1897, relating to liquor licenses. — To amend section 3, chapter 107, Laws 1893, relating to annuity safe deposit and trust companies. — To prohibit boycotting. — To amend section 481 of the Penal Code, relating to malicious mischief.

St. Paul, March 4.—The senate yesterday recommended for passage the Wilson bill to place the state oil inspector on a salary basis, and the Btaz cession of lengthy debate.

The senate spent most of the day in law of 1895. Both bills were the occasion of a long debate. The bill to repeal the beet sugar bounty committee of the whole and a large number of bills were advanced to the calendar.

The following bills were introduced: Proposing an act for a state convention to revise the state constitution. — To amend the laws regulating the keeping of disorderly houses. — To abolish the use of private seals. — Granting powers of notaries public to members of the legislature during their term of office; passed under suspension of the rules. — To prohibit false advertisements conveying statements that are not true relative to business chances.

The House.

The work that the house accomplished yesterday may have been of the greatest value to the State of Minnesota, but from the standpoint of passing interest, the session was about as dull and dreary as any that has been held since the convening of the legislature. Some of the new bills contain matter of importance. During the forenoon some work was done on the calendar and five bills were passed as follows:

Providing for the return of summons issued by justice of the peace between 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. — Authorizing villages incorporated under the general law to construct and repair sidewalks and assess the cost upon abutting property. — Authorizing telephone companies to condemn right of way for poles on the right of way of railroads. — Authorizing cities of less than 15,000 inhabitants to sprinkle streets and assess the cost upon abutting property. — Amending the election law so as to provide for alternating names in certain cases, etc.

The following bills were introduced: To provide for an annual tax levy for road purposes, and creating a state highway commission. — Relating to insurance companies. — Relating to the compromising of claims by cities. — To establish a board of immigration. — Declaring the effect as evidence of the records of the engineering departments of municipalities. — To restrain and license peddlers in the organized townships of the state.

St. Paul, March 6.—Senator Du Toit of Carver county introduced a bill to place the clerk of the supreme court on a salary of \$2,400 a year, and requiring that all fees collected in his office be turned over to the state treasury.

The following bills were passed:

Relating to the compensation and duties of village recorders. — Relating to the vacation of streets, alleys, public grounds, etc. — To amend the laws relating to tax levy rate per cent for state, county and other purposes, raises school levy rate per cent from 9 to 12. — Appropriating money for the erection of a monument in commemoration of the victims of the "Great Hinckley Fire." — To amend the laws equipment companies. — To require all railroad companies owning 4 feet 8 1/2 inches gauge to adopt such gauge within such reasonable time as may be fixed by the railroad and warehouse commission. — Providing for the organization of unorganized counties in the State of Minnesota, and relating to the organization of school districts therein.

The following bills were introduced: To amend the banking laws relating to building and savings associations. — To amend the laws relating to the manufacture of baking powder. — To prohibit the use of gill nets in inland lakes, except two months in the year. — Relating to insurance companies. — To amend the probate code. — To amend the laws governing societies that have sick funds or casualty benefits. — To amend the laws authorizing railroad companies to lease, control or combine their business. — To provide for the expenses of election districts. — To authorize the state auditor to bid in the assets of the State bank and the American Exchange Bank of Minneapolis, and to dispose of the same.

The House.

The house held two long sessions Saturday, but did not succeed in getting into committee of the whole at all, and only disposed of twelve of the nineteen bills on the calendar. Five or six bills were passed under suspension of the rules, but the time was lost in the debate that arose over a couple of bills on the calendar.

The following bills were passed:

Relating to the organization of cities. — To authorize members of the legislature to administer oaths and take acknowledgments without fee or reward. — Legalizing and validating certain proceedings of banks. — Authorizing counties to purchase land for agricultural fair purposes. — Requiring bonds given in actions in courts of record in excess of \$500 to be recorded and making such record prima facie evidence. — Authorizing counties to issue bonds prior to July 1, 1899, to fund floating indebtedness existing on Jan. 1, 1899. — Providing that the notice of attachment to enforce a laborer's lien upon logs and lumber may be filed in the county in which the labor is done, instead of in the office of the surveyor general of logs and lumber for the district. — Increasing to \$35,000 the appropriation to secure a better condition of rural schools. — Allowing the state treasurer to give surety bond and appropriating \$400 annually for the same. — To protect the public health by regulating the use of diseased, decaying or unwholesome animal matter. — To provide for the collection of taxes upon timber and mineral lands. — Appropriating \$10,000 to carry on the enforcement of the claims of the state to certain lands which are in dispute.

The following bills were introduced: For the protection of owners of bottles. — To create a commission to settle the claims of the state against certain persons. — To authorize villages to create commissions to operate electric light and water works. — To prevent messenger companies from sending minors to saloons or places of ill-repute. — To provide for the better enforcement of the liability of stockholders. — To provide for a division of property in cases of the separation of a village from the township in which it is located. — Requiring motormen to be duly qualified and licensed. — Relating to the tax on inheritances. — To provide for the erection of a monument to the Fourth Minnesota on the new capitol grounds. — To transfer the assets of the reform school funds to the state treasury and appropriate money to pay outstanding loan certificates.

St. Paul, March 7.—After clearing up the calendar the house worked in committee of the whole all day long. There were no committee reports and only four bills introduced. Final action was taken on but two bills. Senator Collier's bill providing that the summer meeting of the county commissioners shall begin on the third Monday in June, instead of the second Monday in July, was finally killed. The remainder of the time was given over to Mr. Dwinell's proposition to increase the salary of the supreme court reporter from \$2,000 to \$3,500. It was finally determined to make the figure \$3,000, an amendment to that effect being accepted. In that form the bill was recommended to pass. Senator Greer's bill for the appointment of a tax commission to revise the tax laws was recommended for indefinite postponement.

The following bills were passed: Authorizing county commissioners to allow clerk hire not to exceed \$500 to all judges of probate whose salary exceeds \$1,000. — Amending the law fixing the fees of notaries public so as to allow them but 50 cents for copies in protest cases. — Authorizing elective boards of library directors to fill vacancies that may arise. — Allowing the expenditure of road taxes and labor on cartways. — Relating to liability insurance. — Appropriating \$2,000 annually for the salary of the second assistant attorney general.

The following bills were introduced: To increase the facilities for the transfer of traffic and to provide for the freer transportation of cars over the connecting lines. — Authorizing the holding of certain township elections within the limits of villages, and certain township officers to be held by electors of the villages. — To repeal chapter 48, Laws of 1895, relating to roads.

The Senate.

The session of the senate yesterday afternoon, following adjournment over Sunday, was devoted principally to picking up odds and ends and the introduction of bills. The committee on rules took advantage of the opportunity to make a report, which was adopted, on matters submitted to it during the session, and several minor amendments were made to the senate rules of procedure.

The following bills were introduced: To provide for a uniform form of affidavits. — To amend the laws of 1878 relating to cemeteries. — To amend the constitution relating to the taxation of unused lands. — To authorize mutual insurance companies to organize as stock companies. — To appropriate funds for the state reformatory. — To amend the laws relating to the stopping of passenger trains at county seats. — To amend the statutes of 1894 relating to powers of county commissioners. — To authorize boards of education to issue bonds to refund outstanding bonds. — To amend the Laws of 1897 relating to delinquent personal property taxes. — To amend the Statutes of 1894, relating to the discharge of mortgage records. — To amend the Statutes of 1894, relating to drainage of wet lands. — Proposing an amendment to the state constitution, so as to give the people of the state authority to propose measures which must be enacted by the legislature and referred back for the people to adopt or reject by popular vote.

Wisconsin Legislation.

Madison, Wis., March 7.—Marriage reform may yet be enacted into law in Wisconsin and the state be spared its unenviable reputation. At the assembly session last night Mr. True made an earnest plea for his marriage license bill, which was on the calendar for indefinite postponement, and the measure was finally referred to the judiciary committee. Mr. True will immediately draw up a substitute with hopes of better results. The memorial to congress favoring postal savings banks, which was a week, Mr. for death, was postponed on the calendar. Moehle's bill to exempt bicycles from taxation was killed, though recommended for passage. The bill for the taxation of life insurance companies was favorably reported. A big fight has been made on it by the Northwestern Mutual Company of Milwaukee.

WORK OF CONGRESS

Washington, March 1.—A frenzy of bill passing was on the senate yesterday. The bills passed were principally public building measures, and at times during the day and night the scenes in the senate were remarkable. Senators usually calm and dignified sticklers for order and decorum in the senate, clamored for passage of bills providing for the erection of government buildings in which they were interested. Late in the afternoon a batch of such measures passed by the house was received by the senate. Instantly confusion reigned. Senators crowded about the clerk's desk and began to sort over the bills from the house, picking them out as they found their own, as if they were choosing valentines from a bargain counter. In the area in front of the president of the senate a half-dozen senators were waving bills and endeavoring to obtain recognition. The unusual procedure called forth a protest from Senator Platt of Connecticut, who demanded that senators take their seats and order be restored. At times throughout the sessions of the day and night the scenes were repeated as more building bills were reported from the house. Bills carrying an aggregate of eight or ten millions of dollars were passed and many more that had not been passed by both houses of congress were placed as amendments on the sundry civil appropriation bill. Finally, at a late hour the amendment to the sundry civil bill was adopted providing for nearly \$4,000,000 for preliminary work on buildings that had been authorized. The sundry civil bill was passed after it had been under consideration throughout the day and night.

The House.
The house spent practically the entire time of the seven hours' session passing the public building bills favorably acted upon by the committee of the whole ten days ago. The opposition sought in vain to consume time by roll calls and other filibustering tactics at various times, but their numbers were so slim that in no case could they secure a roll call. At last their efforts to impede the passing of the bills were abandoned and they were passed with great rapidity. Sixty-one bills in all were passed, carrying \$9,352,000. The conference report upon the postoffice appropriation bill agreeing to the senate amendment making an appropriation for the southern mail subsidy was adopted.

Washington, March 2.—The last lingering possibility of an extra session of congress disappeared yesterday when the house passed the senate army reorganization bill. Very considerable and vigorous opposition to the acceptance of the senate bill was voiced on both sides of the hall, and for a time it appeared possible that the bill would not secure the necessary two-thirds to pass it under suspension of the rules. But the Republican leaders, Messrs. Henderson, Grosvenor and Cannon came to its support on the Republican side, and Mr. Bailey, the Democratic leader, threw the weight of his influence in favor of it on the Democratic side, arguing that it provided for only a temporary increase of the army, which would be made permanent if congress were convened in extra session. Another big element in the vote was Mr. Hull's recital of a statement made by the president to him that he would not construe section 12 as authority to conscript the minority in volunteer organizations which should elect to remain in the service. The bill passed—203 to 32. It now goes to the president.

The decks were also cleared of many other important matters. The deficiency appropriation bill, carrying \$21,089,000, was passed under suspension of the rules, without a word of criticism. This is the last of the appropriation bills. The senate amendments to the river and harbor bill were non-concurred in and it was sent to conference, the friends of the Nicaragua canal amendment having decided to postpone their fight until the conference report. The conference reports on the omnibus claims bill, the naval personnel and many other less important measures were agreed to. The senate bill making Dewey a full admiral was passed. The bill now goes to the president for his signature.

The Senate.
The senate is rapidly clearing its desks for final adjournment. The naval appropriation bill, which ordinarily consumes the time of the senate for several days, was passed after less than five hours' debate. In that time, however, it was amended radically in one respect. The price to be paid by the government for armor plate was fixed in the bill at \$300 a ton, a reduction of the amount fixed by the house of \$145 a ton. In addition the secretary of the navy was authorized in the event of the refusal of the armor plate companies to supply armor plate at \$300 a ton, to proceed to the construction of an armor factory to cost \$1,500,000, and placing in the secretary's control \$2,000,000 with which to operate the government plant. The fight for these amendments was led by Mr. Tillman, who made a characteristically sensational speech in support of the propositions. The senate adopted resolutions of regret at the death of Lord Herschell, and concluded the day's session by pronouncing eulogies upon the late Representative Dingley.

Washington, March 3.—No conference reports on appropriation bills were passed at 6 o'clock last evening, and the house, therefore, paid its tribute of respect to the memory of the late Representative Hurley by adjourning until to-day at 11 o'clock. An attempt was made to consider the resolution reported by the judiciary committee, declaring that Gen. Wheeler and the three other members who accepted commissions in the army had thereby vacated their seats, but the house, by an overwhelming vote, refused to consider them. The political division upon this vote was significant. The vote stood 77 ayes, cast by 21 Republicans, 43 Democrats and 13 Populists, and 146 nays, cast by 101 Republicans, 44 Democrats and 1 Populist. A half million dollars each was appropriated under suspension of the rules for the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo and the Ohio centennial at Toledo. The senate bill carrying \$1,000,000 for a new building for the department of justice was passed and

two public building bills attached by the senate to bills for public buildings in other cities were agreed to, one appropriating \$250,000 for a building at Los Angeles, Cal., and the other \$75,000 for a building at New Brighton, Pa. The senate bill appropriating \$148,800 to purchase 120,000 acres of land in accordance with the provisions of the treaty with the Lower Brule Indians was passed. A number of conference reports on minor bills were adopted.

The Senate.
During almost the entire session yesterday the senate was engaged in routine business. Three score or more of minor bills were passed, the calendar being cleared entirely of private pension bills and of measures correcting military and naval records. Two measures of national importance were passed, the fortifications appropriation bill and the bill providing a code of criminal laws for the district of Alaska. The fortifications bill was passed precisely as it came from the house and goes to the president. The conference reports on the census and naval personnel bills were agreed to and these measures also go to the president.

Washington, March 4.—Excitement, confusion, heavy strain and hard words characterized the last legislative day of the Fifty-sixth congress in the senate. At times the confusion was so great in this usually staid and decorous body as to render the transaction of business almost impossible. Business that ordinarily would have had the undivided attention of every senator on the floor was transacted amidst so much noise that it was next to impossible to follow the proceedings. Toward midnight order was being evolved from the seeming chaos of the early part of the day and evening, and the prospect was fair that congress would adjourn at noon to-day with its absolutely necessary work completed.

When the senate convened at 11 o'clock yesterday morning it faced the task of considering two of the great appropriation bills, those for the army and for supplying the general deficiencies. The former carries appropriations exceeding \$80,000,000 and the latter about \$20,000,000. With a determination to complete the appropriation bills the senate began at 11 o'clock to consider these bills, and at 8 o'clock last night the army appropriation was passed, the deficiency bill having been passed three hours before. A conference report on the Alaskan criminal bill was presented and agreed to. A partial report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was agreed to, but the inability of the senate conferees to secure an agreement on the Hawaiian cable proposition created a heated discussion, in the course of which Speaker Reed was alluded to in uncomplimentary terms. When the river and harbor conference report was presented a debate upon the recession of the senate conferees from the senate amendment providing for reservoirs to irrigate arid lands at the headwaters of the Missouri river was precipitated by the advocates of the proposition. An effort was made to recommit the bill to the conferees, but it failed after an impassioned speech by Senator Frye, who submitted the report. At 11:30 p. m. the debate was still in progress with no indications of an early conclusion.

The House.
Crowded galleries looked down upon the struggling members of the house as the closing scenes of the last legislative day of this congress were being enacted. Step by step the leaders in charge of the appropriation bills pushed them through the final stages and during every lull in the consideration of conference reports members clamored for recognition for belated local bills in the vain hope of rescuing them from death on the calendar. At times the house was like a Bedlam. The noise and confusion on the floor, punctuated with the beating of the speaker's gavel or backed with the droning voices of the clerks; members facing each other and talking at the same time, pages scurrying up and down the aisles, all this was utterly distracting.

Mr. Walker of Massachusetts, after many unsuccessful attempts, got an opportunity during the afternoon to voice his views on currency reform, and severely criticised some of his Republican colleagues. When the great beacon light on the dome blazed forth as darkness fell thousands upon thousands were attracted to the brilliantly illuminated wings of the capitol, where the two houses were to sit out the night. The big questions in dispute between the two houses being naturally the last to be adjusted were postponed far into the night. From time to time short recesses were taken. These were simply breathing spells, however, and soon the leaders were at it again harder than ever.

Washington, March 6.—Vice President Hobart declared the senate of the Fifty-fifth congress adjourned without day at 12:08 Saturday, after a continuous session beginning at 11 o'clock Friday, with the exception of a one-hour recess during the forenoon. The day of final adjournment broke with the senate in executive session disposing of a large number of nominations. When the doors were opened there were seen but a handful of tired and haggard looking senators, who were waiting for the final reports from the conferees on the two bills yet in dispute. Finally Mr. Hale appeared with both. The deficiency bill was quickly passed, and then came the final and closing fight on the naval bill and the price of armor plate and for an armor plate factory. This was finally over and the weary senators took a short recess.

Upon reassembling the senate took on a new appearance. The chamber had been cleaned up and the senators came back to the closing meeting with a more spruce appearance. Some few attempts at legislation were made, but all were unsuccessful. Then the galleries filled with gaily dressed visitors who were there to see the final ceremonies. They were not long permitted to enjoy themselves as an executive session drove them into the corridors, where they patiently waited for the doors to be opened. When this was done only five minutes remained of the congress, but the hands of the clock were turned back ten minutes to give time for the usual

complimentary resolutions and the address of the vice president.

President McKinley and his entire cabinet had come to the capitol and were in the president's room back of the senate chamber, where the various bills were hurried for signature. Finally the last big appropriation bill had received the president's signature and everything was ready for the close.

There was no demonstration whatever in the senate. There was general hand-shaking among the senators and many expressions of regret were heard that many senators, whose terms had expired, were not to be here when the senate met again.

The House.
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LONG REPLIES TO SCHLEY.

Another Contribution to the Schley-Sampson Controversy.

Washington, March 8.—The senate committee on naval affairs has made public Secretary Long's second letter in the Sampson-Schley controversy, this communication being in reply to Admiral Schley's letter. The first matter which the secretary takes up is Admiral Schley's mention of Admiral Sampson's letter of May 20, which the secretary says seems to have given certain senators the impression that the department had withheld the letter. On this point he says:

"First—That this letter was not in the possession of the department Feb. 6, nor was its existence known to the department at that time.

"Second—That it was in the possession of Admiral Schley until Feb. 9, when it was sent to the department, upon its request to be furnished with all official records relating to his duty as a commander-in-chief of the flying squadron and as a flag officer in the North Atlantic fleet.

"Third—In its instructions with regard to maintaining the blockade of Cienfuegos it was not more explicit than the letter of Admiral Sampson of May 19, which, according to the communication of the department of Feb. 6 and which is published in the appendix to the report of the bureau of navigation, on page 464.

"Fourth—That on May 21, the day after it was written, Admiral Sampson sent orders to Commodore Schley to obey the instructions to blockade Cienfuegos, which orders were received by Commodore Schley during the early forenoon of the 23d and 24th, respectively, directing Commodore Schley to proceed with all dispatch, but cautiously, to Santiago, if satisfied that the Spanish squadron was not at Cienfuegos. The set of these orders sent by the Hawk was received on the same day as the letter of the 20th and bearing a later date, May 21, of course, revoked the instructions to blockade Cienfuegos, contained in the letters of the 19th and 20th.

"Fifth—That in obedience to the instructions the flying squadron left Cienfuegos on the afternoon of the 21st, but did not reach the immediate vicinity of the port of Santiago until the morning of the 29th of May."

The secretary quotes the admiral's reference to the department order, received by him May 27, directing him to positively ascertain if Corvera's fleet was in Santiago harbor, and not to allow him to leave Santiago if found certainly to be there "without a decisive action," gives the admiral's reply in full and says:

"It will be seen that Rear Admiral Schley's statement to the senate does not show that he started to return to Key West and signalled to the squadron to that effect, and so informed the department, and it might be inferred that he immediately obeyed that order and ascertained the presence of the enemy at Santiago. On the contrary, his telegram above, dated May 28, and written on May 27, shows that though having just received the telegram of the department and having on hand a sufficient supply of coal to return to Key West, he reported that he could not obey the order and continued to proceed toward Key West. However, it later became evident to him that this was unnecessary and he resumed the movement toward Santiago."

Another point in Admiral Schley's letter is touched upon in the following letter:

"Admiral Schley's mention of the signal by Admiral Sampson at 8:45 a. m. July 3, 'Disregard movements of the commander-in-chief, and his movements of the commander-in-chief toward Siboney,' is followed by an incorrect inference, to wit, 'This left me senior officer present, and necessarily clothed me with the responsibilities of command.' The signal above mentioned is one which is frequently made in squadrons and is never held as in any sense a relinquishment of command. It is made where, for any reason, the flagship leaves its assigned position in formation, as was the case when the New York left her habitual blockading station the morning of July 3. At such times it is made to avoid confusion, which would result if other vessels fixing their positions by reference to the flagship were to move with her. Without further signal the responsibility of command would not be shifted until the senior officer had gone out of signal distance."

The statement concludes with the following:

"The department furnishes the foregoing statement only to complete the record in compliance with the request of the senate of Jan. 23. Desiring to do Admirals Sampson and Schley full justice for services rendered, it has, after full consideration of all the circumstances, recommended to the president their promotion to the grade of rear admiral and to express the hope that his recommendations to the same effect will be confirmed by the senate."

Canadian Sympathy.

Winnipeg, March 8.—The death of Principal King of the Manitoba Presbyterian college, has called forth expressions of sympathy from all denominations and all parts of Canada.

Prison and Fine.

Roone, Iowa, March 8.—W. H. Hall, the colored man who shot and killed Brown, a colored miner, at Fraser some weeks ago, was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$1,000.

THE LEGISLATURE

Business Transacted by Minnesota

St. Paul, March 1.—Several bills of more than ordinary interest were passed by the senate yesterday. Among the more important of those were the bill to make elective the state railroad and warehouse commission, which has now passed both houses; the Horton bill, to authorize the state capitol commission to issue certificates of indebtedness for the unexpended balance of the appropriation to defray the cost of building the new state capitol; the road and bridge bill, to create a permanent road and bridge fund, to be raised by taxation; the bill raising the age of consent from fourteen to sixteen years; the Brower bill, prohibiting the use of any but stone quarried in Minnesota in the construction of state public buildings, and the Greer tax commission bill.

The House.
The house, in committee of the whole, spent the entire forenoon in the consideration of Mr. Fosnes' bill providing that no action may be maintained to enforce the payment of a note, mortgage or other evidence of indebtedness unless it has been listed for assessment and taxation under conditions fixed by this act. After a long discussion the bill was referred back to the author for amendment.

In the afternoon the house tackled the bill prepared by the committee on judiciary providing for the infliction of the death penalty at Stillwater. The house, after some discussion, voted—61 to 12—to indefinitely postpone the bill. The next bill was the one prepared by the committee on education, providing for printing text books on contract by the state. This bill called out considerable discussion. No conclusion was reached, the bill being finally recommitted to the committee on education for further consideration.

The following bills were passed: To require insurance policies, etc., to be marked "Assessment plan" or "Non-assessment plan." To prohibit black-listing. Appropriating \$1,000 annually for the promotion of the live stock interests of the state.

The following bills were introduced: Relating to the jurisdiction of justices of the peace. Relating to the assessment and collection of taxes. Prescribing methods for inspecting grain of certain kinds. Abolishing the requirement of seal of grantor on deeds or conveyances.

St. Paul, March 2.—The senate yesterday passed more than a quarter of a hundred bills, cleaning up its calendar, and getting rid of a lot of rotting work that has been pending. It was a good day's work and leaves the senate in splendid shape. Among the bills passed were the Wallace house bill to protect bicyclists and bicycle paths; the Wheaton civil rights bill; the bill to prevent judges of probate from practicing in their own courts; to enforce the payment of taxes which became delinquent prior to 1897; to prevent fraud in the sale of garden and grass seeds; to provide against the adulteration of syrups, etc.; to prevent occupants from acquiring title to streets, etc., by adverse possession; to limit the time in which actions may be brought to enforce stockholders' double liability, etc. The Yale house bill to abolish days of grace in the payment of notes, etc., was killed by a vote of 26 to 27. This is the first bill to be voted to death on the calendar.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

To amend the laws relating to district court appeals. To provide for the purchase of road-making machines by road districts. To fix the amount of rights of way and grants of transportation companies. To provide for the purchase of municipal bonds of Minnesota with earnings of the state school fund. Relating to the disposition of moneys belonging to the inmates of state institutions. To amend and repeal laws relating to the duties of public examiner. Relating to negotiable instruments. Relating to the incorporation of religious societies. Relating to the maintenance and establishment of free public libraries and reading rooms. To prevent the employment on state work of any but journeymen plumbers.

The House.
The Somerville bill, requiring the payment of a license fee by foreign corporations in proportion to the amount of their capital stock represented by their business and property in Minnesota, was fought to a finish in the house yesterday, the contest ending in the passage of the bill with some amendments, by a vote of 62 to 46, the margin being just three votes. The following bills were introduced: Relating to farmers' mutual fire insurance companies. Relating to proclamations by villages. Relating to the compensation and fees of sheriffs. Authorizing any city incorporated prior to the adoption of the constitutional amendment of 1897, or any village in this state desiring to incorporate as a city, to frame its own charter. To provide for the filling of vacancies in school boards and boards of education. To declare unlawful all combinations lessening free competition. To prevent the combination of fire insurance companies to control rates. To amend section 1005, General Statutes 1894, relating to certificates of sale of real property sold for taxes. To regulate the sale of poison.

St. Paul, March 3.—Senator Schaller (Dem.) of Dakota county yesterday introduced in the senate for Public Examiner Pope, a bill to increase fees for the examination of state banks and trust companies and compelling savings banks to pay fees, which heretofore they have not been required to do. Furthermore it provides that the fees shall be paid directly into the state treasury instead of being placed to the credit of the public examiner's department to defray the cost of making the bank examinations as is required by the present law.

Other bills introduced were: Relating to railway companies as common carriers. To amend the Statutes of 1894, relating to the incorporation of Modern Woodmen and Workmen. To provide for the issuance of school bonds to build schoolhouses in districts which are co-ordinated with city bonds. To provide for

the erection of a suitable monument on the state capitol grounds to commemorate the various battles in which the Fourth Minnesota volunteers were engaged during the Civil War. To reimburse towns for the care of county poor. To amend the laws relating to petitions for hearings relative to the organization of school districts.

The House.
The attendance in the house was light, amounting to considerably less than a quorum in the afternoon, and the session was devoted to work in committee of the whole, where a score of bills were considered.

The following bills were introduced: To amend section 1045, Statutes of 1894, as amended by chapter 61, Laws of 1897, relating to the organization of cities. To amend section 1050, Statutes of 1894, relating to elective officers of cities. To appropriate \$200 for the reimbursement of the town of Kandiyohi for expenses incurred in caring for non-residents. Proposing amendment to become section 37, to article 4, of the Constitution, relating to initiative and referendum. To amend chapter 64, Laws of 1895, providing for the publication of a legislative manual. Proposing an amendment to the Constitution authorizing the taxation of mortgages and other real estate securities. To amend section 2024, Statutes 1894, as amended by chapter 154, Laws 1897, relating to liquor licenses. To amend section 3, chapter 107, Laws 1883, relating to annuity safe deposit and trust companies. To prohibit boycotting. To amend section 481 of the Penal Code, relating to malicious mischief.

St. Paul, March 4.—The senate yesterday recommended for passage the Wilson bill to place the state oil inspector on a salary basis, and the Btaz casion of lengthy debate.

The senate spent most of the day in law of 1895. Both bills were the occasion to repeal the beet sugar bounty committee of the whole and a large number of bills were advanced to the calendar.

The following bills were introduced: Proposing an act for a state convention to revise the state constitution. To amend the laws regulating the keeping of disorderly houses. To abolish the use of private seals. Granting powers of notaries public to members of the legislature during their term of office; passed under suspension of the rules. To prohibit false advertisements conveying statements that are not true relative to business chances.

The House.
The work that the house accomplished yesterday may have been of the greatest value to the State of Minnesota, but from the standpoint of passing interest, the session was about as dull and dreary as any that has been held since the convening of the legislature. Some of the new bills contain matter of importance. During the forenoon some work was done on the calendar and five bills were passed as follows:

Providing for the return of summons issued by justice of the peace between 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. Authorizing villages incorporated under the general law to construct and repair sidewalks and assess the cost on abutting property. Authorizing telephone companies to condemn right of way for poles on the right of way of railroads. Authorizing cities of less than 15,000 inhabitants to sprinkle streets and assess the cost upon abutting property. Amending the election law so as to provide for alternating names in certain cases, etc.

The following bills were introduced: To provide for an annual tax levy for road purposes, and creating a state highway commission. Relating to insurance companies. Relating to the compromising of claims by cities. To establish a board of immigration. Declaring the effect as evidence of the records of the engineering departments of municipalities. To restrain and license peddlers in the organized townships of the state.

St. Paul, March 6.—Senator Du Toit of Carver county introduced a bill to place the clerk of the supreme court on a salary of \$2,400 a year, and requiring that all fees collected in his office be turned over to the state treasury.

The following bills were passed: Relating to the compensation and duties of village recorders. Relating to the vacation of streets, alleys, public grounds, etc. To amend the laws relating to tax levy rate per cent for state, county and other purposes, raises school levy rate per cent from 9 to 12. Appropriating money for the erection of a monument in commemoration of the victims of the "Great Hinckley Fire." To amend the laws equipment companies. To require all railroad companies owning railroads in this state of less than 4 feet 8 1/2 inches gauge to adopt such gauge within such reasonable time as may be fixed by the railroad and warehouse commission. Providing for the organization of unorganized counties in the State of Minnesota, and relating to the organization of school districts therein.

The following bills were introduced: To amend the banking laws relating to building and savings associations. To amend the laws relating to the manufacture of baking powder. To prohibit the use of gill nets in inland lakes, except two months in the year. Relating to insurance companies. To amend the probate code. To amend the laws governing societies that have sick funds or casualty benefits. To amend the laws authorizing railroad companies to lease, control or combine their business. To provide for the expenses of election districts. To authorize the state auditor to bid in the assets of the State bank and the American Exchange Bank of Minneapolis, and to dispose of the same.

The House.
The house held two long sessions Saturday, but did not succeed in getting into committee of the whole at all, and only disposed of twelve of the nineteen bills on the calendar. Five or six bills were passed under suspension of the rules, but the time was lost in the debate that arose over a couple of bills on the calendar.

The following bills were passed: Relating to the organization of cities. To authorize members of the legislature to administer oaths and take acknowledgments without fee or reward. Legalizing and validating certain certain proceedings of banks. Authorizing counties to purchase land for agricultural fair purposes. Requiring bonds given in actions in courts of record in excess of \$300 to be recorded and making such record prima facie evidence. Authorizing counties to issue bonds prior to July 1, 1899, to fund floating indebtedness existing on Jan. 1, 1899. Providing that the notice of attachment to enforce a laborer's lien upon logs and lumber may be filed in the county in which the labor is done, instead of in the office of the surveyor general of logs and lumber for the district. Increasing to \$35,000 the appropriation to secure a better condition of rural schools. Allowing the state treasurer to give surety bond and appropriating \$400 annually for the same. To protect the public health by regulating the use of diseased, decaying or unwholesome animal matter. To provide for the collection of taxes upon timber and mineral lands. Appropriating \$10,000 to carry on the enforcement of the claims of the state to certain lands which are in dispute. The following bills were introduced: For the protection of owners of bottles. To create a commission to settle claims of the state against certain persons. To authorize villages to create commissions to operate electric light and water works. To prevent messenger companies from sending minors to saloons or places of ill-repute. To provide for the better enforcement of the liability of stockholders. To provide for a division of property in cases of the separation of a village from the township in which it is located. Requiring motormen to be duly qualified and licensed. Relating to the tax on inheritances. To provide for the erection of a monument to the Fourth Minnesota on the new capitol grounds. To transfer the assets of the reform school funds to the state treasury and appropriate money to pay outstanding loan certificates.

St. Paul, March 7.—After clearing up the calendar the house worked in committee of the whole all day long. There were no committee reports and only four bills introduced. Final action was taken on but two bills. Senator Collier's bill providing that the summer meeting of the county commissioners shall begin on the third Monday in June, instead of the second Monday in July, was finally killed. The remainder of the time was given over to Mr. Dwinell's proposition to increase the salary of the supreme court reporter from \$2,000 to \$3,500. It was finally determined to make the figure \$3,000, an amendment to that effect being accepted. In that form the bill was recommended to pass. Senator Greer's bill for the appointment of a tax commission to revise the tax laws was recommended for indefinite postponement.

The following bills were passed: Authorizing county commissioners to allow clerk hire not to exceed \$500 to all judges of probate whose salary exceeds \$1,000. Amending the law fixing the fees of notaries public so as to allow them but 50 cents for copies in protest cases. Authorizing elective boards of library directors to fill vacancies that may arise. Allowing the expenditure of road taxes and labor on cartways. Relating to hall insurance. Appropriating \$2,000 annually for the salary of the second assistant attorney general.

The following bills were introduced: To increase the facilities for the transfer of traffic and to provide for the freer transportation of cars over connecting lines. Authorizing the holding of certain township elections within the limits of villages, and certain township officers to be held by electors of the villages. To repeal chapter 48, Laws of 1895, relating to roads.

The Senate.
The session of the senate yesterday afternoon, following adjournment over Sunday, was devoted principally to picking up odds and ends and the introduction of bills. The committee on rules took advantage of the opportunity to make a report, which was adopted, on matters submitted to it during the session, and several minor amendments were made to the senate rules of procedure.

The following bills were introduced: To provide for a uniform form of affidavits. To amend the laws of 1878 relating to cemeteries. To amend the constitution relating to the taxation of unused lands. To authorize mutual insurance companies to organize as stock companies. To appropriate funds for the state reformatory. To amend the laws relating to the stopping of passenger trains at county seats. To amend the statutes of 1894 relating to powers of county commissioners. To authorize boards of education to issue bonds to refund outstanding bonds. To amend the Laws of 1897 relating to delinquent personal property taxes. To amend the Statutes of 1894, relating to the discharge of mortgage records. To amend the Statutes of 1894, relating to drainage of wet lands. Proposing an amendment to the state constitution so as to give the people of the state authority to propose measures which must be enacted by the legislature and referred back for the people to adopt or reject by popular vote.

Wisconsin Legislature.

Madison, Wis., March 7.—Marriage reform may yet be enacted into law in Wisconsin and the state be spared its unenviable reputation. At the assembly session last night Mr. Tru made an earnest plea for his marriage license bill, which was on the calendar for indefinite postponement, and measure was finally referred to a judiciary committee. Mr. Tru immediately drew up a substitute with hopes of better results. A memorial to congress favoring post savings banks, which was also due for death, was postponed a week. Moehle's bill to exempt bicycles from taxation was killed, though recommended for passage. The bill for taxation of life insurance companies will be favorably reported. A fight has been made on it by Northwestern Mutual Company of Milwaukee.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

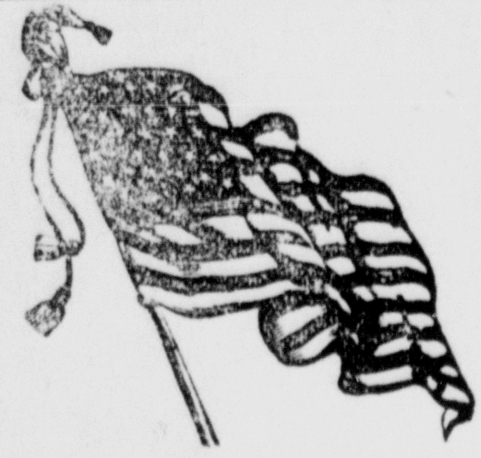
Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.
We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALEY, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1899.



AN extra session of congress is again talked of. Let us hope it is all talk.

It now looks as though the senate would be the death of the 4 per cent gross earnings tax bill.

WHAT Little Falls seems to need more than anything else is a fire department that can put out a fire.

THE legislatures of North and South Dakota have adjourned. The people of those state breathe easier.

EX-GOV. WM. R. MERRIAM has been appointed director of the census. A better appointment could not have been made.

THE last free coinage senate goes out of existence today. This country has outgrown debased money as a political issue, says the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

THE saloon business in this city seems to prosper under the mayor's Sunday closing policy. Two new saloons have started since, and the city now has twenty-eight.

GERMANY now says that Admiral Drettrich at Manila did not have tact. Perhaps not, but he thought enough of his carcass to take a tumble when Dewey told him to keep off the grass.

It cannot be said that Census Director Merriam entered on his duties blindly. He knows by personal experience in the St. Paul Minneapolis census fight what are some of the woes of the position.

THE boys have now about come to the conclusion that when Mayor Koop said he would keep the saloons closed on Sunday during the rest of his term, he was not talking through his hat. At least it looks that way.

THE republicans in the Nebraska legislature have gotten together and nominated and elected M. L. Hayward United States senator to succeed Senator Allen. If the California, Pennsylvania and Delaware legislatures would do likewise, the country would be thankful.

It's a cold day when Little Falls don't have one or more fires, or, more correctly, that city seems to have one or more fires every day that it's a little cold, and a little more fire than usual is necessary to keep warm. One would think they used wooden flues for chimneys.

ADMIRAL MONTEJO, the commander of the Spanish fleet destroyed by Dewey, has been thrown into prison and will be court martialed. He remained on his ship until it sank and scarcely an able man was left, and yet he is to be punished, what for, it is hard to realize, unless it is that he did not go down with the ship and drown himself. Spanish gratitude seems to be a mighty scarce article.

THE deadlock in the legislatures of the states of California, Utah and Pennsylvania still continue, and in all of them charges and countercharges of bribery have been made. It is surprising how long the American people will stand these disgraceful scenes annually, when a constitutional amendment electing senators by a direct vote will remedy the matter. Another congress should not be allowed to pass without passing legislation to remedy the matter.

CORPORAL FRENCH AT GIBRALTAR

Interesting Letter From a Brainerd Boy on His Way to Manila.

On Board Transport Sherman, Feb. 13th, 1899.

EDITORS DISPATCH: I promised you that I would write a letter for the DISPATCH when we arrived at Gibraltar, and tonight I will undertake the task as I will be busy tomorrow. We arrive at Gibraltar in the morning and expect to stay a couple of days. I will endeavor to get ashore and take in the sights of the English army stationed there and see if they look as good as the American army. In regard to our trip so far, we left Ft. Snelling on Jan. 30th, and arrived at New York on Thursday morning at 1 o'clock. At 8 a. m. we left the train and loaded on the train, pulling out into the bay at 5 o'clock that evening, where anchor was dropped for the night. When I woke up next morning we were far out on the dark blue sea, and then is when I began to feel homesick and almost wished I was home in Brainerd once more. We have had a very pleasant trip with but few accidents.

On Feb. 7th we ran into a storm, and it was a hard one, the water rolled over the deck and came down in the ship and there were a good many badly scared people on board. We met a three-masted schooner and she was in pretty bad shape, part of her sails and rigging were torn off by the storm, but she was going just the same. That night I went to bed about 10 o'clock and you could see the boys with their life preservers on and it was an amusing sight. On the 10th we passed the Azore Islands. I will write you again and mail it at the next port we land at.

In regard to the way we are living, we have four decks, the observation deck is No. 1, the mess deck No. 2, and Nos. 3 and 4 are the sleeping decks, and I sleep on No. 4, two feet below the water line. Our food is cooked by steam and it is getting very bad, but we have to stand it or get off and walk, and I guess I won't walk as it is too far from land. We have boiled beef, coffee and potatoes three times a day. I will close, hoping I will get to Manila and this letter will reach you.

Yours respectfully,
CORPORAL F. D. FRENCH,
Co. M, 3d U. S. Infantry, Manila, P. I.

Years of suffering relieved in a night. Itching piles yield at once to the curative properties of Doan's Ointment. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Blandly in Arizona.
W. G. Percy, who is now at Phoenix, Arizona, sends the DISPATCH a Phoenix Daily Herald of March 1st, which contains the following:

"The Blandly family, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Blandly and their five-year-old boy, have arrived in Phoenix on their overland journey from Minnesota to Seattle and back again to Minnesota. The novel feature of the party is their mode of travel. When the Klondike excitement broke out they resolved to go to the gold fields, traveling overland by dog team to Seattle, and from there take the boat. They left Minnesota August 27th, 1897, and arrived in Seattle on February 10th, 1898. Arriving at Seattle they found the Alaskan excitement not what they expected and started home again by dog team, going the southern route. They followed down the coast, and as stated above, arrived here a day or so ago, after a journey of several thousand miles. Mr. Blandly has a commodious wagon, which is drawn by seven dogs, and carries sufficient supplies for his family and team. He drives six dogs and keeps an extra one for an emergency. He thinks a good deal of his animals, and says their speed and powers of endurance are remarkable. In order to raise funds to assist him in replenishing his commissary he will give an exhibition at Phoenix Park on Sunday next, March 5th, at 3 p. m., at which his valuable canines will show their powers and their training. The admission will only be 10 cents, and all are invited."

Farmers, Attention!
If you bring your grain to Hessel's, Fourth street, near Northern Pacific track, you get right weight, just grade and best market price. tf

WANTED - TIES.
Oak, Tamarack and White Pine.
ALBERT ANGEL.

Beck & Remmels.
Headquarters for all kinds of farming implements, machinery, wagons, and buggies. A full line of seeders and drills of the best kind. We invite the public that is in need of any thing in our line, to come and examine our goods before buying elsewhere.
BECK & REMMELS.

WANTED—20,000 jack pine ties, 6 and 7 inch face, 7 inches thick.

CON. O'BRIEN.

Protect your self by securing these celebrated tools of your dealer. They are made of superior material and outlast, many times, the ordinary cheap stuff.

Gilt Edge Tools

and implements comprise: Drawing Knives, Chisels, Saws, Augers, Bits, Slicks, Screwdrivers, Axes, Hammers, Picks, Shovels, Spades, Lawnmowers, Wheelbarrows, Wrenches (fit any nut) and many other simple implements.

Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co. St. Paul.

Extra Special Photographic.

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Platino Cabinets,
At \$3.00 Per Dozen.

A 3-4 LIFE SIZE Special Process Portrait, for \$1.00 Extra . . .

THIS ought to bring 500 orders the FIRST week. Call and see samples at our Studio.

J. D. McColl
PHOTOGRAPHER.

DEE HOLDEN. CHAS. EKMAN.

H & E

Have Opened
... NEW ...
and Elegant

Sample Rooms

In the Sleeper Block,
Front Street . . .

Everything New!

Everything of the Best!

Choice Wines and Liquors,

Fine Imported and

Domestic Cigars.

Our Friends and the Public Generally are invited to Call and see us

At Our New Place.

"H. & E."

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., February 17th, 1899.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, April 3rd, 1899, viz: Samuel L. Peck, Nelson, H. E. No. 15916, for the S½ NW¼, Sec. 32, Twp. 44, R. 29.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Warren Godfrey, Glen L. Peck, Nelson G. Olson, J. A. DeCoste, P. O. Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minn.
M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Probate Notice.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.
In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 13th, 1899.
In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew J. Adney, Deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Emma Adney, Administratrix of the estate of Andrew J. Adney, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.
It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this court, on Friday, the 13th day of March, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County.
It is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.
Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 13th day of February, A. D. 1899.
By the Court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Notice.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.
In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 27, 1899.
In the matter of the Estate of Nils Wilson, deceased.
Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Gust Carlson, of said county.
It is ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate office in the City of Brainerd, Minn., on the following days, viz: Commencing on Monday, the 6th day of March, A. D. 1899, and on the first Monday of each month thereafter for six months.
It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.
Ordered, further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said county.
Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 27th day of February, A. D. 1899.
By the Court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.
W. H. MASTOR, Attorney for Administrator.

Summons.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.
District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.
CAROLINE CHARLOTT ANDERSON,
Plaintiff,
against
JOHN WILLIAM ANDERSON,
Defendant.
The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendant.
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled cause, which is filed in the office of the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his office in the City of Brainerd, in the said County of Crow Wing, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said Complaint.
Dated Feb. 8th, 1899.
CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office: Room 16, First National Bank Block, 61
Brainerd, Minnesota.

Summons.
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.
In District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.
HANNAR HOLMEN
Plaintiff,
vs.
JOHN HOLMEN
Defendant.
The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendant.
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled cause, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court at his office, at Brainerd, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated, January 20th, 1899.
S. P. ALDERMAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Brainerd, Minn.
Office Room 17, F. N. Bank Block.

Mortgage Sale.
Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage, executed and delivered by Wendla Sundstrom and Karl V. Sundstrom, (or Wendla Sundstrom and Karl V. Sundstrom), husband and wife, mortgagors, to the New York Mortgage Loan Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, mortgagee, dated May first A. D. 1893, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on May 22nd A. D. 1893, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book E, of Mortgages, on page 469, on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice Five hundred forty six dollars (\$546) and no action has been instituted to recover the debt secured or any part thereof, and whereas said debt and mortgage were sold and assigned by said mortgagee to Joseph E. Aldrich by assignment, dated June 9th, A. D. 1893, and recorded in said Registry of Deeds, on June 14th, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book N, of Mortgages on page 28.
Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, that under a power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the County Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy said mortgage, and costs and expenses of sale, including Fifty Dollars attorneys fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.
The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:
Lot two (2) of block four (4) of Schmeiz Third addition to the City of Brainerd according to the plat thereof recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said Crow Wing County.

JOSEPH E. ALDRICH,
Assignee of Mortgage.
LUN, NEFF & HARTLEY,
Attorneys.
Dated Feb. 8th, 1899.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., January 19, 1899.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on March 24, 1899, viz: Helen Anderson, H. E. No. 15888 for the NW¼ NW¼, Sec. 15, and NE¼ NE¼, Sec. 16, Township 45, Range 31 W.
She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Sam. Williams, Fred Veilett, Gideon Matte and E. Bordieu, P. O. address of all, St. Matthias, Minnesota.
M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 30, 1899.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of the District Court, Crow Wing County, Minn., at Brainerd, on March 18th, 1899, viz: Carl E. Carlson, H. E. No. 15606, for the E½ SE¼, Section 8, Township 44, Range 29.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Olat Graff, Louis Wickes, Nils J. Nilson, of Brainerd, Minn., and Christian A. Nilson, of Flak, Minn.
M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

S. & J. W. KOOP,
Wholesale and Retail
Dealers in
**Groceries, Provisions,
Flour and Feed.**
Brick Manufacturer.
**Railroad Ties Bought
For Cash.**
Goods Promptly Delivered
to all Parts of the City.

BRAINERD LUMBER CO.,
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.
Mills & Yards at Rice Lake, E. Brainerd
We have CONSTANTLY ON HAND a Complete Stock of Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Building Material.
SHORT LUMBER OF ALL GRADES, and LOW GRADE OF DIMENSION AND BOARDS at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

For Anything in the
Grocery Line
Call on
P. M. LAGERQUIST,
We Carry the finest Stock in the North west, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.
Staple and Fancy Groceries
* FLOUR AND FEED. *
Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

C. B. WHITE,
Contractor and Builder.
This is What We Carry:
Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wood Stock and
Builders' Hardware.
Also Tools of All Kinds, Glass, Rope, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Wagons, Etc.
SHOP WORK of all kinds done promptly.
I. U. WHITE, Manager.
Walker Block, Laurel Street.

NORTHERN PACIFIC
To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH
To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE
W. D. McKAY Agt. Chas. S. Fee, G. P. A. Brainerd, Minn. ST. PAUL, MINN.

Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.
TIME CARD—BRAINERD.
EAST BOUND: Arrive. Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express, 12:10 p. m. 12:30 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express, 3:10 a. m. 3:20 a. m.
No. 12, Duluth Mail, 1:40 p. m. 1:55 p. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight, 9:15 a. m. 10:15 a. m.
No. 55, Duluth Freight, 8:55 p. m. 9:40 p. m.
WEST BOUND:
No. 5, Fargo Express, 1:50 p. m. 2:10 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail, 5:40 p. m. 5:50 p. m.
No. 15, Duluth Mail, 11:30 p. m. 11:40 p. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight, 4:00 p. m. 5:10 p. m.
Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58. Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.
L. F. & D. BRANCH
No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris, 6:30 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd, 5:15 p. m.
Daily Except Sunday.

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

H. H. INGERSOLL. P. W. WIELAND.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 8, 7 and 9, sleeper block. Terms, \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

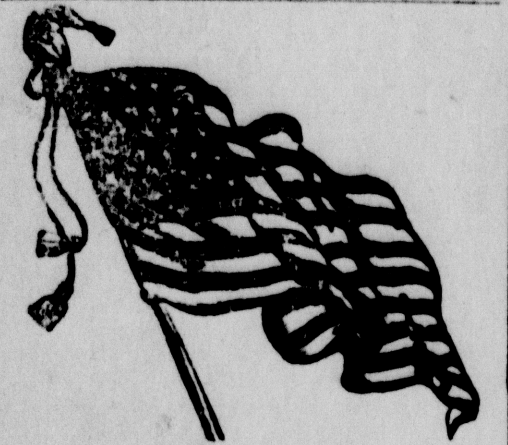
Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plain.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1899.



AN extra session of congress is again talked of. Let us hope it is all talk.

It now looks as though the senate would be the death of the 4 per cent gross earnings tax bill.

WHAT Little Falls seems to need more than anything else is a fire department that can put out a fire.

THE legislatures of North and South Dakota have adjourned. The people of those state breathe easier.

Ex-Gov. WM. R. MERRIAM has been appointed director of the census. A better appointment could not have been made.

THE last free coinage senate goes out of existence today. This country has outgrown debased money as a political issue, says the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

THE saloon business in this city seems to prosper under the mayor's Sunday closing policy. Two new saloons have started since, and the city now has twenty-eight.

GERMANY now says that Admiral Dietrich at Manila did not have tact. Perhaps not, but he thought enough of his carcass to take a tumble when Dewey told him to keep off the grass.

It cannot be said that Census Director Merriam entered on his duties blindly. He knows by personal experience in the St. Paul Minneapolis census fight what are some of the woes of the position.

THE boys have now about come to the conclusion that when Mayor Koop said he would keep the saloons closed on Sunday during the rest of his term, he was not talking through his hat. At least it looks that way.

THE republicans in the Nebraska legislature have gotten together and nominated and elected M. L. Hayward United States senator to succeed Senator Allen. If the California, Pennsylvania and Delaware legislatures would do likewise, the country would be thankful.

It's a cold day when Little Falls don't have one or more fires, or, more correctly, that city seems to have one or more fires every day that it's a little cold, and a little more fire than usual is necessary to keep warm. One would think they used wooden flues for chimneys.

ADMIRAL MONTEJO, the commander of the Spanish fleet destroyed by Dewey, has been thrown into prison and will be court martialed. He remained on his ship until it sank and scarcely an able man was left, and yet he is to be punished, what for, it is hard to realize, unless it is that he did not go down with the ship and drown himself. Spanish gratitude seems to be a mighty scarce article.

THE deadlock in the legislatures of the states of California, Utah and Pennsylvania still continue, and in all of them charges and counter-charges of bribery have been made. It is surprising how long the American people will stand these disgraceful scenes annually, when a constitutional amendment electing senators by a direct vote will remedy the matter. Another congress should not be allowed to pass without passing legislation to remedy the matter.

CORPORAL FRENCH AT GIBRALTAR

Interesting Letter From a Brainerd Boy on His Way to Manila.

On Board Transport Sherman, Feb. 13th, 1899.

EDITORS DISPATCH: I promised you that I would write a letter for the DISPATCH when we arrived at Gibraltar, and tonight I will undertake the task as I will be busy tomorrow. We arrive at Gibraltar in the morning and expect to stay a couple of days. I will endeavor to get ashore and take in the sights of the English army stationed there and see if they look as good as the American army. In regard to our trip so far, we left Ft. Snelling on Jan. 30th, and arrived at New York on Thursday morning at 1 o'clock. At 8 a. m. we left the train and loaded on the train, pulling out into the bay at 5 o'clock that evening, where anchor was dropped for the night. When I woke up next morning we were far out on the dark blue sea, and then is when I began to feel homesick and almost wished I was home in Brainerd once more. We have had a very pleasant trip with but few accidents.

On Feb. 7th we ran into a storm, and it was a hard one, the water rolled over the deck and came down in the ship and there were a good many badly scared people on board. We met a three-masted schooner and she was in pretty bad shape, part of her sails and rigging were torn off by the storm, but she was going just the same. That night I went to bed about 10 o'clock and you could see the boys with their life preservers on and it was an amusing sight. On the 10th we passed the Azore Islands. I will write you again and mail it at the next port we land at.

In regard to the way we are living, we have four decks, the observation deck is No. 1, the mess deck No. 2, and Nos. 3 and 4 are the sleeping decks, and I sleep on No. 4, two feet below the water line. Our food is cooked by steam and it is getting very bad, but we have to stand it or get off and walk, and I guess I won't walk as it is too far from land. We have boiled beef, coffee and potatoes three times a day. I will close, hoping I will get to Manila and this letter will reach you.

Yours respectfully,
CORPORAL F. D. FRENCH,
Co. M, 3d U. S. Infantry, Manila, P. I.

Years of suffering relieved in a night. Itching piles yield at once to the curative properties of Doan's Ointment. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Blandy in Arizona.

W. G. Percy, who is now at Phoenix, Arizona, sends the DISPATCH a Phoenix Daily Herald of March 1st, which contains the following:

"The Blandy family, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Blandy and their five-year-old boy, have arrived in Phoenix on their overland journey from Minnesota to Seattle and back again to Minnesota. The novel feature of the party is their mode of travel. When the Klondike excitement broke out they resolved to go to the gold fields, traveling overland by dog team to Seattle, and from there take the boat. They left Minnesota August 27th, 1897, and arrived in Seattle on February 10th, 1898. Arriving at Seattle they found the Alaskan excitement not what they expected and started home again by dog team, going the southern route. They followed down the coast, and as stated above, arrived here a day or so ago, after a journey of several thousand miles. Mr. Blandy has a commodious wagon, which is drawn by seven dogs, and carries sufficient supplies for his family and team. He drives six dogs and keeps an extra one for an emergency. He thinks a good deal of his animals, and says their speed and powers of endurance are remarkable. In order to raise funds to assist him in replenishing his commissary he will give an exhibition at Phoenix Park on Sunday next, March 5th, at 3 p. m., at which his valuable canines will show their powers and their training. The admission will only be 10 cents, and all are invited."

Farmers, Attention!
If you bring your grain to Hessel's, Fourth street, near Northern Pacific track, you get right weight, just grade and best market price. If

WANTED - TIEN.
Oak, Tamarack and White Pine.
ALBERT ANGEL.

Beck & Remmels.

Headquarters for all kinds of farming implements, machinery, wagons, and buggies. A full line of seeders and drills of the best kind. We invite the public that is in need of any thing in our line, to come and examine our goods before buying elsewhere.
BECK & REMMELS.

WANTED—20,000 jack pine ties, 6 and 7 inch face, 7 inches thick.

CON. O'BRIEN.

Protect your self by securing these celebrated tools of your dealer. They are made of superior material and outlast many times the ordinary cheap stuff.

Tools
and implements comprise Drawing Knives, Chisels, Saws, Augers, Bits, Shovels, Spades, Axes, and many other tools. (List any not) and many other tools.
Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co. St. Paul.

Extra Special Photographic.

For a limited time we will give to Each Customer who has a dozen of our best . . .

Platino Cabinets, At \$3.00 Per Dozen.

A 3-4 LIFE SIZE Special Process Portrait, for \$1.00 Extra

THIS ought to bring 500 orders the FIRST week. Call and see samples at our Studio.

J. D. McColl
PHOTOGRAPHER.

DEE HOLDEN. CHAS. EKMAN.

H & E

Have Opened . . . NEW . . . and Elegant

Sample Rooms

In the Sleeper Block, Front Street . . .

Everything New!

Everything of the Best!

Choice Wines and Liquors,

Fine Imported and

Domestic Cigars.

Our Friends and the Public Generally

are invited to Call and see us

At Our New Place.

"H. & E."

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., February 17th, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on March 24, 1899, viz: Samuel W. Robinson, H. E. No. 15916, for the S½ NW¼, Sec. 22, Twp. 44, E. 20.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Warren Godfrey, Glenn L. Peck, Neil G. Olson, J. A. McCoskey, P. O. Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minn.
M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 13th, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew J. Adney, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Emma Adney, Administratrix of the estate of Andrew J. Adney, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and that all persons interested in said estate, do appear at the hearing, to be held on Monday, the 13th day of March, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said County.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 13th day of February, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 27, 1899.

In the matter of the Estate of Nils Wilson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Gust Carlson, of said county.

It is ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Brainerd, Minn., on the following days, viz: Commencing on Monday, the 6th day of March, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing thereafter for six months.

It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered, further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 27th day of February, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

W. H. MANTON, Attorney for Administrator.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

CAROLINE CHARLOTT ANDERSON,

Plaintiff,

against

JOHN WILLIAM ANDERSON,

Defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his office in the City of Brainerd, in the said County of Crow Wing, within thirty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said Complaint.

Dated Feb. 8th, 1899.

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT,

Plaintiff's Attorney,

Office: Room 16, First National Bank Block, Brainerd, Minnesota.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of Crow Wing.

In District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

HANNA HOLMEN,

Plaintiff,

vs.

JOHN HOLMEN,

Defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled cause, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court at his office, at Brainerd, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, January 20th, 1899.

S. P. ALDERMAN,

Attorney for Plaintiff, Brainerd, Minn.

Office Room 17, F. N. Bank Block.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a mortgage, executed and delivered by Wendla Sundstrom and Karl V. Sundstrom, (husband and wife, mortgagors), to the New York Mortgage Loan Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, mortgagee, dated May first A. D. 1898, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on May 22nd A. D. 1898, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book E, of Mortgages, on page 469, on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of the notice five hundred forty six dollars (\$546) and no action has been instituted to recover the debt secured or any part thereof, and whereas said debt and mortgage were sold and assigned by said mortgagee to Joseph B. Aldrich by assignment, dated June 8th, A. D. 1898, and recorded in said Registry of Deeds, on June 14th, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book N, of Mortgages on page 28.

Therefore, Notice is hereby Given, that under a power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the sheriff of said Crow Wing County, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the County Court House, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy said mortgage, and costs and expenses of sale, including Fifty Dollars attorneys fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, and are described as follows, to-wit: Lot two (2) of block four (4) of Scheme Third addition to the City of Brainerd according to the plat thereof of record in the Registry of Deeds of said Crow Wing County.

JOSEPH B. ALDRICH,

Assignee of Mortgage.

LUM, NEFF & HARTLEY,

Attorneys.

Dated Feb. 8th, 1899.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., January 19, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on March 24, 1899, viz: Helen Anderson, H. E. No. 15888, for the NW¼ NW¼, Sec. 15, and NE¼ NE¼, Sec. 16, Township 43, Range 31 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Sam. Williams, Fred Veilleit, Gideon Matte and E. Bordenau, P. O. address of all, St. Matthias, Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 30, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Clerk of the District Court, Crow Wing County, Minn., at Brainerd, on March 18th, 1899, viz: Carl E. Carlson, H. E. No. 15808, for the E½ SE¼, Section 8, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Olaf Graff, Louis Wicks, Nils J. Nilson, of Brainerd, Minn., and Christian A. Nilson, of Flax, Minn.
M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

S. & J. W. KOOP,
Wholesale and Retail
Dealers in
Groceries, Provisions,
Flour and Feed.
Brick Manufacturer.
Railroad Ties Bought
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BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

Mills & Yards at Rice Lake, E. Brainerd

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SHORT LUMBER OF ALL GRADES, and LOW GRADE OF DIMENSION AND BOARDS at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

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Call on
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Staple and Fancy Groceries
* FLOUR AND FEED. *
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C. B. WHITE,
Contractor and Builder.

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Builders' Hardware.

Also Tools of All Kinds, Glass, Rope, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Wagons, Etc.

SHOP WORK of all kinds done promptly.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

Walker Block, Laurel Street.

NORTHERN PACIFIC
To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH
To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE
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WEST BOUND: No. 5, Fargo Express, 1:50 p. m. 2:10 p. m. No. 11, Pacific Mail, 3:40 p. m. 5:50 p. m. No. 13—Duluth Mail, 1:40 p. m. 1:55 p. m. No. 57, Staples Freight, 4:00 p. m. 5:10 p. m.
Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58. Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.
L. F. & D. BRANCH No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris, etc. No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd, etc. Daily except Sunday.
5:15 p. m. 6:30 a. m.
W. D. McKay Agt. Chas. S. Fee, G. F. A. Brainerd, Minn. ST. PAUL, MINN.

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:

I herewith submit a Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, Assets, Liabilities and Balances During the Fiscal Year Ending December 31st, A. D. 1898.

A. MAHLUM,
County Auditor.

Tabular Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Balances for Fiscal Year Ending December 31st, A. D. 1898.

	Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1897	Collections during the year	Disbursements as per vouchers can- celled	Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1898
STATE FUNDS.				
State of Minnesota	\$3985 89	\$3985 89	\$3985 89	\$3985 89
State School Land Account	48 07	48 07	48 07	48 07
School Text Book Account	149 72	59 71	209 43	209 43
Total	\$158 68	\$4532 51	\$4591 19	\$4532 51
COUNTY FUNDS.				
County Revenue Fund	\$1301 22	\$15323 54	\$17824 76	\$15000 45
Poor Fund	31 29	5009 18	5040 47	489 89
Road and Bridge Fund	62	2987 75	2987 75	2987 75
Special Road and Bridge Fund	2896 10	16522 71	22518 81	21931 82
Pond Interest Fund	564 26	17759 96	18254 22	436 64
Sinking Fund	1270 95	49 15	1320 10	1319 67
Surplus Fund	93 69	93 69	93 69	93 69
Building Fund	93 21	755 50	848 71	93 21
Redemption Fund	314 21	556 55	870 76	556 55
Special Poor Fund				
Total	\$6657 21	\$63263 72	\$69919 93	\$64942 53
CITY AND TOWN FUNDS.				
City of Brainerd	\$13426 64	\$13426 64	\$13426 64	\$13426 64
City of Brainerd Sidewalks	268 59	268 59	268 59	268 59
City of Brainerd Sinking	1485 00	1485 00	1485 00	1485 00
City of Brainerd Andrews Judgment	18 22	18 22	18 22	18 22
City of Brainerd Opening Sixth Street	29 91	29 91	29 91	29 91
Town of Brainerd Opening Sixth Street	13 45	141 86	141 86	141 86
Town of Crow Wing	54 89	54 89	54 89	54 89
Town of Oak Lake	368 23	368 23	368 23	368 23
Town of Deerwood	403 21	403 21	403 21	403 21
Town of Daggett Brook	113 07	113 07	113 07	113 07
Town of Long Lake	141 76	141 76	141 76	141 76
Town of Garrison	190 40	190 40	190 40	190 40
Town of St. Mathias	106 69	106 69	106 69	106 69
Town of Maple Grove	97 54	97 54	97 54	97 54
Total	\$147 72	\$16708 80	\$16552 52	\$16502 76
SCHOOL FUNDS.				
General School	\$ 18	\$12784 57	\$12784 75	\$12790 04
Brainerd District Independent	27592 64	27592 64	27592 64	27592 64
Brainerd District Sinking	1337 80	1337 80	1337 80	1337 80
School District	204 92	204 92	204 92	204 92
do No. 1	248 65	248 65	248 65	248 65
do No. 2	409 12	409 12	409 12	409 12
do No. 3	526 69	526 69	526 69	526 69
do No. 4	255 69	255 69	255 69	255 69
do No. 5	86 77	86 77	86 77	86 77
do No. 6	426 69	426 69	426 69	426 69
do No. 7	543 28	543 28	543 28	543 28
do No. 8	530 79	530 79	530 79	530 79
do No. 9	180 78	180 78	180 78	180 78
do No. 10	258 59	258 59	258 59	258 59
do No. 11	439 60	439 60	439 60	439 60
do No. 12	287 37	287 37	287 37	287 37
do No. 13	238 64	238 64	238 64	238 64
do No. 14	263 68	263 68	263 68	263 68
do No. 15	154 70	154 70	154 70	154 70
do No. 16	128 23	128 23	128 23	128 23
do No. 17	196 91	196 91	196 91	196 91
do No. 18	218 09	218 09	218 09	218 09
do No. 19	302 47	302 47	302 47	302 47
do No. 20	194 89	194 89	194 89	194 89
do No. 21	156 19	156 19	156 19	156 19
do No. 22	173 44	173 44	173 44	173 44
do No. 23	81 78	81 78	81 78	81 78
do No. 24	197 91	197 91	197 91	197 91
do No. 25	250 05	250 05	250 05	250 05
do No. 26	262 40	262 40	262 40	262 40
do No. 27	109 78	109 78	109 78	109 78
do No. 28	220 50	220 50	220 50	220 50
do No. 29	234 04	234 04	234 04	234 04
do No. 30	81 16	81 16	81 16	81 16
do No. 31	133 23	133 23	133 23	133 23
do No. 32	150 18	150 18	150 18	150 18
do No. 33	338 16	338 16	338 16	338 16
do No. 34	287 87	287 87	287 87	287 87
do No. 35	209 68	209 68	209 68	209 68
do No. 36	240 36	240 36	240 36	240 36
do No. 37	11 18	11 18	11 18	11 18
do No. 38	114 03	114 03	114 03	114 03
do No. 39	81 29	81 29	81 29	81 29
do No. 40	2 29	2 29	2 29	2 29
do No. 41	43 02	43 02	43 02	43 02
do No. 42	63 32	63 32	63 32	63 32
do No. 43	60 13	60 13	60 13	60 13
do No. 44	13 39	13 39	13 39	13 39
do No. 45	122 42	122 42	122 42	122 42
do No. 46	6 93	6 93	6 93	6 93
do No. 47	81 42	81 42	81 42	81 42
do No. 48	68 62	68 62	68 62	68 62
do No. 49	54 74	54 74	54 74	54 74
do No. 50	49 18	49 18	49 18	49 18
do No. 51	47 03	47 03	47 03	47 03
do No. 52	51 33	51 33	51 33	51 33
Total	\$306 16	\$51448 18	\$51749 34	\$51302 52
TAX COLLECTIONS.				
Tax Collections	\$10595 24	\$83274 90	\$88870 14	\$88663 70
RECAPITULATION.				
State Fund	\$158 68	\$4532 51	\$4591 19	\$4532 51
County Funds	6657 21	63263 72	69919 93	64942 53
City and Town Funds	147 72	16708 80	16552 52	16502 76
School Funds	306 16	51448 18	51749 34	51302 52
Tax Collections	10595 24	83274 90	88870 14	88663 70
Total	\$17865 01	\$224222 11	\$242087 12	\$226055 13

Receipts.	
Into the County Treasury to the Credit of the Different Funds.	
GENERAL COUNTY FUND.	
Interest on deposits	\$820 13
Jury fees	30 00
Court fees	11 77
Fire warden, 1/2 state	9 43
Candidates' fees, blue ballots	263 00
Balance of appropriation for costs in matter of 17 towns returned by county attorney	18 18
Tax collections	15371 03
Total	\$16523 54
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.	
Old Mississippi river bridge iron sold by Commissioner Cale	\$40 01
Tax collections	2946 12
Total	\$2986 13
POOR FUND.	
Amount returned from appropriation made for transportation of family of S E Smith to Aitkin	\$2 05
Tax collections	5007 13
Total	\$5009 18
SPECIAL POOR FUND.	
Products sold by the overseer of the poor farm	\$520 59
Tax collections	35 96
Total	\$556 55

SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.	
To eighteen bonds, \$1,000 denomination, with accrued interest	\$18179 99
Tax collections	1442 72
Total	\$19622 71
BOND INTEREST FUND.	
Amount borrowed from the First National Bank of Brainerd	\$7600 00
Tax collections	10159 96
Total	\$17759 96
Disbursements.	
POOR FUND.	
A Angel, goods for the poor	\$10 75
A Angel, goods for the poor	12 50
M K Swartz, drugs for poor farm	28 75
Beach, Cole & Beach, goods for poor farm	10 49
J L Camp, medical services poor	147 00
Campbell & Smith, goods for poor farm	12 75
C D Johnson, drugs for poor farm	3 90
C D Johnson, drugs for poor farm	3 66
Werner Hemstead, medical services poor	47 00
Mrs M C Benson, nursing poor	6 75
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.	
S & J W Koop, goods for poor	11 00
Larson & Walters, wood for poor	3 25
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm	15 00
Slipp Bros., goods for poor farm	46 81
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers	19 00
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers	7 00
Wm Clark, temporary aid	5 00
Mrs Durham, temporary aid	10 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	9 25
Mrs Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
John Brooks, temporary aid	6 00
Wm Clark, temporary aid	5 00
Evergreen Cemetery Association, graves for poor	21 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	40 00
W W Craig, goods for the poor	8 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	26 45
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	7 50
J L Camp, medical services poor	86 40
Rostad, Bane & Co., meats for poor farm	11 09
A Angel, goods for the poor	6 85
Geo S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	51 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm	15 00
Slipp Bros., goods for the poor	3 30
Koop Bros., goods for the poor	9 00

Chas A Krech, wood for poor	3 00
Con O'Brien, goods for the poor	5 00
J P McGinnis, goods for the poor	9 70
T McMaster, hay stumpage for poor farm	25 00
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers	30 80
James Wickham, blacksmithing poor farm	2 50
Mrs Durham, temporary aid	10 00
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
John Brooks, temporary aid	6 00
J B McKinney, temporary aid	6 00
Wm Clark, temporary aid	5 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	80 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	80 40
L M Koop, goods for the poor	6 52
Williamson & Smallwood, goods for poor	16 94
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers	7 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	50 00
C D Johnson, drugs for poor	4 00
Mary Hicks, temporary aid	4 15
Harry Patterson, transportation for pauper children to Owatonna	23 41
W W Craig, goods for poor	5 00
D M Clark & Co., goods for poor farm	7 40
Koop Bros., goods for the poor	9 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm	15 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	3 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	3 40
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid	10 00
J B McKinney, temporary aid	6 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	40 00
Evergreen Cemetery Association, graves for paupers	9 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	50 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm	15 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	70 10
James Wickham, blacksmithing poor farm	4 75
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
W W Craig, goods for poor	15 00
John Brooks, temporary aid	5 00
D D Smith, goods for the poor farm	17 00
A Angel, goods for the poor farm	6 55
Ed Armstead, temporary aid	5 00
A P Farrar, inventory of poor farm	3 00
J D Gable, wood for the poor farm	10 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	16 75
Martin Toohay, temporary aid	3 85
H I Cohen, goods for the poor	8 48
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid	5 00
J B McKinney, temporary aid	6 00
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
Ed Armstead, temporary aid	5 00
Ed Armstead, medical treatment	200 00
J L Camp, medical treatment poor	40 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm	37 50
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm	7 00
Losey & Dean, coffin and burial of poor	38 50
J L Camp, medical services poor	34 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	53 75
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm	22 00
A Angel, goods for the poor	5 65
J L Camp, medical services poor	87 24
Craig & Craig, goods for poor	10 00
Harry Patterson, transportation for pauper	3 75
Mahlum & Vallentyne, goods for poor	5 00
M McFadden, premium insurance warehouse at poor farm	16 80
Koop Bros., goods for the poor	13 00
T McMaster, goods for the poor	22 29
Jas Thompson, temporary aid	6 13
Sam McCourtly, laborer at poor farm	15 00
Fred Berg, laborer at the poor farm	15 00
Mrs S L Seartoss, nursing poor	1 90
Koop Bros., goods for the poor	13 60
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid	5 00
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
Joel Smith, lumber for the poor farm	30 80
Ed Armstead, temporary aid	5 00
D D Smith, wagon for the poor farm	52 50
Henry James, work at poor farm	3 48
J L Camp, medical services for poor	68 40
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	12 50
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	24 70
McCourtly & Berg, work at the poor farm	14 85
Knute Olson, work at the poor farm	22 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	60 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	40 00
W W Craig, goods for the poor	10 00
A P Farrar, transportation to poor farm with pauper	3 00
Con O'Brien, goods for poor	21 00
Koop Bros., goods for the poor	7 50
R P Walters, goods for the poor	2 50
L E Lum, interest on the poor farm mortgage	50 00
R H Palne, plumbing at poor farm	1 00
C D Johnson, drugs for poor farm	1 75
Chas Russell, work at poor farm	1 50
Beach, Cole & Beach, goods for poor farm	5 78
J L Camp, medical services poor	40 00
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid	5 00
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers	16 00
H Drapeau, goods for the poor	12 40
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00

Ed Armstead, temporary aid	5 00
Redding & Reilly, goods for poor farm	20 00
A P Farrar, money advanced for transportation for pauper	3 85
G S McCulloch, money advanced account of poor farm	18 80
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	50 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm	22 00
D M Clark & Co., goods for poor farm	6 50
James Wickham, blacksmithing at poor farm	7 20
Koop Bros., goods for the poor farm	10 25
A P Farrar, railway fare for pauper	00
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid	5 00
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm	41 70
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm	2 20
C D Johnson, drugs for the poor farm	1 45
Ed Armstead, temporary aid	5 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	50 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm	22 00
James Rhodes, laborer at poor farm	2 50
J L Camp, medical services poor	37 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	40 00
Slipp Bros., goods for the poor farm	17 75
W W Craig, goods for the poor	5 00
J F McGinnis & Co., goods for poor	6 70
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
Joel Bubar, inventory of poor farm	3 00
Ed Armstead, temporary aid	5 00
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid	5 00
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers	16 25
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers	12 00
James Wickham, work at poor farm	4 70
Mrs H Shupe, work at the poor farm	2 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	40 00
J L Camp, medical services poor	37 80
Koop Bros., goods for the poor	3 85
R G Vallentyne, goods for work etc	5 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	50 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm	22 00
D D Smith, goods for the poor farm	15 50
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid	5 00
Evergreen Cemetery Association, graves for poor	15 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	9 20
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm	24 34
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	7 50
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm	22 86
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
Harry Patterson, visiting pauper	5 00
W W Craig, goods for the poor	5 00
Ed Armstead, temporary aid	5 00
F J Closterman, goods for the poor	5 20
Knute Olson, work at the poor farm	22 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm	56 95
J L Camp, medical services poor	40 00
Joel Smith, transportation for paupers	6 50
Losey & Dean, coffin, etc., for paupers	25 00
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid	5 00
Mrs C Whalen, temporary aid	3 00
John Brooks, temporary aid	5 00
Ed Armstead, temporary aid	5 00
Joel Smith, transportation for pauper	4 75
Patrick Wilson, work at poor farm	1 10
Stendal & Peterson, ice for poor farm	5 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor	25 05

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:

I herewith submit a Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, Assets, Liabilities and Balances During the Fiscal Year Ending December 31st, A. D. 1898.

A. MAHLUM,
County Auditor.

Tabular Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Balances for Fiscal Year Ending December 31st, A. D. 1898.

	Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1897.	Collectors during the year.	Total of foregoing	Disbursements as per vouchers cancelled.	Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1898.
STATE FUNDS.					
State of Minnesota.	\$8 97	\$885 39	\$894 36	\$894 36	\$8 97
State School Land Account.	149 72	295 71	445 43	445 43	149 72
School Text Book Account.					
Total.	\$158 69	\$1181 10	\$1339 79	\$1339 79	\$158 69
COUNTY FUNDS.					
County Revenue Fund.	\$1301 32	\$1025 54	\$2326 86	\$2326 86	\$1301 32
County Fund.	31 29	220 18	251 47	251 47	31 29
County Road and Bridge Fund.	2936 10	220 18	3156 28	3156 28	2936 10
County Sinking Fund.	1270 25	1770 96	3041 21	3041 21	1270 25
County Surplus Fund.	98 65	48 15	146 80	146 80	98 65
County Building Fund.	98 21	705 50	803 71	803 71	98 21
County Special Poor Fund.	214 21	885 55	1099 76	1099 76	214 21
Total.	\$6057 21	\$4285 72	\$10342 93	\$10342 93	\$6057 21
CITY AND TOWN FUNDS.					
City of Brainerd.	\$12495 54	\$12495 54	\$24991 08	\$24991 08	\$12495 54
City of Brainerd Sidewalks.	365 59	365 59	731 18	731 18	365 59
City of Brainerd Sinking.	1455 00	1455 00	2910 00	2910 00	1455 00
City of Brainerd Andrews Judgment.	10 23	10 23	20 46	20 46	10 23
City of Brainerd Opening Sixth Street.	20 91	20 91	41 82	41 82	20 91
Town of Moorhead.	124 41	124 41	248 82	248 82	124 41
Town of Crow Wing.	54 59	54 59	109 18	109 18	54 59
Town of Oak Lawn.	285 23	285 23	570 46	570 46	285 23
Town of Deerwood.	420 21	420 21	840 42	840 42	420 21
Town of Daguerre.	113 07	113 07	226 14	226 14	113 07
Town of Long Lake.	19 31	19 31	38 62	38 62	19 31
Town of Garrison.	100 00	100 00	200 00	200 00	100 00
Town of St. Mathias.	106 69	106 69	213 38	213 38	106 69
Town of Maple Grove.	97 54	97 54	195 08	195 08	97 54
Total.	\$147 73	\$14708 50	\$14856 23	\$14856 76	\$147 73
SCHOOL FUNDS.					
General School.	\$ 18	\$12754 57	\$12772 75	\$12772 75	\$ 18
Brainerd District Independent.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
Brainerd District Sinking.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
School District No. 1.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 2.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 3.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 4.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 5.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 6.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 7.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 8.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 9.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 10.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 11.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 12.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 13.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 14.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 15.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 16.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 17.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 18.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 19.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 20.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 21.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 22.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 23.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 24.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 25.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 26.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 27.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 28.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 29.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 30.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 31.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 32.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 33.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 34.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 35.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 36.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 37.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 38.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 39.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 40.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 41.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 42.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 43.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 44.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 45.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 46.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 47.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 48.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 49.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 50.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 51.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 52.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 53.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
do No. 54.		\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	
Total.	\$205 16	\$12754 57	\$12959 73	\$12959 73	\$205 16
TAX COLLECTIONS.					
Tax Collections.	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57	\$12754 57
RECAPITULATION.					
State Fund.	\$158 69	\$1181 10	\$1339 79	\$1339 79	\$158 69
County Fund.	31 29	220 18	251 47	251 47	31 29
County Road and Bridge Fund.	2936 10	220 18	3156 28	3156 28	2936 10
County Sinking Fund.	1270 25	1770 96	3041 21	3041 21	1270 25
County Surplus Fund.	98 65	48 15	146 80	146 80	98 65
County Building Fund.	98 21	705 50	803 71	803 71	98 21
County Special Poor Fund.	214 21	885 55	1099 76	1099 76	214 21
Total.	\$6057 21	\$4285 72	\$10342 93	\$10342 93	\$6057 21
OVERDRAWN.					
Overdrawn.					

Receipts.

Into the County Treasury to the Credit of the Different Funds.

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.	
Interest on deposits.	\$20 13
Jury fees.	30 00
Court fees.	11 77
Fire warden, 1/2 state.	9 48
Candidates' fees, blue ballots.	363 00
Balance of appropriation for costs in matter of 17 towns returned by county attorney.	18 18
Tax collections.	15371 08
Total.	\$16385 54
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.	
Old Mississippi river bridge iron sold by Commissioner Dale.	\$40 01
Tax collections.	2046 12
Total.	\$2086 13
POOR FUND.	
Amount returned from appropriation made for transportation of family of S E Smith to Atkin.	98 05
Tax collections.	5007 13
Total.	\$5095 18
SPECIAL POOR FUND.	
Products sold by the overseer of the poor farm.	\$250 10
Tax collections.	25 94
Total.	\$276 04

SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

To eighteen bonds, \$1,000 denomination, with accrued interest.

Tax collections.	\$10179 99
Total.	\$10179 99
BOND INTEREST FUND.	
Amount borrowed from the First National Bank of Brainerd.	\$7000 00
Tax collections.	10189 99
Total.	\$17189 99
Disbursements.	
POOR FUND.	
A Angel, goods for poor farm.	\$19 75
A Angel, goods for poor farm.	12 50
M K Swartz, drugs for poor farm.	26 75
Beach, Cole & Beach, goods for poor farm.	10 49
J L Camp, medical services for poor farm.	147 00
Campbell & Smith, goods for poor farm.	13 75
O D Johnson, drugs for poor farm.	3 90
O D Johnson, drugs for poor farm.	3 90
Werner Hemstead, medical services for poor farm.	47 00
Mrs M C Benson, nursing poor.	0 75

S & J W Koop, goods for poor.	11 00
Larson & Walters, wood for poor.	3 25
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm.	15 00
Slipp Bros., goods for poor farm.	46 81
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers.	19 00
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers.	7 00
Wm Clark, temporary aid.	5 00
Mrs Durham, temporary aid.	10 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm.	9 25
M Whalen, temporary aid.	3 00
John Brooks, temporary aid.	6 00
Wm Clark, temporary aid.	5 00
Evergreen Cemetery Association, graves for poor.	21 00
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	40 00
W W Craig, goods for the poor.	6 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm.	26 48
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm.	7 50
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	96 40
Rostad, Bane & Co., meats for poor farm.	11 00
A Angel, goods for the poor.	6 85
Geo S McCulloch, overseer poor farm.	51 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm.	15 00
Slipp Bros., goods for the poor farm.	3 30
Koop Bros., goods for the poor.	0 00

Chas A Kroch, wood for poor.	3 00
Con O'Brien, goods for the poor.	5 00
J F McDinnis, goods for the poor.	0 70
T McInerney, hay stumpage for poor farm.	25 00
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers.	20 00
James Wickham, blacksmithing poor farm.	2 50
Mrs Durham, temporary aid.	10 00
Mrs O Whalen, temporary aid.	3 00
John Brooks, temporary aid.	6 00
J B McKinney, temporary aid.	6 00
Wm Clark, temporary aid.	5 00
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	80 00
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	80 40
L M Koop, goods for the poor farm.	6 82
Williamson & Smallwood, goods for poor.	16 94
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers.	7 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm.	50 00
O D Johnson, drugs for poor.	4 00
Mary Hicks, temporary aid.	4 15
Harry Patterson, transportation for pauper children to Owatonna.	23 41
W W Craig, goods for poor.	5 00
D M Clark & Co., goods for poor farm.	7 40
Koop Bros., goods for the poor.	9 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm.	15 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor.	3 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor.	3 40
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid.	10 00
J B McKinney, temporary aid.	6 00
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	40 00
Evergreen Cemetery Association, graves for paupers.	9 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm.	50 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm.	15 00
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	70 10
James Wickham, blacksmithing poor farm.	4 75
Mrs O Whalen, temporary aid.	3 00
W W Craig, goods for poor.	15 00
John Brooks, temporary aid.	5 00
D D Smith, goods for the poor farm.	17 00
A Angel, goods for poor farm.	6 65
Ed Armstead, temporary aid.	5 00
A P Farrar, inventory of poor farm.	3 00
J D Gablour, wood for the poor farm.	10 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm.	16 75
Martin Toohy, temporary aid.	3 85
H I Cohen, goods for the poor.	6 48
Mrs Wm Durham temporary aid.	5 00
J B McKinney, temporary aid.	6 00
Mrs O Whalen, temporary aid.	3 00
Ed Armstead, temporary aid.	5 00
Ed Armstead, medical treatment.	200 00
J L Camp, medical treatment poor.	40 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm.	27 50
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm.	7 00
Losey & Dean, coffin and burial of poor.	28 50
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	24 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm.	50 75
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm.	28 00
A Angel, goods for the poor.	5 65
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	97 34
Craig & Craig, goods for poor.	10 00
Harry Patterson, transportation for pauper.	3 75
Mahlum & Vallentyne, goods for poor.	5 00
M McFadden, premium insurance on warehouse at poor farm.	14 80
Koop Bros., goods for the poor.	13 00
T McMaster, goods for the poor.	28 29
Joe Thompson, temporary aid.	6 13
Sam McCourty, laborer at poor farm.	15 00
Fred Berg, laborer at the poor farm.	15 00
Mrs S L Searfoss, nursing poor.	1 90
Koop Bros., goods for the poor.	15 00
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid.	5 00
Mrs O Whalen, temporary aid.	3 00
Joel Smith, lumber for the poor farm.	30 80
Ed Armstead, temporary aid.	5 00
D D Smith, wagon for the poor farm.	58 50
Henry James, work at poor farm.	3 48
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	58 40
M Hagberg, goods for the poor.	12 50
M Hagberg, goods for the poor.	24 70
McCourty & Berg, work at the poor farm.	14 85
Knute Olson, work at the poor farm.	22 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm.	50 00
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	40 00
W W Craig, goods for the poor.	10 00
A P Farrar, transportation to poor farm with pauper.	3 00
Con O'Brien, goods for poor farm.	21 00
Koop Bros., goods for the poor farm.	7 50
R F Walters, goods for the poor farm.	3 50
L E Lum, interest on the poor farm mortgage.	50 00
B H Palne, plumbing at poor farm.	1 75
O D Johnson, drugs for poor farm.	1 50
Chas Russell, work at poor farm.	5 78
Beach, Cole & Beach, goods for poor farm.	40 00
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	40 00
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid.	5 00
Losey & Dean, burial of pauper.	16 00
H Drapera, goods for the poor farm.	13 40
Mrs O Whalen, temporary aid.	3 00

Ed Armstead, temporary aid.	5 00
Redding & Kelly, goods for poor farm.	30 00
A P Farrar, money advanced for transportation for pauper.	3 85
G S McCulloch, money advanced account of poor farm.	18 80
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm.	80 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm.	28 00
D M Clark & Co., goods for poor farm.	6 50
James Wickham, blacksmithing at poor farm.	7 20
Koop Bros., goods for the poor farm.	10 35
A P Farrar, railway fare for pauper.	90
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid.	5 00
Mrs O Whalen, temporary aid.	3 00
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm.	41 70
M Hagberg, goods for the poor farm.	2 20
O D Johnson, drugs for the poor farm.	1 45
Ed Armstead, temporary aid.	5 00
G S McCulloch, overseer poor farm.	50 00
Knute Olson, laborer at poor farm.	28 00
James Rhodes, laborer at poor farm.	3 50
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	37 00
J L Camp, medical services for poor.	40 00
Slipp Bros., goods for the poor farm.	17 75
W W Craig, goods for the poor.	5 00
J F McDinnis & Co., goods for poor.	6 70
Mrs O Whalen, temporary aid.	3 00
Joe Huber, inventory of poor farm.	3 00
Ed Armstead, temporary aid.	5 00
Mrs Wm Durham, temporary aid.	5 00
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers.	16 25
Losey & Dean, burial of paupers.	13 00

A P Farrar, road work...	17 50	C Y Beckley, grading work...	14 37
David Petrie, road work...	6 00	John T Zeller, grading work...	7 50
Frank Petrie, surveying road work...	6 00	W E Auskin, grading work...	3 38
D Archibald, appropriation for road work...	40 00	St Paul Foundry Co., angle irons...	5 63
Geo. Alexander, road work...	3 00	Joel Smith, freight on angle irons...	50 40
John Lind, road work...	9 00	Wm Meehan, grading work...	6 25
Geo. Jackson, road work...	4 50	Wm Fenton, grading work...	4 63
John Flousberg, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	9 00	L Spencer, grading work...	11 10
E Guene, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	7 50	W C Finley, grading work...	13 25
Mack Tomlinson, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	15 00	Bert Baker, grading work...	4 60
J B McKinney, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	10 25	S M McCall, grading work...	9 00
John Dixon, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	3 00	O Edwards, grading work...	31 50
W I Green, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	21 00	J H Zellers, grading work...	1 25
James Sloughlin, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	21 00	Frank Baker, grading work...	10 84
Geo Alexander, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	2 25	James Lease, work...	2 62
A Bratt, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	30 00	E B Kisman, work...	19 25
Wm Flousberg, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	15 00	Pioneer Press Co., advertising bids...	19 50
Seth Broth, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	22 00	Silas Hall, drayage...	2 25
A A Miller, road work...	3 80	Joseph Deshaune, work...	1 12
J W Roberts, surveying road...	1 00	Jacob Deroser, work...	7 50
Oscar Roberts, surveying road...	1 00	A P Farrar, appropriation for grading...	75 00
Henry Roberts, surveying road...	1 00	B Baker, grading...	6 37
A E Halstrom, surveying road...	1 00	The Journal Printing Co., bids...	23 55
T C Pointon, surveying road...	6 00	A Hart, work...	17 13
A Everett, bridge work...	84 00	W C Finley, work...	57 50
Joel Smith, bridge work...	35 70	F A Martin, work...	1 10
Fred Maghan, bridge work...	6 75	A P Farrar, money advanced, part appropriation...	60
Harry Hagadorn, bridge work...	15 10	Clinton Bridge & Iron Works, balance due on contract...	31 00
Fred Elmer, appropriation road work...	10 00	First National Bank of Brainerd, interest on certificates of indebtedness...	12 00
A A Miller, plank for bridge repairs...	8 57	Amount borrowed from the road and bridge fund to pay C F Lowth, engineer...	325 00
Joel Smith, part appropriation Pine River bridge...	10 00		
H S Wellwood, work on road...	7 03		
L J Cale, work on road...	12 00		
A M Bratt, work on bridge...	9 00		
J M Young, work on road...	8 00		
A F Ludwig, work on Hay Creek road...	60 00		
John Peterson, road overseer...	12 00		
Wm F Holst, bridge work...	10 75		
Henry Harmon, bridge work...	12 75		
J B Swisher, appropriation for bridge repairs...	30 10		
E Bath, road overseer...	4 50		
L J Cale, viewing roads...	11 00		
Fred Elmer, road overseer...	29 50		
Hugo Drocher, road work...	2 25		
Gust Johnson, road work...	81 00		
L Garrison, road work...	27 80		
D Archibald, road work...	15 00		
A W Miller, road work...	15 00		
A H Green, road work...	16 00		
John Bubar, road work...	16 75		
Joel Smith, road work...	30 00		
R K Whiteley, surveying road...	22 00		
Brainerd Lumber Co., lumber for bridges...	121 69		
John Lind, road overseer...	5 25		
Joel Smith, road work...	6 00		
T C Pointon, road work...	10 00		
Tom Pointon, road work...	8 00		
Geo Petrie, road work...	10 00		
R J Maghan, overseer...	30 00		
R J Maghan, road work...	22 00		
W H Rosenkranz, road work...	10 00		
John Palmquist, road work...	25 00		
G S McCulloch, work with road machine...	17 50		
D Archibald, road work...	14 00		
D Archibald, road work...	15 00		
Parker & Topping, bridge castings...	5 78		
A P Farrar, viewing road...	6 00		
Joel Smith, appropriation for bridge fund...	260 00		
Craig & Craig, road work...	17 00		
Geo D LaBar, interest on road and bridge orders...	1 44		
John Bubar, overseeing road work...	5 40		
A P Farrar, overseeing road work...	3 20		
H M Moorehouse, work on road...	5 00		
Chas Shepard, appraising Edquist road...	2 90		
L J Cale, overseeing road work...	12 00		
Refunding Orders No. 40, 41 and 42...	3 85		
Total...	8296 6		

SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.			
ACCOUNT CONSTRUCTION OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER BRIDGE.			
C F Lowth, engineer...	\$150 00		
R K Whiteley, superintendent of work...	50 00		
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works, part payment of contract price...	4469 57		
J W Slipp, surveying...	9 00		
J W Jones, grading...	14 00		
R K Whiteley, superintendent...	58 00		
Joel Smith, money advanced...	5 50		
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works, part payment of contract price...	3351 40		
C F Lowth, engineer...	250 00		
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works, part payment of contract price...	6457 78		
James Baker, grading...	9 00		
R R Whiteley, superintendent...	2 75		
James Holmes, grading...	15 00		
Wm Summers, grading...	10 00		
William Holmes, grading...	1 50		
Wm Holmes, Jr., grading...	4 00		
Thos Cromwell, grading...	29 50		
Thos Cromwell, Jr., grading...	9 50		
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works Co., part payment of contract price...	4100 44		
Onas F Lowth, engineer...	175 00		
T Barrett, grading...	23 00		
Jno Bubar, making alterations...	20 00		
Larson & Walters, cement...	3 05		
W Bennett, work grading...	8 00		
Ed Siveny, work grading...	50		
G S McCulloch, hauling rock...	125 37		
Thos Cromwell, grading...	17 25		
James Baker, grading...	1 00		
Conney Bros., balance due on substruction...	141 72		
Frank Deal, grading work...	3 12		
O Edwards, grading work...	13 75		
Louis Aleya, grading work...	10 67		
W C Finley, grading work...	23 75		
Jos Deshaune, grading...	5 28		
Bert Baker, grading work...	10 67		
Thos Cromwell, grading work...	28 75		
Walter Bennett, grading work...	23 75		

John Vanderwerker...	2 64
H K Laubart...	2 44
Luther Eldred...	3 55
Mrs J Orth...	1 12
John Budwin...	1 86
James Guyett...	1 00
A Armstrong...	1 12
Mrs Bobt McMeekin...	1 12
Mrs P Canfield...	2 12
Willis Bowen...	3 04
Fred Howe...	1 12
John Guyett...	1 12
Amanda Darmer...	7 52
Wm Paine, Jr...	1 12
Nicholas White...	1 12
T M Reilly...	1 00
Geo Peaslee...	1 84
R Parker...	1 00
Walter Dovig...	1 00
H H Peterson...	7 00
W H Slack...	7 00
Total...	855 44

JURORS-MUNICIPAL COURT.	
J T Sanborn...	\$1 00
Chris Olson...	1 00
E J Livingston...	1 00
F C Kerr...	1 00
Peter Anderson...	1 00
Mons Mahlum...	1 00
Peter Olson...	1 00
John Christholm...	1 00
Frank Rose...	1 00
Fred Norton...	1 00
W F Holst...	1 00
John A Dennis...	1 00
W H Erb...	1 00
E E Phelps...	1 00
J M Hayes...	1 00
Aug Halquist...	1 00
P M Lagerquist...	1 00
H I Cohen...	1 00
Jerome Kleher...	1 00
O B Hamlin...	1 00
Total...	850 00

JUSTICES FEES.	
L R Lothrop...	\$15 75
CONSTABLES.	
Lee O Rose...	\$5 75
D F Duette...	15 95
J W Holsapple...	6 40
E Chaunard...	5 20
A J Phillips...	3 40
Michael Sagen...	1 10
H G Butterfield...	3 00
J W Richardson...	3 40
H S Cameron...	2 45
Total...	84 66

CORONER.	
I T Dean, fees as coroner...	\$21 00
I T Dean, fees as coroner...	21 00
I T Dean, fees as coroner...	15 00
I T Dean, fees as coroner...	5 00
Total...	62 00

SHERIFF AND DEPUTIES.	
Henry Spalding, fees as jailer...	\$50 00
Isabel Spalding, fees as matron...	120 00
Henry Spalding, boarding prisoners and fees in state cases...	\$219 80
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of Ella Hanson...	47 50
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of Mrs. N. Day...	49 00
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of Henry Craig...	25 50
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of Wm. O'Connor...	45 50
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of D S Smith...	31 50
Henry Spalding, fees as sheriff during district court session...	27 00
J W Slipp, fees as deputy sheriff during district court session...	27 00
D D Smith, fees as deputy sheriff during district court session...	24 00
A Brockway, fees as deputy sheriff during district court session...	38 00
Wm Barron, watching at jail...	34 00
O C Foster, watching at jail...	50 00
Henry Spalding, money advanced for day watch at jail...	100 00
Total...	\$641 50

PRINTING.	
Brainerd Dispatch...	\$22 95
Brainerd Tribune...	4 60
Weekly Journal...	6 50
Brainerd Dispatch...	75 00
Brainerd Dispatch...	64 10
Brainerd Tribune...	15 75
Brainerd Dispatch...	23 45
Brainerd Dispatch...	156 50
Brainerd Dispatch...	75 50
Brainerd Tribune...	5 60
Brainerd Dispatch...	25 50
Total...	\$470 45

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.	
Pioneer Press Co...	\$178 97
Mankato Blank Book Co...	29 50
Geo D Barnard & Co...	14 50
Mankato Blank Book Co...	15 00
Pioneer Press Co...	58 85
Mons Mahlum, stationery...	1 25
Geo D Barnard & Co...	10 75
Geo D Barnard & Co...	62 80
Total...	\$375 33

COUNTRY COMMISSIONERS.	
PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.	
Harry Patterson, attending two meetings...	\$12 80
Joel Smith, attending two meetings...	6 80
A P Farrar, attending two meetings...	6 40
Henry Mahle, attending two meetings...	6 40
Henry Mahle, attending one meeting...	3 20
Jno Bubar, attending two meetings...	10 80
Henry Mahle, attending one meeting...	3 20
A P Farrar, attending two meetings...	6 40
Harry Patterson, attending two meetings...	12 80
Joel Smith, attending two meetings...	32 20
L J Cale, attending two meetings...	6 20
L J Cale, attending four meetings...	12 60
Total...	\$109 50

J McCarrell, fire warden, Deerwood...	75
Charles Adams, fire warden, Deerwood...	75
Sallybury Adams, fire warden, Deerwood...	75
Total...	813 50

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS.	
Louis Tache, county auditor...	\$1400 00
John T Frater, treasurer Cass Co...	30 19
W H Onstine, deputy county auditor...	391 96
N L Linemann, deputy county auditor...	158 44
C E Chipfield, county attorney...	525 00
J A Wilson, superintendent of schools...	250 00
M McFadden, judge of probate...	475 00
Total...	\$2250 63

ELECTION RETURNS.	
Eugene Witham, election Pillager...	6 00
Wm Deffering, election Pillager...	6 00
S M Dinwiddie, election, Garrison...	6 00
W H Hallett, election, Ransom...	20 60
G A King, election, Gull River...	11 40
N L Palmer, election, Swan Creek...	25 40
Samuel Martin, election, Swan Creek...	7 14
Jas T Martin, election, Swan Creek...	3 35
J W Roberts, election, Davenport...	8 20
Geo H Whipple, election, Pillager...	11 20
J B Summers, election, Pillager...	8 20
N E Tuttle, election, Ransom...	4 10
T C Pointon, election, Pointon's...	13 19
J Gallon, election, Daggett Brook...	4 00
Jacob Shew, election, Pointon's...	9 10
G A Hunt, election, Bay Lake...	14 90
O E Johnson, election, Pillager...	12 20
M H Smith, election, Range 138, Township 32...	30 85
G W Hall, election, Towns Es, 136, 137, Range 31...	24 10
A M Bratt, election, Fort Ripley...	21 70
A A Oliver, election, Walker...	30 60
G B Gregory, election, Hayner...	5 50
F L Hanscom, election, Gull River...	9 60
Simon Weaver, election, Leech Lake...	39 50
Silver Olsen, election, Pointon's...	16 10
F L Hazelton, election, Kennedy...	7 85
Martin Flint, election, Pillager...	8 20
John Stees, election, Gould's...	30 80
Leonard Dade, election, Gull River...	9 60
Fred Strupp, election, Kennedy...	5 25
Seth Phillips, election, Gull River...	9 60
H M Dye, election, Pointon's...	9 10
Thos Burns, election, Ransom...	13 60
John Bailey, election, Pillager...	8 40
H K Lanhart, election, Daggett Brook...	3 40
Frank Meely, election, Maple Grove...	3 50
Ole Lawson, election, Fort Ripley...	7 90
W H Harrison, election, Township 144 Range 25...	85 50
J A Gilberg, election, Hayner...	29 70
E Collins, election, Collins...	3 50
A J Collins, election, Collins...	19 25
Martin Kappel, election, Fairbanks...	10 95
E M Phelps, election, Fairbanks...	6 70
B B Bartlett, election, Walker...	19 50
J J Frost, election, Walker...	20 60
J E Chase, election, Jenkins...	6 40
K J Nesheim, election, Long Lake...	2 00
Robert Maghan, election, Bay Lake...	12 90
E L Garrison, election, Bay Lake...	6 15
J M Young, election, Bay Lake...	9 40
M Kobe, election, Ransom...	4 10
J W Hawkins, election, Jenkins...	6 45
L O Alfsparg, election, Ransoms...	8 85
W P Weisk, Township 136, Range 32...	7 20
F W Zafke, election, Jenkins...	13 45
F C Kerr, election, Fairbanks...	3 20
E A Johnson, election, Fairbanks...	4 65
Wm Bonga, election, Fairbanks...	6 40
C S Skillings, election, Fairbanks...	4 40
S Heath, election, Pointon's...	9 25
Louis Nelson, election, Davenport...	7 90
Total...	\$736 59

MISCELLANEOUS.	
Minnesota Water Works Co., water rent...	\$25 00
Minnesota Water Works Co., water rent...	25 00
Minnesota Water Works Co., water rent...	25 00
Minnesota Water Works Co., water rent...	25 00
Louis Nelson, part payment assessing attached territory...	100 00
W F Holst, repairs at the county jail...	5 50
City of Brainerd, electric light globes...	8 00
R P Nelson, janitor at the court house...	125 00
A P Farrar, board of equalization...	39 20
Joel Smith, board of equalization...	39 40
Harry Patterson, board of equalization...	42 40
Henry Mahle, board of equalization...	39 20
John Bubar, board of equalization...	41 40
J A Wilson, expressage and postage...	3 05
A Mahlum, part transcribing 17 towns...	50 00
Leon E Lum, money advanced account of 17 towns...	40 50
Dr A F Groves, fees insanity Ella Hanson...	5 30
Dr G S McPherson, fees insanity Ella Hanson...	5 30
D M Clark & Co., goods for court house...	20 05
A Mahlum, part transcribing 17 towns...	250 00
C P Porter, assessing Cass county...	250 00

Martin Flint, assessing 17 towns.....	300 80
George H Smith, summer training school.....	25 00
Louis Nelson, balance assessing attached territory.....	150 00
Brainerd Telephone Exchange Co, rental.....	9 00
D Archibald, assessing unorganized territory.....	160 00
City of Brainerd, electric light rental.....	28 81
Joel Smith, money advanced account of 17 towns.....	30 00
C B Thompson, janitor of the summer training school.....	35 00
C B White, repairs court house.....	2 75
C B White, building scaffold, Pryde execution.....	114 50
Silas Hall, drayage.....	1 60
W Hemstead, insanity Wm O'Connors.....	5 30

A P Farrar, road work...	17 50
David Petrie, road work...	6 00
Frank Petrie, surveying road...	6 00
D Archibald, appropriation for road work...	40 00
Geo. Alexander, road work...	3 00
John Lind, road work...	9 00
Geo. Jackson, road work...	4 50
John Flousberg, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	9 00
E Gueme, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	7 50
Mack Tomlinson, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	15 00
J B McKinney, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	10 25
John Dixon, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	3 00
W L Green, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	21 00
James Sloughlin, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	21 00
Geo. Alexander, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	3 25
A Bratt, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	30 00
Wm Flousberg, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	15 00
Seth Broth, work on Nokay Seble bridge...	22 00
A A Miller, road work...	3 00
J W Roberts, surveying road...	1 00
Oscar Roberts, surveying road...	1 00
Henry Roberts, surveying road...	1 00
A E Halstrom, surveying road...	1 00
T C Pointon, surveying road...	6 00
A Everett, bridge work...	84 00
Joel Smith, bridge work...	33 70
Fred Magnan, bridge work...	6 75
Harry Hagadorn, bridge work...	15 00
Fred Elmer, appropriation road work...	70 00
A A Miller, plank for bridge repairs...	8 57
Joel Smith, part appropriation Pine River bridge...	10 00
H S Wellwood, work on road...	7 00
L J Cale, work on road...	12 00
A M Bratt, work on bridge...	9 00
J M Young, work on road...	6 00
A F Ludwig, work on Hay Creek road...	60 00
John Peterson, road overseer...	19 00
Wm F Holst, bridge work...	10 75
Henry Harmon, bridge work...	12 75
J B Swisher, appropriation for bridge repairs...	30 00
E Bath, road overseer...	4 50
L J Cale, viewing roads...	11 00
Fred Elmer, road overseer...	29 50
Hugo Drocher, road work...	30 50
Gust Johnson, road work...	3 25
L Garrison, road work...	81 00
D Archibald, road work...	27 50
A W Miller, road work...	19 50
E H Green, road work...	15 00
John Bubar, road work...	16 00
Joel Smith, road work...	16 75
Joel Smith, road work...	30 00
R K Whiteley, surveying roads...	29 00
Brainerd Telephone Co., lumber for bridges...	121 00
John Lind, road overseer...	5 25
Joel Smith, road work...	6 00
T C Pointon, road work...	10 00
Tom Pointon, road work...	6 00
Geo Petrie, road work...	10 00
R J Maghan, overseer...	20 00
R J Maghan, road work...	22 00
W H Rosenkranz, road work...	10 00
John Palmquist, road work...	26 00
G S McCulloch, work with road machine...	17 50
D Archibald, road work...	14 00
D Archibald, road work...	15 00
Farker & Topping, bridge castings...	5 75
A P Farrar, viewing road...	6 00
Joel Smith, appropriation for bridge fund...	280 00
Craig & Craig, road work...	17 00
Geo D LaBar, interest on road and bridge orders...	1 44
John Bubar, overseeing road work...	5 40
A P Farrar, overseeing road work...	3 30
H E Moorehouse, work on road...	5 00
Chas Shepard, appraising Edquist road...	2 90
L J Cale, overseeing road work...	12 00
Refunding Orders No. 40, 41 and 42...	3 06
Total...	9890 00

SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

ACCOUNT CONSTRUCTION OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER BRIDGE.	
O F Lowth, engineer...	9100 00
R K Whiteley, superintendent of work...	50 00
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works, part payment of contract price...	4609 57
J W Slipp, surveying...	9 00
J W Jones, grading...	14 00
R K Whiteley, superintendent...	58 00
Joel Smith, money advanced...	9 50
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works, part payment of contract price...	2551 40
K K Whiteley, superintendent...	55 00
C F Lowth, engineer...	250 00
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works, part payment of contract price...	6457 75
James Baker, grading...	9 00
R R Whiteley, superintendent...	2 75
James Holmes, grading...	15 00
Wm Summers, grading...	10 00
William Holmes, grading...	1 00
Wm Holmes, Jr., grading...	4 00
Thos Cromwell, grading...	39 50
Thos Cromwell, Jr., grading...	9 50
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works Co., part payment of contract price...	4100 44
Onas F Lowth, engineer...	175 00
T Barrett, grading...	25 00
Jno Bubar, making alterations...	30 00
Larson & Walters, cement...	3 05
Bennett, work grading...	5 00
Ed Sliveny, work grading...	50
G S McCulloch, hauling rock...	105 57
Thos Cromwell, grading...	17 25
James Baker, grading...	1 00
Conney Bros, balance due on subcontract...	141 72
Frank Deal, grading work...	8 12
O Edwards, grading work...	18 75
Louis Alyea, grading work...	10 07
W C Finley, grading work...	26 75
Joe Deshaune, grading work...	5 50
Bert Baker, grading work...	19 67
Thos Cromwell, grading work...	25 75
Walter Bennett, grading work...	23 75

O Y Beckley, grading work...	14 57
John T Zeller, grading work...	75
W E Auskin, grading work...	3 85
D W Felton, grading work...	5 63
St. Paul Foundry Co., angle iron...	50 40
Joel Smith, freight on angle iron...	5 50
Wm Mehan, grading work...	6 35
Wm Felton, grading work...	4 03
L Spencer, grading work...	11 00
W C Finley, grading work...	13 25
Bert Baker, grading work...	4 60
S M McCall, grading work...	31 50
O Edwards, grading work...	81 50
J H Zellers, grading work...	1 25
Frank Baker, grading work...	10 84
Bert Baker, grading work...	2 82
James Lease, work...	8 75
E B Kinsman, work...	19 25
Pioneer Press Co., advertising bids...	19 50
Silas Hall, drayage...	2 25
Joseph Deshaune, work...	1 12
Jacob Derosier, work...	75
A P Farrar, appropriation for grading...	75 00
B Baker, grading...	6 37
The Journal Printing Co., bids...	33 55
A Hart, work...	17 13
W C Finley, work...	57 50
F A Martin, work...	1 10
A P Farrar, money advanced, part appropriation...	60
Clinton Bridge & Iron Works, balance due on contract...	31 00
First National Bank of Brainerd, interest on certificates of indebtedness...	130 00
Amount borrowed from the road and bridge fund to pay C F Lowth, engineer...	225 00
Total...	9890 00

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.

DISTRICT COURT—WITNESS FEES.	
F H Tilley...	92 12
David Powny...	1 06
W I Maxim...	1 06
Louis Anderson...	2 12
Chas Duval...	4 04
John Budwin...	1 60
Wm Plummer...	2 12
W H Hardin...	5 08
Geo Gibson...	4 80
George Johns...	2 12
R Plummer...	2 12
John Vanderwerker...	4 04
Arthur Lambert...	4 04
H T Vanderwerker...	4 82
Guy Raymond...	2 20
Thos Percy...	2 12
Ole Isaakson...	2 12
Mary J Orth...	3 12
Jenny Orth...	3 12
Melvin Peters...	6 12
Henry Hurley...	8 12
Wm Barron...	8 12
A G Miehle...	2 12
Erick Kronberg...	2 12
S F Alderman...	1 12
F A Farrar...	8 12
E O Parks...	6 12
Geo H Stratton...	3 12
Lewis Jermo...	4 12
John Lilljendal...	4 12
O B Hamlin, talesman...	4 00
Ed Bane, talesman...	4 00
A Hall, talesman...	4 00
Chas Barnett, talesman...	4 00
Total...	9125 04
GRAND JURORS.	
A Eastman...	86 20
J J Ellis...	13 40
Jerry Root...	7 60
S M Putnam...	8 40
Jno H Gibson...	7 00
F E Tiffany...	4 20
A R Cass...	6 80
James Towers...	4 20
J R Westfall...	4 20
L W Burall...	4 20
S R Adair...	4 20
D M Clark...	4 20
W D McKay...	4 20
Thos McMaster...	4 00
Con O'Brien...	4 00
Dan Doran...	4 20
Iver Benson...	4 20
James Rhodes...	4 20
Dan Doran...	2 00
R Parker...	6 20
Walter Davis...	4 20
P M Lagerquist...	4 20
O Hargberg...	2 20
R Parker...	2 20
Wm Dresskell...	2 20
Total...	9125 00
PETIT JURORS.	
W W Craig...	919 60
Geo Sargent...	16 90
F C Kerr...	17 80
W H Erb...	16 90
Martin Ovig...	18 90
H C Hughey...	17 90
C A Kreech...	19 90
Geo Abbott...	16 90
A E Whitney...	16 90
D W Smiley...	16 90
Geo A Keene...	16 90
Jens Moistad...	18 90
J Jamieson...	16 90
Clinton Drake...	16 40
Nels Peterson...	16 90
J K Pearce...	16 90
J H Gibson...	16 90
Rust Gustafson...	16 90
R Archibald...	21 60
A Hall...	4 00
A G Trommald...	4 20
Ed Bane...	4 00
O B Hamlin...	4 00
H E Brooks...	4 00
J G Smith...	2 20
James Wickham...	4 12
Total...	9825 92
CLERKS AND DEPUTIES.	
W H Parker...	827 00
S A M Johnston...	27 00
S H Parker...	392 75
S H Parker, postage...	12 01
Total...	9455 76
DISTRICT COURT STENOGRAPHER.	
George W Moody, stenographer...	910 00
George W Moody, stenographer...	90 00
George W Moody, stenographer...	20 00
George W Moody, stenographer...	35 10
Total...	9155 10
JUSTICE AND MUNICIPAL COURT.	
WITNESS FEES.	
CE Thompson...	91 00
Mary McElroy...	1 12
Julius Sylvester...	1 12
Owen McElroy...	1 12
F M Briggs...	3 20

John Vanderwerker...	2 04
H K Laubart...	2 44
Luther Eldred...	2 56
Mrs J Orth...	1 12
John Budwin...	1 26
James Guyett...	1 00
A Armstrong...	1 12
Mrs Bob McNeekin...	1 12
Mrs P Canfield...	1 12
Pat Canfield...	2 12
Willis Bowen...	3 04
Fred Howe...	1 12
John Guyett...	1 12
Amanda Darmer...	7 52
Wm Paine, Jr...	1 12
Nicholas White...	1 12
T M Reilly...	1 00
Geo Peaslee...	1 84
R Parker...	1 00
Walter Davis...	1 00
H H Peterson...	7 00
W H Slack...	7 00
Total...	988 44

JURORS—MUNICIPAL COURT.

J T Sanborn...	81 00
Chris Olson...	1 00
E J Livingood...	1 00
F C Kerr...	1 00
Peter Anderson...	1 00
Mons Mahlum...	1 00
Peter Olson...	1 00
John Christolm...	1 00
Frank Rose...	1 00
Fred Norton...	1 00
W F Holst...	1 00
John A Dennis...	1 00
W H Erb...	1 00
E E Phelps...	1 00
J M Hayes...	1 00
Aug Halquist...	1 00
P M Lagerquist...	1 00
H Cohen...	1 00
Jerome Keleher...	1 00
O B Hamlin...	1 00
Total...	989 00

JUSTICES FEES.

L R Lothrop...	918 75
CONSTABLES.	
Lee O Rose...	95 75
D F Dueette...	15 95
W H Holapple...	6 40
E Chaundard...	8 30
A J Phillips...	3 40
Michael Sagen...	1 10
H G Butterfield...	3 00
J W Richardson...	3 40
H S Cameron...	2 45
Total...	944 00
CORONER.	
I T Dean, fees as coroner...	261 00
I T Dean, fees as coroner...	21 00
I T Dean, fees as coroner...	15 00
I T Dean, fees as coroner...	5 00
Total...	902 00

SHERIFF AND DEPUTIES.

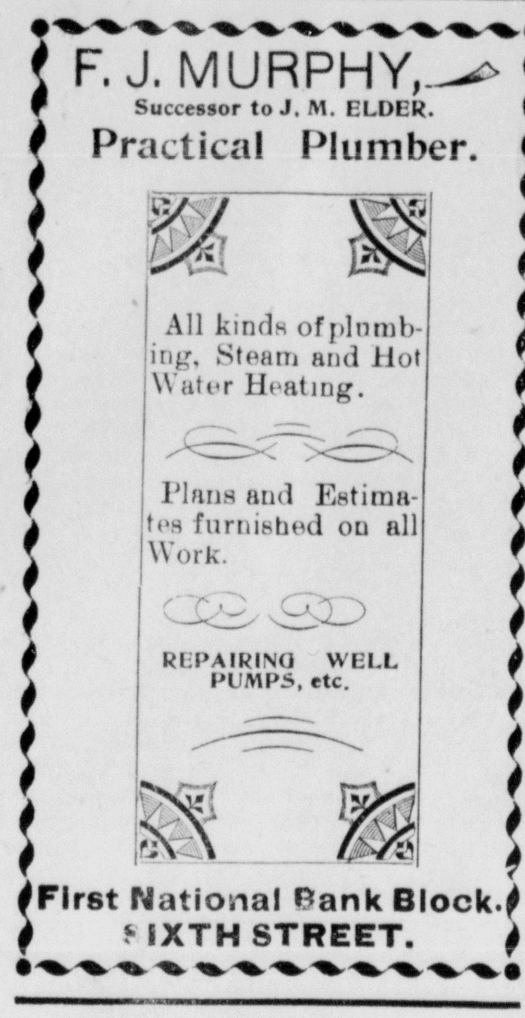
Henry Spalding, fees as jailer...	985 00
Isabel Spalding, fees as matron...	120 00
Henry Spalding, boarding prisoners and fees in state cases...	2519 50
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of Ella Hanson...	47 00
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of Mrs. N. Day...	65 00
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of Henry Craig...	25 50
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of Wm. O'Connor...	46 50
Henry Spalding, fees in insanity case of D S Smith...	31 50
Henry Spalding, fees as sheriff during district court session...	27 00
J W Slipp, fees as deputy sheriff during district court session...	27 00
D D Smith, fees as deputy sheriff during district court session...	24 00
A Brookway, fees as deputy sheriff during district court session...	26 00
Wm Barron, watching at jail...	34 00
O G Foster, watching at jail...	60 00
Henry Spalding, money advanced for day watch at jail...	100 00
Total...	9641 50
PRINTING.	
Brainerd Dispatch...	629 25
Brainerd Tribune...	4 00
Weekly Journal...	6 00
Brainerd Dispatch...	73 00
Brainerd Dispatch...	64 10
Brainerd Tribune...	15 75
Brainerd Dispatch...	22 45
Brainerd Dispatch...	265 50
Brainerd Dispatch...	73 50
Brainerd Tribune...	5 50
Brainerd Dispatch...	25 50
Total...	9479 45
BOOKS AND STATIONERY.	
Pioneer Press Co...	9175 97
Mankato Blank Book Co...	20 50
Geo D Barnard & Co...	14 50
Mankato Blank Book Co...	25 00
Pioneer Press Co...	26 85
Mons Mahlum, stationery...	1 25
Geo D Barnard & Co...	202 61
C F Jewett...	10 75
Geo D Barnard & Co...	92 00
Total...	9975 25
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.	
PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.	
Harry Patterson, attending two meetings...	919 80
Joel Smith, attending two meetings...	6 00
A P Farrar, attending two meetings...	6 40
Henry Mahle, attending two meetings...	6 40
Henry Mahle, attending one meeting...	3 20
Jno Bubar, attending two meetings...	10 80
Henry Mahle, attending one meeting...	3 20
A P Farrar, attending two meetings...	6 40
Harry Patterson, attending two meetings...	12 80
Harry Patterson, attending four meetings...	22 20
L J Cale, attending two meetings...	6 20
L J Cale, attending four meetings...	12 60
Total...	9100 50
FIRE WARDEN ORDERS.	
Joseph Friedsam, fire warden, Oak Lawn...	2 00
Herman Dullon, fire warden, Oak Lawn...	4 00
Geo Keough, fire warden, Oak Lawn...	2 00
T T Haaland, fire warden, Deerwood...	2 25

J McCarvill, fire warden, Deerwood...	75
Ouyler Adams, fire warden, Deerwood...	75
Salisbury Adams, fire warden, Deerwood...	75
Total...	225 00
SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS.	
Louis Tache, county auditor...	\$1400 00
John T Frater, treasurer...	20 12
W H Onstine, deputy county auditor...	201 00
N L Linnemann, deputy county auditor...	125 44
C E Chipfield, county attorney...	505 00
J A Wilson, superintendent of schools...	220 00
M McFadden, judge of probate...	475 00
Total...	2250 56

ELECTION RETURNS.

Eugene Witham, election Pillager...	6 00
Wm Deffering, election Pillager...	6 00
S M Dinwiddie, election, Garrison...	6 00
W H Hallett, election, Hanson...	20 00
G A King, election, Gull River...	11 40
N J Palmer, election, Swan Creek...	25 40
Samuel Martin, election, Swan Creek...	7 14
Jas T Martin, election, Swan Creek...	2 25
J W Roberts, election, Davenport...	6 30
Geo H Whipple, election, Pillager...	11 30
J R Summers, election, Pillager...	6 30
N E Tuttle, election, Ransom...	4 10
T C Pointon, election, Pointon...	13 10
J Gallon, election, Daggett Brook...	4 00
Jacob Shew, election, Pointon's...	9 10
G A Hunt, election, Bay Lake...	14 90
O Johnson, election, Pillager...	12 30
M H Smith, election, Range 128, Township 22...	30 25
G W Hall, election, Towns 130, 137, Range 31...	24 10
A M Bratt, election, Fort Ripley...	21 70
A A Oliver, election, Walker...	20 00
G B Gregory, election, Hayner...	5 50
F L Hancock, election, Gull River...	9 00
Simon Weaver, election, Leech Lake...	20 00
Sivert Olsen, election, Pointon's...	16 10
F L Hazelton, election, Kennedy...	7 25
Marta Flint, election, Pillager...	6 20
John Stees, election, Gould's...	20 00
Leonard Dade, election, Gull River...	9 00
Fred Stropp, election, Kennedy...	5 25
Seth Phillips, election, Gull River...	9 00
H M Dye, election, Pointon's...	9 10
Thos Burns, election, Ransom...	12 00
John Bailey, election, Pillager...	6 40
H K Lanhart, election, Daggett Brook...	3 40
Frank Meely, election, Maple Grove...	3 00
Ole Lawson, election, Fort Ripley...	7 30
W H Harrison, election, Township 144 Range 25...	25 25
J Hayner, election, Collins...	20 70
E Collins, election, Collins...	3 50
A J Collins, election, Collins...	19 25
Martin Kappel, election, Fairbanks...	19 25
E M Phelps, election, Fairbanks...	6 70
B B Bartlett, election, Walker...	19 25
J J Frost, election, Walker...	20 00
J E Chase, election, Jenkins...	6 45
K J Nesheim, election, Long Lake...	2 00
Robert Maghan, election, Bay Lake...	13 00
E L Garrison, election, Bay Lake...	6 15
J M Young, election, Bay Lake...	9 40
M Kobe, election, Ransom...	4 10
J W Hawkins, election, Jenkins...	6 45
L O Alfberg, election, Ransom...	6 25
W D Welsh, Township 126, Range 33...	7 30
F W Zarkke, election, Jenkins...	12 45
F C Kerr, election, Fairbanks...	5 20
E A Johnson, election, Fairbanks...	4

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Practical Plumber.



All kinds of plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.

Plans and Estimates furnished on all Work.

REPAIRING WELL PUMPS, etc.

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Office in Hartley Block, Front St. BRAINERD, MINN.

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Physicians and Surgeons.
Office in First National Bank Block. Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. Night Calls received at Office. Telephone Call, 7-2. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA

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Rooms 9 and 10 First National Bank Bldg. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

C. A. ALLBRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room 16, First National Bank Block, BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

R. K. WHITELEY
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 2 Sleeper Block, BRAINERD, MINN.

W. S. McCLENAHAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Room 1, Bank Block BRAINERD, MINN.

W. H. MANTOR,
Attorney at Law,
First National Bank Building, BRAINERD, MINN.
(Does not practice in Municipal Court)

J. H. WARNER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Hartley Block, BRAINERD, MINN.

W. H. CROWELL,
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Land Office Practice and Collections a specialty. Hartley Block, Sixth St., BRAINERD, MINN.

FARMERS' WIVES
or any other ladies who wish to work
Can Earn Lots of Money
working for us in spare time at home on our clothes. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address
Wincosket Co., [38-7] Boston, Mass.
Mfg. Dept.

NORTHERN PACIFIC BANK!
Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
H. D. TREGLAUNY, Cashier.

County, School and City Orders Bought.

Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - \$200,000
Paid up Capital, - - - \$50,000
Surplus, - - - - - \$30,000

Business accounts invited

Brainerd & Northern MINNESOTA RY.

TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
2:20 P. M. - - - - - Brainerd-ar.	10:30 A. M. - - - - - Brainerd-ar.
4:20 - - - - - Pine River ar.	9:45 - - - - - Pine River ar.
5:10 - - - - - Pine River ar.	8:58 - - - - - Pine River ar.
5:35 - - - - - Pine River ar.	8:30 - - - - - Pine River ar.
10 - - - - - Pine River ar.	8:06 - - - - - Pine River ar.
5:20 - - - - - Pine River ar.	7:40 - - - - - Pine River ar.

O. O. WINTERS, Sup't.

W. F. HOLST,
General Blacksmithing
And Repairing.
Fourth St., Between Front & Laurel



"Money Makes the Mare Go,"

or the horse either, when any portion of it is put into our light and handsome harness. A horse well dressed for the road with one of **ERB'S** handsome, strong and well made harness can travel over any kind of a road with no danger of a "give away" in any part. Call and see our large line of high grade light and heavy harness before purchasing elsewhere.

W. H. ERB.

Burlington Route.

FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM St. Paul AND Minneapolis TO ST. LOUIS And All Southern Cities.

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Items of Interest in Neighboring Towns Gleaned from Exchanges and from Special Correspondents.

Tie Inspector Willis, of Brainerd, was here yesterday, and we understand some of the tie-buyers were handled roughly.—Verndale Sun.

Little Falls had two more serious fires on Tuesday. The first at 4 a. m. was the Berke house, situated on the west side, which was a total loss, the occupants barely escaping with their lives. The second was the fine residence of J. W. Berg on Third street, at 9:30 a. m., and although workmen were in the house when the blaze started the origin of the fire is unknown, and the building was a total loss for lack of water.

St. Cloud is adding to her population three at a time. Last week Mrs. Geo. Trezwick, of that city, gave birth to three girls, all of whom are doing well. They have been named Louise, Veronica and Cecelia, and they weigh five and a half, six and a half and seven pounds respectively. The first has a piece of red ribbon tied about her tiny arm, the second has a piece of white ribbon, and the third a blue ribbon, and this is the way the fond father of the trio knows who is whom, says the Journal-Press.

KLONDIKE NUGGETS.

The saw mill is running at full blast now.

L. P. Aikin's arm is doing as well as can be expected.

Earl Aikin had his ankle badly sprained by a log rolling on it the other day.

Mr. and Mrs. Felver and Mr. and Mrs. Aikin made a trip to Brainerd on Wednesday.

Mr. Albert Jacobson is all smiles these days on account of the arrival of a baby girl at his place this week.

LITTLE FALLS.

From the Transcript.

M. Lafond returned today from a trip to Brainerd and other points in that vicinity. He was selling his patent washing machines and churns and was quite successful.

Most of the churches of Brainerd are taking public action in endorsing Mayor Koop's course in closing the saloons in that city on Sunday. The mayor is pledged the support of these churches during his administration.

Attorney W. S. McClenahan, of Brainerd, was in the city today. He is attorney for the First National Bank in its suit against James C. and Lucy T. Flynn. The case will come up for trial Wednesday or Thursday and Mr. McClenahan went home today, but will return to try the case Wednesday.

DEERWOOD NEWS.

The spring term of school will begin next Monday.

Both the Misses Solum left for Duluth last Tuesday.

Mr. W. Taylor has been sick with the la grippe for the last week.

Rev. Hunt will preach in the Methodist church next Sunday.

Mrs. Abrahamson left for Brainerd last Friday, where she will undergo an operation.

The last snow brought the logging sleds out again, and a large number of logs are coming in to the mill.

Sam Redin, who has been traveling for the last two years in the western states, returned to Deerwood last week, and will again settle down on his farm.

Last Saturday night a large number of young friends and neighbors surprised Mr. and Mrs. Brower. Dancing was indulged in and all had a very pleasant time.

Mr. P. Brand, with a large force of men, have commenced the erection of Mr. Patrick's cottages on Reno lake. Both the cottages will be built of logs, and will cost a neat little sum of money when finished.

GARRISON GEMS.

The camps are still running.

Mrs. Wm. Huffman is improving at this writing.

George Dinwiddie arrived here from Montana last week.

Our merchants are doing a good, brisk business nowadays.

Mr. Dell. Warpen purchased a cow and calf of Christ Wilson last week.

A party of girls from this vicinity

took dinner with A. Bryant on last Saturday.

Walter Workman left here for the southern part of the state the first of the week.

Mr. H. Scott, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Myra, went to Brainerd Tuesday.

George Dyke, of Fergus Falls, is visiting here. We understand he is going to locate here.

There will be a social at Scott's camp next Friday evening. Everybody is cordially invited.

Messrs. Jim and Elmer Dinwiddie went to St. Cloud Monday to prove up on their homesteads.

J. Workman has bought a new horse. The boys will have to look out for their best girls now.

Miss Colson, who has been visiting in our neighbor, departed for her home at Anoka on Saturday last.

There will be a grand ball at the Nicols Hotel on Friday evening, March 17th. Everybody cordially invited to come.

GRANDMOTHER GARBOO.

WANTED—Jack Pine ties.
M. J. REILLY.

THE DAILY WORK.

Work Which Can Be Inspected Personally Is Always Better Performed.

It's the daily work of the "Little Conqueror."

The workings right here in Brainerd, Lifting burdens from helpless backs, Bringing sunshine to many a home. It's deeds that count. The public are learning fast. Learning to appreciate merit. Learning to distinguish between claims and proof. Home proof is the best proof. Doan's Kidney Pills are endorsed by Brainerd people.

Read what a citizen says:

Mrs. Moses Derocher, of 127 7th street south, says: "I had not been feeling well all winter long. Low down in the small of my back there was a pain very distressing, by spells becoming much worse and causing me much discomfort, to say the least. Early in the spring my husband bought me a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and I started taking them. Other medicine which I used failed to help me, but I can truthfully bear witness that Doan's Kidney Pills relieved my back entirely, and corrected a disorder of the kidneys which accompanied the backache. Therefore, with my own experience with Doan's Kidney Pills I certainly do not have any hesitancy in endorsing the claims made for them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute. For sale by the McFadden Drug Co., and Johnson's Pharmacy.

1000 cords green jack pine wood.
L. J. CALE.

CIPHER DISPATCH TO FARMERS

From Hessel's, Agricultural Implements, Cor. 4th and Front Street, Near N. P. Track.

Cannibal—Ideal—Right—Sure—Manila—Luzon—Havana—Porto Rico—Cavite—Planet—Cosmopolitan—Foreign—Possession—Red—White—Blue—Code—strictly confidential.

Cannibal—If you want to buy Ideal—Superior farming tools of all kinds,

Right—not how cheap but how good Sure—Repairs always on hand Manila—You will be sure to get treated right

Luzon—Implements sold with honest guarantee

Havanna—Old Hickory and Capital wagon

Porto Rico—Top buggies, two seated rigs, carts

Cavite—Superior seeders, Disc and Shoe drills.

Planet—Planet, Jr. Garden Tools. Cosmopolitan—Deering Harvesters, Mowers and Hay Rakes.

Foreign—Cultivators, Cross Plows, Breaking Plows, Imperial Plows and Harrows.

Possessions—Disc Harrows, Spring Tooth Harrows.

Red—It is your Interest to call at White—Hessel's, the Machine Man, Blue—Corner Fourth and Front St. Near N. P. track.

No matter how long you have had the cough; if it hasn't already developed into consumption Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will cure it.

Leave your order for Fire Insurance with Jas. R. Smith, agent, Sleeper block. Companies represented are as good as the best. Rates always the lowest possible.

General Repair Shop
T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every Description For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

JUST IN
Elegant New Line of... **CLOTHING**

We Have the Latest
In Neckties, Mufflers, and Gents' Furnishings. We have just put upon the Shelves a new consignment of.....

GENT'S UNDERWEAR, the Finest in the City.
If you are looking for PANTS, we have them. Come in and look our stock over.

W. GUSTAFSON,
Farrar Block, Corner of Sixth and Laurel Streets.

FOR SALE!

Cheap Homes on Easy Payments, 6%

Lots 7 and 8, Block 30, Schwartz's Add. each....	\$75
Lot 1, Block 1, Hayne's Addition.....	\$50
Lots 10, 11 and 12, Block 3, and Lots 3 and 7, Block 4, East Side Add. each....	\$25
Lot 10, Block 3, Koop and Walker Addition.....	\$50
West 100 feet, Lots 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, Block 66, each....	\$100

Apply to
FRED S. PARKER,
Brainerd Telephone Exchange.....

RHODES & PAINE,



Wagon & Carriage Makers
Corner of 8th and Laurel Streets.

First-Class Blacksmith and Paint Shop in Connection.

Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades. Give us a Call and we will Guarantee Satisfaction as to Price and Work.

McFadden Drug Co.
Manufacture and Guarantee....

SHERWOOD'S Cough Syrup,
A Cure for Coughs and Colds....

MACK'S Headache Powders,
Which Cures in 20 Minutes....

MUS KE KEE OIL,
The best all around Liniment....

McFADDEN Compound Extract of Sarsapailla
A perfect Blood and Liver Remedy....

REMEMBER
Those are sold guaranteeing satisfaction....

McFadden Drug Co.

Ready for Business.

JAMES WICKHAM,
Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

SEE THE
BRAINERD LUMBER CO.
FOR
Low Prices on Lumber.

Hamm's St. Paul Beer

There's Honest Blood, Bone and Sinew in this Strengthening brew!

Agents everywhere

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St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE!

The advertiser having removed to the Pacific northwest, will sell his property at one-half its actual value consisting of house and two lots on 9th street, block 93, lots 15 and 16. Will sell this property for five hundred dollars cash.

Also his farm on the Gull Lake road for five hundred dollars cash. Address Geo. Sheard, Seattle Hotel, Jackson street, Seattle, Wash., or call on Keene & McFadden, Brainerd, Minn.

Hotel Vendome
First Class. Central Location. EUROPEAN PLAN
21 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis
Rates—50c, 75c, \$1.00 per Day. Sitting Room, Bed Room and Bath \$1.25 per Day.
CAFE AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES

F. J. MURPHY,

Successor to J. M. ELDER.
Practical Plumber.

All kinds of plumbing,
Steam and Hot
Water Heating.

Plans and Estimates
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Work.

REPAIRING WELL
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First National Bank Block,
FIFTH STREET.

Professional Cards.

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Office in Hartley Block, Front St.
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DRS. CAMP & THABES,
Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First National Bank Block.
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.
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BRAINERD, MINNESOTA

DR. A. F. GROVES,
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Office Hours: 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
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Office in First Nat. Bank Bldg.
O. FICE HOURS: From 9 to 10 A. M. and from
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Rooms 9 and 10 First National Bank Bldg.,
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Office, Room 1, Bank Block
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or any other ladies who wish to work

Can Earn Lots of Money

working for us in spare time at home
on our clothes. We offer you a good
chance to make plenty of spending
money easily, in leisure hours. Send
12c. for cloth and full directions for
work, and commence at once. Cloth
sent anywhere. Address

Wincosket Co., [38-7] Boston, Mass.
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NORTHERN PACIFIC BANK

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
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County, School and
City Orders Bought.

Money to Loan on Chattel Security.
Lumbermen's Time Checks
Cashed.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - \$200,000

Paid up Capital, - \$50,000
Surplus, - \$30,000

Business accounts invited

Brainerd & Northern MINNESOTA RY. TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the
Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
8:30 P. M. Brainerd-ar.	10:30 A. M. ar-Brainerd
9:30 " " " " " "	11:30 " " " " " "
10:30 " " " " " "	12:30 " " " " " "
11:30 " " " " " "	1:30 " " " " " "
12:30 " " " " " "	2:30 " " " " " "
1:30 " " " " " "	3:30 " " " " " "
2:30 " " " " " "	4:30 " " " " " "
3:30 " " " " " "	5:30 " " " " " "
4:30 " " " " " "	6:30 " " " " " "
5:30 " " " " " "	7:30 " " " " " "

O. O. WINTERS, Supt.

W. F. HOLST, General Blacksmithing And Repairing.

Fourth St., Between Front & Laurel



"Money Makes the Mare Go,"

or the horse either, when any portion
of it is put into our light and hand-
some harness. A horse well dressed
for the road with one of ERB'S
handsome, strong and well made har-
ness can travel over any kind of a
road with no danger of a "give away"
in any part. Call and see our large
line of high grade light and heavy
harness before purchasing elsewhere.

W. H. ERB.

Burlington Route

FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM

St. Paul
AND
Minneapolis
TO
ST. LOUIS
And All
Southern Cities.

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Items of Interest in Neighboring Towns
Gleaned from Exchanges and from
Special Correspondents.

The Inspector Willis, of Brainerd,
was here yesterday, and we under-
stand some of the tie-buyers were
handled roughly.—Verndale Sun.

Little Falls had two more serious
fires on Tuesday. The first at 4 a.
m. was the Berke house, situated on
the west side, which was a total loss,
the occupants barely escaping with
their lives. The second was the fine
residence of J. W. Berg on Third
street, at 9:30 a. m., and although
workmen were in the house when the
blaze started the origin of the fire is
unknown, and the building was a
total loss for lack of water.

St. Cloud is adding to her popula-
tion three at a time. Last week
Mrs. Geo. Trezwick, of that city, gave
birth to three girls, all of whom are
doing well. They have been named
Louise, Veronica and Cecelia, and
they weigh five and a half, six and a
half and seven pounds respectively.
The first has a piece of red ribbon
tied about her tiny arm, the second
has a piece of white ribbon, and the
third a blue ribbon, and this is the
way the fond father of the trio knows
who is whom, says the Journal-
Press.

KLONDIKE NUGGETS.

The saw mill is running at full
blast now.

L. P. Aikin's arm is doing as well
as can be expected.

Earl Aikin had his ankle badly
sprained by a log rolling on it the
other day.

Mr. and Mrs. Felver and Mr. and
Mrs. Aikin made a trip to Brainerd
on Wednesday.

Mr. Albert Jacobson is all smiles
these days on account of the arrival
of a baby girl at his place this week.

LITTLE FALLS.

From the Transcript.

M. Lafond returned today from a
trip to Brainerd and other points in
that vicinity. He was selling his
patent washing machines and churns
and was quite successful.

Most of the churches of Brainerd
are taking public action in endorsing
Mayor Koop's course in closing the
saloons in that city on Sunday.
The mayor is pledged the support
of these churches during his ad-
ministration.

Attorney W. S. McClenahan, of
Brainerd, was in the city today. He
is attorney for the First National
Bank in its suit against James C.
and Lucy T. Flynn. The case will
come up for trial Wednesday or
Thursday and Mr. McClenahan went
home today, but will return to try
the case Wednesday.

DEERWOOD NEWS.

The spring term of school will be-
gin next Monday.

Both the Misses Solum left for
Duluth last Tuesday.

Mr. W. Taylor has been sick with
the la grippe for the last week.

Rev. Hunt will preach in the
Methodist church next Sunday.

Mrs. Abrahamson left for Brainerd
last Friday, where she will
undergo an operation.

The last snow brought the logging
slews out again, and a large number
of logs are coming in to the mill.

Sam Redin, who has been travel-
ing for the last two years in the
western states, returned to Deer-
wood last week, and will again settle
down on his farm.

Last Saturday night a large num-
ber of young friends and neighbors
surprised Mr. and Mrs. Brower.
Dancing was indulged in and all had
a very pleasant time.

Mr. P. Brand, with a large force
of men, have commenced the erection
of Mr. Patrick's cottages on Reno
lake. Both the cottages will be built
of logs, and will cost a neat little
sum of money when finished.

GARRISON GEMS.

The camps are still running.

Mrs. Wm. Huffman is improving
at this writing.

George Dinwiddie arrived here
from Montana last week.

Our merchants are doing a good,
brisk business nowadays.

Mr. Dell. Warren purchased a cow
and calf of Christ Wilson last week.

A party of girls from this vicinity

took dinner with A. Bryant on last
Saturday.

Walter Workman left here for the
southern part of the state the first
of the week.

Mr. H. Scott, accompanied by his
daughter, Miss Myra, went to Brainerd
Tuesday.

George Dyke, of Fergus Falls, is
visiting here. We understand he is
going to locate here.

There will be a social at Scott's
camp next Friday evening. Every-
body is cordially invited.

Messrs. Jim and Elmer Dinwiddie
went to St. Cloud Monday to prove
up on their homesteads.

J. Workman has bought a new
horse. The boys will have to look
out for their best girls now.

Miss Colson, who has been visit-
ing in our neighbor, departed for her
home at Anoka on Saturday last.

There will be a grand ball at the
Nicols Hotel on Friday evening,
March 17th. Everybody cordially
invited to come.

GRANDMOTHER GARBOO.

WANTED—Jack Pine ties.
M. J. REILLY.

THE DAILY WORK.

Work Which Can Be Inspected Per-
sonally Is Always Better
Performed.

It's the daily work of the "Little
Conqueror,"
The workings right here in Brainerd,
Lifting burdens from helpless
backs,
Bringing sunshine to many a home.
It's deeds that count.
The public are learning fast.
Learning to appreciate merit.
Learning to distinguish between
claims and proof.
Home proof is the best proof.
Doan's Kidney Pills are endorsed
by Brainerd people.

Read what a citizen says:
Mrs. Moses Derocher, of 127 7th
street south, says: "I had not been
feeling well all winter long. Low
down in the small of my back there
was a pain very distressing, by spells
becoming much worse and causing
me much discomfort, to say the
least. Early in the spring my hus-
band bought me a box of Doan's
Kidney Pills and I started taking
them. Other medicine which I used
failed to help me, but I can truth-
fully bear witness that Doan's Kid-
ney Pills relieved my back entirely,
and corrected a disorder of the kid-
neys which accompanied the back-
ache. Therefore, with my own ex-
perience with Doan's Kidney Pills I
certainly do not have any hesitancy
in endorsing the claims made for
them."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale
by all dealers. Price 50 cents.
Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buf-
falo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.
Remember the name Doan's and
take no substitute. For sale by the
McFadden Drug Co., and Johnson's
Pharmacy.

1000 cords green jack pine wood.
L. J. CALE.

CIPHER DISPATCH TO FARMERS

From Hessel's, Agricultural Imple-
ments, Cor. 4th and Front Street,
Near N. P. Track.

Cannibal—Ideal—Right—Sure—
Manila—Luzon—Havana—Porto Ri-
co—Cavite—Planet—Cosmopolitan
—Foreign—Possession—Red—White
—Blue—
Code—strictly confidential.

Cannibal—If you want to buy
Ideal—Superior farming tools of all
kinds,

Right—not how cheap but how good
Sure—Repairs always on hand
Manila—You will be sure to get
treated right

Luzon—Implements sold with hon-
est guarantee

Havanna—Old Hickory and Capital
wagon

Porto Rico—Top buggies, two seat-
ed rigs, carts
Cavite—Superior seeders, Disc and
Shoe drills.

Planet—Planet, Jr. Garden Tools.
Cosmopolitan—Deering Harvesters,
Mowers and Hay Rakes.

Foreign—Cultivators, Cross Plows,
Breaking Plows, Imperial
Plows and Harrows.

Possessions—Disc Harrows, Spring
Tooth Harrows.

Red—It is your interest to call at
White—Hessel's, the Machine Man,
Blue—Corner Fourth and Front St.
Near N. P. track.

No matter how long you have had
the cough; if it hasn't already
developed into consumption Dr.
Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will
cure it.

Leave your order for Fire Insur-
ance with Jas. R. Smith, agent,
Sleeper block. Companies repre-
sented are as good as the best.
Rates always the lowest possible.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every De-
scription For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also
do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn
work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

JUST IN

Elegant New
Line of ...

CLOTHING

We Have the Latest

In Neckties, Mufflers, and Gents' Furnishings. We have just put
upon the Shelves a new consignment of

GENT'S UNDERWEAR, the Finest in the City.

If you are looking for PANTS, we have them. Come in and look our
stock over.

W. GUSTAFSON,

Farrar Block, Corner of Sixth and Laurel Streets.

FOR SALE!

Cheap Homes on Easy
Payments, 6%

Lots 7 and 8, Block 30, Schwartz's Add. each...	\$75
Lot 1, Block 1, Hayne's Addition.....	\$50
Lots 10, 11 and 12, Block 3, and Lots 3 and 7, Block 4, East Side Add. each....	\$25
Lot 10, Block 3, Koop and Walker Addition.....	\$50
West 100 feet, Lots 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, Block 66, each	\$100

Apply to

FRED S. PARKER,

Brainerd Telephone
Exchange

McFadden Drug Co.

Manufacture and
Guarantee....

SHERWOOD'S Cough Syrup,

A Cure for Coughs
and Colds....

MACK'S Headache Powders,

Which Cures in
20 Minutes....

MUS KE KEE OIL,

The best all around
Liniment....

McFADDEN Compound Extract of Sarsapailla

A perfect Blood and
Liver Remedy....

REMEMBER

These are sold guaran-
teeing satisfaction....

McFadden Drug Co.

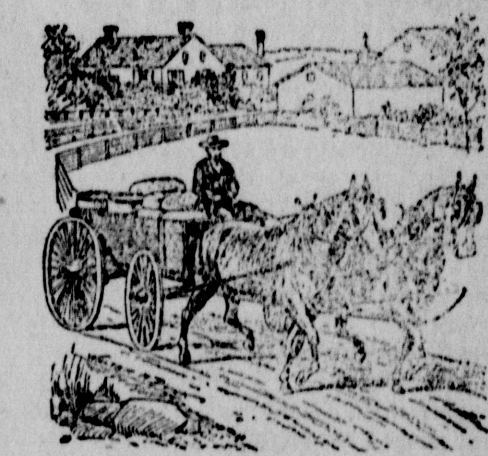
Hamm's Beer

There's Honest Blood,Bone and
Sinew in this Strength-
ening brew!

Agents
every-
where

Theo.
Hamm
Brewing
Company.
Tel. 972
St. Paul,
Minn.

RHODES & PAINE,



Wagon & Carriage Makers

Corner of 8th and Laurel Streets.

First-Class Blacksmith and Paint
Shop in Connection.

Full line of carriage and wagon
material always on hand and for sale,
including wheels of all grades.

Give us a Call and we will Guarantee Sat-
isfaction as to Price and Work.

Ready for Business.

JAMES WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his
many customers that he is again pre-
pared to attend to their wants in his
line in his new quarters at the old
location, corner of 6th and Maple
streets.

First-class Workmen.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

SEE THE

BRAINERD LUMBER CO.

FOR

Low Prices on Lumber.

FOR SALE!

The advertiser having removed to
the Pacific northwest, will sell his
property at one-half its actual value
consisting of house and two lots on
9th street, block 93, lots 15 and 16.
Will sell this property for five hun-
dred dollars cash.

Also his farm on the Gull Lake
road for five hundred dollars cash.
Address Geo. Sheard, Seattle Hotel,
Jackson street, Seattle, Wash., or call
on Keene & McFadden, Brainerd,
Minn.

Hotel Vendome

First Class. Central Location.
EUROPEAN PLAN

21 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis

Rooms—\$50, 75c, \$1.00 per Day.
Sitting Room, Bed Room and Bath
\$1.25 per Day.

CAFE AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES

THE RIGHTFUL HEIR

By M. T. CALDOR.

CHAPTER I.



On the highway leading to that city, stood a young man leaning against a huge chestnut trunk, and gazing silently upon the picturesque scene spread out before him.

The sparkling waves of the Isère danced along merrily through a vine covered valley, lying like an emerald between two precipitous hills, closely wooded with chestnut trees, interspersed here and there with a birch or larch. Beyond him lay a smiling tract of cultivated land, showing the rare mingling of orange and lemon with apple and cherry trees; and crowning a gentle slope was the oddly shaped Chateau of the noble proprietor, Count Beauvais. Still further across the undulating country rose the stately towers and high parapet walls of another chateau, and scattered here and there, between humble daisies in the greensward, were the low walled dwellings of the peasant dependents of these warm friends and close neighbors, Counts Beauvais and Germain.

But it was on neither lordly dwelling the fine dark eye of the solitary gazer turned so eagerly, but upon the point directly between him and the river, where the highway came out into the sunshine again, after its cool and shadowy passage through the chestnut woods. From this his attention was scarcely for a moment diverted, and presently his perseverance was well rewarded, judging from the glow that mantled his cheek and lit his dark eye.

A cavalcade of some dozen persons, ladies and gentlemen, came sweeping out gaily from the dark green archway of the woods, their gay dresses, flying plumes, and sparkling equipments lighting up the scene in just the way to suit an artist's picture or a poet's fancy.

The youth drew closer before him the leafy screen of down-reaching boughs—but peered through them eagerly as the train drew nearer so that the silvery laughter of the ladies came distinctly to his ears.

Foremost, side by side, on a pair of spirited jet black horses rode a youthful pair, chatting merrily, and now and then leaning toward each other to give an earnest gesture to add spirit to jest or tender talk, whichever it might be. On these the wild, dark eyes of the hidden gazer seemed to flame now with tenderest love, and anon with the fiercest ire; and as they approached still nearer, he set his teeth against his lip, till the receding blood left a white line around each indenture, while his breath came laboringly. Even when they passed on, and the remainder of the party came opposite to him, his glance still followed the graceful figure of the maiden, with a wistful, despairing tenderness that seemed impossible from the same eyes that a moment before had glared so angrily upon the youth who rode beside her.

But the face of Lady Violante Beauvais was enough to explain away much madness upon a lover's part. Such a face as we meet often in pictures, but so seldom in reality. All the sweet loveliness of childhood in the rose-tinted cheeks, and lips moulded in love's own type—the lilies and dimples of infancy, but in the large, dreamy and unfathomable dark eyes—womanhood's shy reserve and tender mysteries.

She carried her beautiful head haughtily, so that the snowy plumes of her blue velvet riding cap swept the sloping shoulder; and yet it seemed a pride more than a cultivated sentiment, albeit none knew better than she the most effectual way of keeping presumption at bay.

Not even the young Count Germain, her friend and warm admirer, had dared so much as touch familiarly the white little hand, that, released from the gauntlet glove, stroked the silky mane of the horse. And now as he rode gaily beside her, drinking in, with greedy delight, the charming grace and sparkling changes on her expressive countenance—he dared not, for the life of him, breathe a word of the soft flatteries that rose to his lips—because she had checked, with queenly dignity, his first attempt at compliment.

And while he listened to her sweet joyous tones, the young Count was wondering what was going on at Beauvais Chateau, and if, as he had promised, his stately father was laying before the Count his long cherished plan of uniting the two houses by the marriage of the beautiful Violante to his son. That son looked over shyly to the fair equestrian and queried what new light would come sparkling into that dreamy eye, what change would come over that joyous face, could she hear the momentous discussion probably going on at that very moment in the antique library of her father's house; would that polished forehead glow unlovely with a frown, or would new smiles come coyly around those rosy lips? It was a delicious problem. Pondering upon it, he grew abstracted—nor heeded how restless and uneasy the horse of Lady Violante grew—foaming at the mouth, starting uneasily aside, and at last actually rearing, while his fair rider, patting his glossy neck, said chidingly:

"So, so, my foolish Jet, why do you chafe so restlessly, when we are fresh upon the ride? What ails you, Jet?"

The animal turned his head at the familiar voice, but in a moment, with a shrill neigh of terror, he sprang forward and darted madly away. The truth was, as she had passed closely to some wild rose bushes to gather one, Lady Violante's long riding dress had swept away a bee, which at last escaping the smothering folds, had revenged itself on the flanks of the innocent steed.

Wheeling around abruptly, the goaded beast dashed by the startled train, and frantic with pain paid no regard to rein or call. With wonderful presence of mind Lady Violante kept her seat and held on firmly, while she was borne furiously along and only when the animal dashed away from the highway into a lane leading to a precipitous cliff, descending abruptly to the river, did her wild shriek for aid ring out imploringly, and startle every ear.

Count Germain and several others put spurs to their horses, but the very attempt to reach her served only to accelerate the speed of the terrified horse, and in despair they desisted, and aimed toward the river, hoping to intercept her before the precipice was reached.

But her cry had reached and roused a bolder spirit than theirs. The youth who had been left leaning gloomily against the chestnut tree had heard and seen all. Like an arrow shot from trusty bow, he had flown forward, leaped stile, rock and shrub, till he had planted himself before the fearful leap, toward which he saw the horse was coming.

It was a moment's work to shout in a firm, courageous voice:

"I will save you, throw yourself toward me, and you are safe!" as he stood planted firmly to await the shock.

Less than that time to carry out the critical design, Lady Violante comprehended his meaning, and with the energy of desperation, as she flew madly past, she threw her arms toward him. He caught them, held her in a resolute clasp, and tore her from the saddle. As the horse dashed on, both fell to the ground, for the moment stunned and bruised, while poor Jet went down headlong to the water.

The youth was the first to recover himself. He raised himself slowly, glanced at her lifeless figure, vainly endeavored to raise it, and then growing faint, sank insensible beside her.

While the frantic companions of Lady Violante's ride were exploring the river, where they found the dead body of the horse—a body of servants, headed by the anxious father, who had received the alarm—examined the cliff—and came suddenly upon the insensible pair. Both were borne tenderly to the Chateau. Lady Violante soon revived, and was but little injured. Her gallant rescuer was more unfortunate. His steady facing of the animal had caused him a fractured arm and ankle, the pain of which was evidently aggravated by some feverish distress of mind.

"Carry me back," said he, impatiently, as soon as he could speak coherently, gazing ruefully at his bandaged limbs, and the anxious faces around him—the worthy surgeon, the grateful Count, and the pitying countenance of Violante.

"Carry you where?" asked the Count quietly.

"To the roadside, to the cliff, anywhere but here," was the reply, as the glittering eyes turned wildly upon the beautiful face beyond him.

"Nay, nay, my friend, you surely cannot think we have so little gratitude as that! You who have restored to us our treasure, who have saved my child from so terrible a fate,"—and he shuddered—"surely you have a rightful claim to our gratitude and hospitality at any time—and now that you are ill and suffering from your generous daring, surely you cannot think that we will allow you to leave us! Calm yourself—I pray you, and seek the repose your shattered nerves require. Your commands will be the law of the Chateau."

And thus saying, the Count drew his daughter toward him, bowed with courteous dignity, and led her from the room. The surgeon followed, after giving directions to the nurse, who had been summoned to the care of the stranger.

Left alone in the gorgeous chamber, whose richly draped windows softened the light to a dim, twilight—the young man, powerless to move, yet showed by his restless burning eyes how he chafed and writhed beneath the inexorable necessity of his novel position.

A week passed by, and though the fractured bones were improving, still the sharp-eyed surgeon was dissatisfied with his patient.

"He is fretting himself into a fever, he will die on our hands yet," said he, lugubriously, "there is something on his mind, and all the medicine in the world will fail to reach it."

"Strange youth!" answered the Count gravely. "I can make nothing out of him. He will not even tell his name. The daring he displayed in Lady Violante's behalf seems strangely incongruous with his present sullenness."

"Lady Violante must try to move the rock," said the physician, quietly smiling at the girl's earnest, wistful face.

So Lady Violante sent away the nurse, and ventured into the sick chamber.

She advanced to the couch, her dark eyes soft with pitiful tears, her sweet face tender with gentle sympathy, and laying her cool, white hand—the hand that Count Germain had so vainly longed to kiss—upon his clenched, burning fingers, she said, entreatingly:

"Dear friend, you are unhappy, you are grieving over some hidden sorrow. You do not mend, you frighten the

physician. You will die if you persist in dwelling upon your trouble. Confide in me—let me help you—oh for my sake, for my sake who have brought all this pain to you, do not die!"—and here Violante paused, choked by a flood of tears.

He looked at her wonderingly, and said, slowly:

"For your sake? what will it be to you?"

Lady Violante brushed away her tears to answer reproachfully:

"Do you think I have a heart of stone? It will be everything to me to see the preserver of my life restored to health and happiness."

"Happiness!" echoed he, with bitter emphasis, "is a word whose meaning I have never known. You must urge some better plea."

She looked at him sorrowfully. The pallid, handsome face, the restless eyes, the tumbled jetty waves of hair, through which the one free hand had a trick of plunging itself, to free the irritation there was no other way of manifesting. All these appealed irresistibly to Violante's tenderest compassion, and seemed to explain somewhat the singularity of his behavior.

"Alas!" said she, "can it be there is any human being so beset with misfortune, his love of life has fled? Surely, then, there is some one who loves you, for whose sake you should strive to recover?"

He was studying, earnestly, her ingenious face, and then, suddenly, he exclaimed:

"Yes, yes, if there is any truth on earth I see it before me. I can trust you, Lady, sweet lady, there is one favor you may do for me, which will give me rest and quiet, if such a thing is possible for me in this most unfortunate affair."

Violante bent eagerly forward.

"Thank you, oh, thank you, anything whatever you may ask, will be so joyfully performed in return for a debt that can never be worthily repaid."

"Nay, nay," said he, with an impatient gesture. "Talk not of gratitude, I beseech you! nor promise rashly. It is no common boon I ask of you. It is strange, unheard of. I know not but improper; but remember it is at your own option."

The glow faded from her face, yet she asked earnestly: "What is it?"

"First, Lady Violante Beauvais, I must appeal to your honorable generosity, and beseech you to keep sacred silence upon the request, whatever you may decide."

"I promise," answered her sweet, clear tones, while her cheek paled a little.

Still he hesitated—a flush passed over his face, and then died off, leaving it almost white. The fiery light of the dark eyes was flooded away by a sudden rise of tears, as he said, vehemently:

"Why do I hesitate—simply that I am! I dread to fill you with distrust and suspicion. Oh, Lady Violante, if I could only tell you everything, all my wrongs and woes—but, as there is a heaven above us, nothing of any guilt on my part. You, in your angelic innocence are not more free from stain of crime, than I! and, quivering with emotion, he clasped the one useful hand over his eyes.

"Nay," said the girl, with gentle dignity, "there is no need of the assurance. I am confident of it already. One who risks his life to save another who is nothing to him, lacks discretion, but not goodness. Nothing can make me doubt your worth."

His lip quivered. "Heaven bless you, Lady Violante, it were worth a thousand pangs like these I feel to hear such words from your lips. Keep such faith in me, I pray you, while I urge my strange request. Will you write for me these words on a slip of paper?"

"Valerie, be at rest. He who is absent is safe and will soon rejoin you; be wary and vigilant till then. Bernard, for whom a friend takes the pen."

Lady Violante's face showed her surprise, but she quietly drew toward her a writing tray, and wrote the desired message.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A Sydney Smith Story.

Sydney Smith willingly assisted his neighbors in their clerical duties, and an anecdote of one of those occasions is still current in the district, the authenticity of which is not vouched for, but which seems good enough to be true. He dined with the incumbent on the preceding Saturday and the evening passed in great hilarity, the squire, by name Kershaw, being conspicuous for his loud enjoyment of the stranger's jokes. I am very glad that I have amused you," said Mr. Sydney Smith at parting, "but you must not laugh at my sermon tomorrow." "I should hope I know the difference between being here or at church," remarked the gentleman with some sharpness. "I am not so sure of that," replied the visitor. "I'll bet you a guinea on it," said the squire. "Take you," replied the divine. The preacher ascended the steps of the pulpit, apparently suffering from a severe cold, with his handkerchief to his face, and at once sneezed out the name "Kershaw" several times, in various intonations. This ingenious assumption of the readiness with which a man would recognize his own name in sounds imperceptible to the ears of the others proved accurate. The poor gentleman burst into a guffaw at the scandal of the congregation, and the minister, after looking at him with stern reproach, proceeded with the discourse and won the bet.

How Does Hubby Like This?

An Atchison married woman, who is still young and good-looking, will carry an ear of red-corn to-morrow night. She says that she hasn't been kissed for five years, and that as her husband has lost all right to object, by his own negligence, the objections made by other people will not affect her.—Atchison Globe.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Feeding of Calves.

J. M. Trueman, in an address to Pennsylvania farmers, said:

If skim milk cannot be obtained, it is possible to raise excellent calves on hay tea. Take a large pot and fill it with early cut clover or timothy hay, cover it with water and boil for half an hour. The tea thus made is very nutritious and is much relished by the calves. I have made a common practice of warming a little skim milk by pouring into it hot hay tea, and found it a very satisfactory drink for calves. The clear tea may be improved by adding to it some of the linseed jelly and also a small amount of scalded middlings. Two gallons of hay tea with scalded linseed and middlings and bran and ground oats, and clover hay for dry feed would be a good day's ration for a calf two months old.

Calves dropped in the spring should not be turned out to pasture the first summer, as more uniform growth will be obtained by feeding them in the barn away from the heat and flies. It is generally more convenient to have calves that are to be raised dropped in the fall, as they can be given more attention during the winter, and are in good condition to make use of pasture the next summer. Even at six months old, however, they should not be left unprotected in the heat, but should have a darkened barn or shed to which they can go to get away from the flies. Don't leave them out late in the fall, but take them to the barn before the cold begins to pinch them.

The second winter the yearlings should be supplied with food that will form bone and muscle. They will be able to eat considerable roughage, as straw and corn fodder, but will also need some concentrated food. It is not desirable to harden their muscles too much, as it is apt to hinder growth. Give them roots or silage once a day to keep the muscles soft and growing. If you have neither of these foods, plan to have one of them next year, and in the meantime feed wheat bran and linseed in small quantities, or any nitrogenous food, as dried brewers' grains or gluten feed. If the heifers show signs of getting fat, reduce the linseed meal. Give them one feed a day of good clover hay.

The heifers should be bred to drop their first calves at about two years old. While pregnant feed rather more liberally with a view to developing a good udder. When within a few months of calving increase the grain feed in order that the udder may be developed, and that the drain of the growing calf may not be too heavy on the system of the young cow. Two weeks before calving, reduce the feed and give soft food, and do not return to full feed for at least two weeks after calving. Many men have been successful in raising calves, who have not followed the plan outlined in this paper, and therefore I do not claim that other methods of detail may not be just as good. The principles, however, remain always the same. Wise breeding and judicious feeding, with a never-ending care for the health and comfort of the animals, will bring success, and their neglect will just as surely bring defeat and disappointment.

Preventing Disease.

In an address to the Poultry Class of the Rhode Island Agricultural College, Dr. Woods said:

Supposing we have observed care in breeding and rearing our fowls—how shall we prevent disease?

Unsanitary surroundings, dampness, crowding, impure water, improper food, neglect and want of exercise, are all factors in breeding disease. It does not matter whether it is a germ disease or not. Subjected to such conditions, even the strong sound constitution breaks down, and with it vanishes immunity.

Poultry houses should be built on land that is dry and well drained. Personally I am in favor of the open front scratching shed house, since it permits open air exercise all the year round, with necessary shelter from wind and storm. Next to the scratching shed house comes the large well lighted pen, with plenty of room for exercise. I do not favor ventilators, believing that the best of them are prone to create drafts—and sleeping fowls subjected to drafts will soon become victims of colds. Build the houses tight and warm. There is little danger of getting them too snug. Have the windows made to open, and give the houses a thorough airing daily by opening the doors and windows while the fowls are exercising. This will secure all the ventilation needed. If, after adopting this plan, the house seems to need ventilating, you can make sure that you have overestimated its capacity, and that what you want in the house is not ventilators, but fewer fowls.

Sunlight is important to health; your house must be so placed that through the day sunlight may penetrate to all parts of it. Sunshine and pure air are the greatest blood purifiers.

A very dusty house is not desirable. Fowls can stand more dust than we can, but constant breathing of a dust laden atmosphere invites catarrhal troubles. Dust has its place in the poultry house, and that place is in the dust bath, which should be located in some sunny corner of the house or shed. The dust bath is a necessity, since it is the natural method of cleansing skin and feathers, and keeping down vermin.

Crowding on the roosts must be avoided if freedom from colds is to be

had, for crowding is almost certain to result in sweating, and subsequent chill. It is best avoided by allowing no more fowls to a pen than it will afford comfortable roosting room. If they have warm, roomy quarters, and are well cared for, they will not crowd enough to do them harm.

Dampness should never be tolerated; fowls cannot thrive in damp quarters. Dampness that may result from house sweating can be overcome by airing the house well each day. The length of time for the airing is to be determined by the condition of the weather.

Detection of Lice.

Lice may exist on fowls and chicks without being discovered, and that is a difficulty in the way of those who are endeavoring to convince the inexperienced of such fact, says Mirror and Farmer. In a brood of chickens two or three may perhaps be weaker than the others, and these will be almost sure to have ten times the number of vermin on them than the strong and healthy ones, and the only way to account for it is that the weak chickens do not seem to have the strength and energy to dust themselves; hence it is a matter of impossibility for them to thrive when they have vermin upon them, which not only suck the blood but derive a great deal of nutriment out of the shooting quills, which is, of course, very weakening to the chickens. More chickens are killed through the ravages of vermin than from all the diseases put together. The birds are so weakened by these pests that they are very susceptible to many ailments, and where chickens have been practically killed by lice, in almost every case the gall-duct of the liver is very full, and in some instances overflows and occasionally bursts. When chickens have many vermin upon them their feathers usually look a little rough, eyes pale all round and sunken, and there is a line underneath the eye which gives the bird a peculiar appearance, as if the beak was too long for the head (crow head), and then the wings too long for the body. Even when the youngsters appear strong and healthy it is well to catch one or two occasionally and examine them very closely, and if there are the least signs they should be well dusted with insect powder so as to destroy what few there are. Those which have a large number of vermin upon them should be well dusted with insect powder twice, the second from five to seven days after the first dressing, also, at the same time, applying a few drops of sweet oil on the heads. When dusting the chicken place a large sheet of paper on a table and lay the bird on its back, then part the feathers and shake the powder well in, so that the whole of the skin is covered with it; turn the bird over and rub the preparation well into the ends of the flights among the quills. After they have been well dusted the powder should be knocked off the surface of the feathers with the hand on the paper so that none is wasted.

Apparatus for Ripening Cream.

A correspondent of the National Stockman sends the following contribution to that journal in regard to the ripening of cream:

There is one point that should be emphasized, that is the importance of ripening and just how to ripen the cream. To keep the cream in the living room, or in the kitchen, around the fire, as many butter makers do, is one of the surest ways of spoiling the butter, and where but few cows are milked, and their neglect will just as surely bring defeat and disappointment. A few years ago we stumbled into a way that is practical, economical, and gives the best results. We bought what is known as a bread raiser, and after using it for that purpose for awhile we found that it was just the thing to warm up the cream. Any one handy with tools can make one, and the cost is but a trifle. Ours is a wooden box 31 inches high, 27 inches wide, and 18 inches deep, with a sheet iron bottom or division 15 inches from the floor. In the under part there should be a small door for putting in the lamp, required to give the heat. The sheet iron division should fit close so as to keep all gas from the lamp entering the upper apartment. A few small holes under the sheet iron will let out the gas from lamp. In the upper apartment a slatted movable bottom should be placed two or three inches above the sheet iron on which to set the cream bucket or bread tray. A lid covers the box and keeps out dust, etc. With a thermometer inside the lamp can be regulated to give any temperature desired. A box of this kind can be made larger or smaller to suit individual wants.

Poisoning Rabbits.—The Port Lavan can tells of two brothers engaged in raising cabbage extensively in Calhoun county, who had suffered considerable loss from the ravages of rabbits. The following plan of destroying the pest was resorted to by the brothers and proved successful: They soak sweet potatoes in strychnine twenty-four hours. The potatoes are then cut up and pieces fastened on pointed sticks driven into the ground. This is tempting food for the rabbits and a few bites are always fatal. The destroyer dies on the spot and at best seldom gets over an acre away before dropping. More than a hundred rabbits have already been killed at the Kelly cabbage field and if the custom is generally followed the country will soon be entirely free from the pests. A piece of sweet potato at the end of each row is all that is necessary.

A light meal in the morning, with a full meal at night, is better than feeding the fowls three times a day, as they should be so fed as to induce them to scratch and exercise, instead of remaining in a condition of idleness during the winter.

MERIT ALWAYS WINS.

A SUCCESSFUL ENTERPRISE IS BASED ON MERIT.

The Importance of Informing the Public of the Value of an Article Through the Leading Newspapers.

The few remedies which have attained to world-wide fame, as truly beneficial in effect and giving satisfaction to millions of people everywhere, are the products of the knowledge of the most eminent physicians, and presented in the form most acceptable to the human system by the skill of the world's great chemists; and one of the most successful examples is the Syrup of Figs manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Unlike a host of imitations and cheap substitutes, Syrup of Figs is permanently beneficial in its effects, and therefore lives and promotes good health, while inferior preparations are being cast aside and forgotten. In olden times if a remedy gave temporary relief to individuals here and there, it was thought good; but now-a-days a laxative remedy must give satisfaction to all. If you have never used Syrup of Figs, give it a trial, and you will be pleased with it, and will recommend it to your friends or to any who suffer from constipation, or from over-feeding, or from colds, headaches, biliousness, or other ills resulting from an inactive condition of the kidneys, liver and bowels.

In the process of manufacturing the pleasant family laxative made by the California Fig Syrup Co., and named Syrup of Figs, figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste; but the medicinal properties of the remedy are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially. As the true and original remedy, named Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The company has selected for years past the leading publications of the United States through which to inform the public of the merits of its remedy, and among them this paper is included, as will be seen by reference to its advertising columns.

The Bells.

She couldn't understand the play, so she asked: "Why does the sound of sleigh bells so unnerve Mathias?" "Probably he took a girl out sleighing in the thoughtless days of his youth," remarked her companion.—Philadelphia North American.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The doctor's patients seldom decline with thanks.

Health for Ten Cents.

Cascarets make bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

A patrol wagon brings some inebriates to a full stop.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Broom-Ofenine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

The square-rigged ship is apt to become a wreck-tangle in a storm.

Coughs and Colds Cured Quick With Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer. All Druggists and Country Stores. 25c. a bottle.

Feminine complexions often resemble small boys; they won't wash.

I know that my life was saved by Pico's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Au Sable, Michigan, April 21, 1895.

A woman void of curiosity must find life as tedious as a historical novel.

"Only the First Step is Difficult."

The first step in Spring should be to cleanse Nature's house from Winter's accumulations. Hood's Sarsaparilla does this work easily. It is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. It purifies the blood, as millions of people say.

It makes the weak strong, as nervous men and women gladly testify. It cures all blood diseases, as thousands of cured voluntarily write. It is just the medicine for you, as you will gladly say after you have given it a fair trial.

Bad Blood.—Although past 70 years of age I am thoroughly well. It was three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla that made me so after spending over \$60 in medical attendance. My trouble was a raw sore on my ankle.—Mrs. LOUISA MASON, Court Street, Lowell, Mass.

Running Sores.—"After worrying four months I gave my children Hood's Sarsaparilla and it cured them of running sores. Hood's Pills cured me of dyspepsia and constipation." Mrs. KATE E. THOMAS, 31 Governor St., Annapolis, Md.

Consumptive Cough.—"Five years ago I had a consumptive cough which reduced me to a skeleton. Was advised to take Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and recovered normal health. I have been well ever since." MATILDA BRIDGEWATER, Cor. Pearl and Chestnut Sts., Jeffersonville, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE RIGHTFUL HEIR

By M. T. CALDOR.

CHAPTER I.



the highway leading to that city, stood a young man leaning against a huge chestnut trunk, and gazing silently upon the picturesque scene spread out before him.

The sparkling waves of the Isère danced along merrily through a vine covered valley, lying like an emerald between two precipitous hills, closely wooded with chestnut trees, interspersed here and there with a birch or larch. Beyond him lay a smiling tract of cultivated land, showing the rare mingling of orange and lemon with apple and cherry trees; and crowning a gentle slope was the oddly shaped Chateau of the noble proprietor, Count Beauvais. Still further across the undulating country rose the stately towers and high parapet walls of another chateau, and scattered here and there, between humble daisies in the greensward, were the low walled dwellings of the peasant dependents of these warm friends and close neighbors, Counts Beauvais and Germain.

But it was on neither lordly dwelling the fine dark eye of the solitary gazer turned so eagerly, but upon the point directly between him and the river, where the highway came out into the sunshine again, after its cool and shadowy passage through the chestnut woods. From this his attention was scarcely for a moment diverted, and presently his perseverance was well rewarded, judging from the glow that mantled his cheek and lit his dark eye.

A cavalcade of some dozen persons, ladies and gentlemen, came sweeping out gaily from the dark green archway of the woods, their gay dresses, flying plumes, and sparkling equipments lighting up the scene in just the way to suit an artist's picture or a poet's fancy.

The youth drew closer before him, the leafy screen of down-reaching boughs—but peered through them eagerly as the train drew nearer so that the silvery laughter of the ladies came distinctly to his ears.

Foremost, side by side, on a pair of spirited jet black horses rode a youthful pair, chatting merrily, and now and then leaning toward each other to give an earnest gesture to add spirit to jest or tender talk, whichever it might be. On these the wild, dark eyes of the hidden gazer seemed to flame now with tenderest love, and anon with the fiercest ire; and as they approached still nearer, he set his teeth against his lip, till the receding blood left a white line around each indenture, while his breath came laboringly. Even when they passed on, and the remainder of the party came opposite to him, his glance still followed the graceful figure of the maiden, with a wistful, despairing tenderness that seemed impossible from the same eyes that a moment before had glared so angrily upon the youth who rode beside her.

But the face of Lady Violante Beauvais was enough to explain away much madness upon a lover's part. Such a face as we meet often in pictures, but so seldom in reality. All the sweet loveliness of childhood in the rose-tinted cheeks, and lips moulded in love's own type—the lilies and dimples of infancy, but in the large, dreamy and unfathomable dark eyes—womanhood's shy reserve and tender mysteries.

She carried her beautiful head haughtily, so that the snowy plumes of her blue velvet riding cap swept the sloping shoulder; and yet it seemed a pride more than a cultivated sentiment, albeit none knew better than she the most effectual way of keeping presumption at bay.

Not even the young Count Germain, her friend and warm admirer, had dared so much as touch familiarly the white little hand, that, released from the gauntlet glove, stroked the silky mane of the horse. And now as he rode gaily beside her, drinking in, with greedy delight, the charming grace and sparkling changes on her expressive countenance—he dared not, for the life of him, breathe a word of the soft flatteries that rose to his lips—because she had checked, with queenly dignity, his first attempt at compliment.

And while he listened to her sweet joyous tones, the young Count was wondering what was going on at Beauvais Chateau, and if, as he had promised, his stately father was laying before the Count his long cherished plan of uniting the two houses by the marriage of the beautiful Violante to his son. That son looked over shyly to the fair equestrian and queried what new light would come sparkling into that dreamy eye, what change would come over that joyous face, could she hear the momentous discussion probably going on at that very moment in the antique library of her father's house; would that polished forehead grow unlovely with a frown, or would new smiles come coyly around those rosy lips? It was a delicious problem. Pondering upon it, he grew abstracted—nor heeded how restless and uneasy the horse of Lady Violante grew—foaming at the mouth, starting uneasily aside, and at last actually rearing, while his fair rider, patting his glossy neck, said chidingly:

"So, so, my foolish Jet, why do you chase so restlessly, when we are fresh upon the ride? What ails you, Jet?"

The animal turned his head at the familiar voice, but in a moment, with a shrill neigh of terror, he sprang forward and darted madly away. The truth was, as she had passed closely to some wild rose bushes to gather one, Lady Violante's long riding dress had swept away a bee, which at last escaping the smothering folds, had revenged itself on the flanks of the innocent steed.

Wheeling around abruptly, the goaded beast dashed by the startled train, and frantic with pain paid no regard to rein or call. With wonderful presence of mind Lady Violante kept her seat and held on firmly, while she was borne furiously along and only when the animal dashed away from the highway into a lane leading to a precipitous cliff, descending abruptly to the river, did her wild shriek for aid ring out imploringly, and startle every ear.

Count Germain and several others put spurs to their horses, but the very attempt to reach her served only to accelerate the speed of the terrified horse, and in despair they desisted, and aimed toward the river, hoping to intercept her before the precipice was reached.

But her cry had reached and roused a bolder spirit than theirs. The youth who had been left leaning gloomily against the chestnut tree had heard and seen all. Like an arrow shot from trusty bow, he had flown forward, leaping stile, rock and shrub, till he had planted himself before the fearful leap, toward which he saw the horse was coming.

It was a moment's work to shout in a firm, courageous voice:

"I will save you, throw yourself toward me, and you are safe!" as he stood planted firmly to await the shock.

Less than that time to carry out the critical design, Lady Violante comprehended his meaning, and with the energy of desperation, as she flew madly past, she threw her arms toward him. He caught them, held her in a resolute clasp, and tore her from the saddle. As the horse dashed on, both fell to the ground, for the moment stunned and bruised, while poor Jet went down headlong to the water.

The youth was the first to recover himself. He raised himself slowly, glanced at her lifeless figure, vainly endeavoring to raise it, and then growing faint, sank insensible beside her.

While the frantic companions of Lady Violante's ride were exploring the river, where they found the dead body of the horse—a body of servants, headed by the anxious father, who had received the alarm—examined the cliff—and came suddenly upon the insensible pair. Both were borne tenderly to the Chateau. Lady Violante soon revived, and was but little injured. Her gallant rescuer was more unfortunate. His steady facing of the animal had caused him a fractured arm and ankle, the pain of which was evidently aggravated by some feverish distress of mind.

"Carry me back," said he, impatiently, as soon as he could speak coherently, gazing ruefully at his bandaged limbs, and the anxious faces around him—the worthy surgeon, the grateful Count, and the pitying countenance of Violante.

"Carry you where?" asked the Count quietly.

"To the roadside, to the cliff, anywhere but here," was the reply, as the glittering eyes turned wildly upon the beautiful face beyond him.

"Nay, nay, my friend, you surely cannot think we have so little gratitude as that! You who have restored to us our treasure, who have saved my child from so terrible a fate,"—and he shuddered—"surely you have a rightful claim to our gratitude and hospitality at any time—and now that you are ill and suffering from your generous daring, surely you cannot think that we will allow you to leave us! Calm yourself—I pray you, and seek the repose your shattered nerves require. Your commands will be the law of the Chateau."

And thus saying, the Count drew his daughter toward him, bowed with courteous dignity, and led her from the room. The surgeon followed, after giving directions to the nurse, who had been summoned to the care of the stranger.

Left alone in the gorgeous chamber, whose richly draped windows softened the light to a dim, twilight—the young man, powerless to move, yet showed by his restless burning eyes how he chafed and writhed beneath the inexorable necessity of his novel position.

A week passed by, and though the fractured bones were improving, still the sharp-eyed surgeon was dissatisfied with his patient.

"He is fretting himself into a fever, he will die on our hands yet," said he, lugubriously, "there is something on his mind, and all the medicine in the world will fail to reach it."

"Strange youth!" answered the Count gravely. "I can make nothing out of him. He will not even tell his name. The daring he displayed in Lady Violante's behalf seems strangely incongruous with his present sullenness."

"Lady Violante must try to move the rock," said the physician, quietly, smiling at the girl's earnest, wistful face.

So Lady Violante sent away the nurse, and ventured into the sick chamber.

She advanced to the couch, her dark eyes soft with pitiful tears, her sweet face tender with gentle sympathy, and laying her cool, white hand—the hand that Count Germain had so vainly longed to kiss—upon his clenched, burning fingers, she said, entreatingly:

"Dear friend, you are unhappy, you are grieving over some hidden sorrow. You do not mend, you frighten the

physician. You will die if you persist in dwelling upon your trouble. Confide in me—let me help you—oh for my sake, for my sake who have brought all this pain to you, do not die!" and here Violante paused, choked by a flood of tears.

He looked at her wonderingly, and said, slowly:

"For your sake? what will it be to you?"

Lady Violante brushed away her tears to answer reproachfully:

"Do you think I have a heart of stone? It will be everything to me to see the preserver of my life restored to health and happiness."

"Happiness!" echoed he, with bitter emphasis, "is a word whose meaning I have never known. You must urge some better plea."

She looked at him sorrowfully. The pallid, handsome face, the restless eyes, the tumbled jetty waves of hair, through which the one free hand had a trick of plunging itself, to free the irritation there was no other way of manifesting. All these appealed irresistibly to Violante's tenderest compassion, and seemed to explain somewhat the singularity of his behavior.

"Alas!" said she, "can it be there is any human being so beset with misfortune, his love of life has fled? Surely, then, there is some one who loves you, for whose sake you should strive to recover?"

He was studying, earnestly, her ingenious face, and then, suddenly, he exclaimed:

"Yes, yes, if there is any truth on earth I see it before me. I can trust you. Lady, sweet lady, there is one favor you may do for me, which will give me rest and quiet, if such a thing is possible for me in this most unfortunate affair."

Violante bent eagerly forward.

"Thank you, oh, thank you, anything whatever you may ask, will be so joyfully performed in return for a debt that can never be worthily repaid."

"Nay, nay," said he, with an impatient gesture. "Talk not of gratitude, I beseech you! nor promise rashly. It is no common boon I ask of you. It is strange, unheard of. I know not but improper; but remember it is at your own option."

The glow faded from her face, yet she asked earnestly: "What is it?"

"First, Lady Violante Beauvais, I must appeal to your honorable generosity, and beseech you to keep sacred silence upon the request, whatever you may decide."

"I promise," answered her sweet, clear tones, while her cheek paled a little.

Still he hesitated—a flush passed over his face, and then died off, leaving it almost white. The fiery light of the dark eyes was flooded away by a sudden rise of tears, as he said, vehemently:

"Why do I hesitate—simpleton that I am! I dread to fill you with distrust and suspicion. Oh, Lady Violante, if I could only tell you everything, all my wrongs and woes—but, as there is a heaven above us, nothing of any guilt on my part. You, in your angelic innocence are not more free from stain of crime, than I!" and, quivering with emotion, he clasped the one useful hand over his eyes.

"Nay," said the girl, with gentle dignity, "there is no need of the assurance. I am confident of it already. One who risks his life to save another who is nothing to him, lacks discretion, but not goodness. Nothing can make me doubt your worth."

His lip quivered. "Heaven bless you, Lady Violante, it were worth a thousand pangs like these I feel to hear such words from you lips. Keep such faith in me, I pray you, while I urge my strange request. Will you write for me these words on a slip of paper?"

"Valerie, be at rest. He who is absent is safe and will soon rejoin you; be wary and vigilant till then. Bernard, for whom a friend takes the pen."

Lady Violante's face showed her surprise, but she quietly drew toward her a writing tray, and wrote the desired message.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A Sydney Smith Story.

Sydney Smith willingly assisted his neighbors in their clerical duties, and an anecdote of one of those occasions is still current in the district, the authenticity of which is not vouched for, but which seems good enough to be true.

He dined with the incumbent on the preceding Saturday and the evening passed in great hilarity, the squire, by name Kershaw, being conspicuous for his loud enjoyment of the stranger's jokes. I am very glad that I have amused you," said Mr. Sydney Smith at parting, "but you must not laugh at my sermon tomorrow."

"I should hope I know the difference between being here or at church," remarked the gentleman with some sharpness. "I am not so sure of that," replied the visitor. "I'll bet you a guinea on it," said the squire. "Take you," replied the divine.

The preacher ascended the steps of the pulpit, apparently suffering from a severe cold, with his handkerchief to his face, and at once sneezed out the name "Kershaw" several times, in various intonations. This ingenious assumption of the readiness with which a man would recognize his own name in sounds imperceptible to the ears of the others proved accurate. The poor gentleman burst into a guffaw to the scandal of the congregation, and the minister, after looking at him with stern reproach, proceeded with the discourse and won the bet.

How Does Hubby Like This?

An Atchison married woman, who is still young and good-looking, will carry an ear of red-corn to-morrow night. She says that she hasn't been kissed for five years, and that as her husband has lost all right to object, by his own negligence, the objections made by other people will not affect her.—Atchison Globe.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Feeding of Calves.

J. M. Trueman, in an address to Pennsylvania farmers, said:

If skim milk cannot be obtained, it is possible to raise excellent calves on hay tea. Take a large pot and fill it with early cut clover or timothy hay, cover it with water and boil for half an hour. The tea thus made is very nutritious and is much relished by the calves. I have made a common practice of warming a little skim milk by pouring into it hot hay tea, and found it a very satisfactory drink for calves. The clear tea may be improved by adding to it some of the linseed jelly and also a small amount of scalded middlings. Two gallons of hay tea with scalded linseed and middlings and bran and ground oats, and clover hay for dry feed would be a good day's ration for a calf two months old.

Calves dropped in the spring should not be turned out to pasture the first summer, as more uniform growth will be obtained by feeding them in the barn away from the heat and flies. It is generally more convenient to have calves that are to be raised dropped in the fall, as they can be given more attention during the winter, and are in good condition to make use of pasture the next summer. Even at six months old, however, they should not be left unprotected in the heat, but should have a darkened barn or shed to which they can go to get away from the flies. Don't leave them out late in the fall, but take them to the barn before the cold begins to pinch them.

The second winter the yearlings should be supplied with food that will form bone and muscle. They will be able to eat considerable roughage, as straw and corn fodder, but will also need some concentrated food. It is not desirable to harden their muscles too much, as it is apt to hinder growth. Give them roots or silage once a day to keep the muscles soft and growing. If you have neither of these foods, plan to have one of them next year, and in the meantime feed wheat bran and linseed in small quantities, or any nitrogenous food, as dried brewers' grains or gluten feed. If the heifers show signs of getting fat, reduce the linseed meal. Give them one feed a day of good clover hay.

The heifers should be bred to drop their first calves at about two years old. While pregnant feed rather more liberally with a view to developing a good udder. When within a few months of calving increase the grain feed in order that the udder may be developed, and that the drain of the growing calf may not be too heavy on the system of the young cow. Two weeks before calving, reduce the feed and give soft food, and do not return to full feed for at least two weeks after calving.

Many men have been successful in raising calves, who have not followed the plan outlined in this paper, and therefore I do not claim that other methods of detail may not be just as good. The principles, however, remain always the same. Wise breeding and judicious feeding, with a never-ending care for the health and comfort of the animals, will bring success, and their neglect will just as surely bring defeat and disappointment.

Preventing Disease.

In an address to the Poultry Class of the Rhode Island Agricultural College, Dr. Woods said:

Supposing we have observed care in breeding and rearing our fowls—how shall we prevent disease?

Unsanitary surroundings, dampness, crowding, impure water, improper food, neglect and want of exercise, are all factors in breeding disease. It does not matter whether it is a germ disease or not. Subjected to such conditions, even the strong sound constitution breaks down, and with it vanishes immunity.

Poultry houses should be built on land that is dry and well drained. Personally I am in favor of the open front scratching shed house, since it permits open air exercise all the year round, with necessary shelter from wind and storm. Next to the scratching shed house comes the large well lighted pen, with plenty of room for exercise. I do not favor ventilators, believing that the best of them are prone to create drafts—and sleeping fowls subjected to drafts will soon become victims of colds. Build the houses tight and warm. There is little danger of getting them too snug. Have the windows made to open, and give the houses a thorough airing daily by opening the doors and windows while the fowls are exercising. This will secure all the ventilation needed. If, after adopting this plan, the house seems to need ventilating, you can make sure that you have overestimated its capacity, and that what you want in the house is not ventilators, but fewer fowls.

Sunlight is important to health; your house must be so placed that through the day sunlight may penetrate to all parts of it. Sunshine and pure air are the greatest blood purifiers.

A very dusty house is not desirable. Fowls can stand more dust than we can, but constant breathing of a dust laden atmosphere invites catarrhal troubles. Dust has its place in the poultry house, and that place is in the dust bath, which should be located in some sunny corner of the house or shed. The dust bath is a necessity, since it is the natural method of cleansing skin and feathers, and keeping down vermin.

Crowding on the roosts must be avoided if freedom from colds is to be

had, for crowding is almost certain to result in sweating, and subsequent chill. It is best avoided by allowing no more fowls to a pen than it will afford comfortable roosting room. If they have warm, roomy quarters, and are well cared for, they will not crowd enough to do them harm.

Dampness should never be tolerated; fowls cannot thrive in damp quarters. Dampness that may result from house sweating can be overcome by airing the house well each day. The length of time for the airing is to be determined by the condition of the weather.

Detection of Lice.

Lice may exist on fowls and chicks without being discovered, and that is a difficulty in the way of those who are endeavoring to convince the inexperienced of such fact, says Mirror and Farmer. In a brood of chickens two or three may perhaps be weaker than the others, and these will be almost sure to have ten times the number of vermin on them than the strong and healthy ones, and the only way to account for it is that the weak chickens do not seem to have the strength and energy to dust themselves; hence it is a matter of impossibility for them to thrive when they have vermin upon them, which not only suck the blood but derive a great deal of nutriment out of the shooting quills, which is, of course, very weakening to the chickens. More chickens are killed through the ravages of vermin than from all the diseases put together. The birds are so weakened by these pests that they are very susceptible to many ailments, and where chickens have been practically killed by lice, in almost every case the gall-duet of the liver is very full, and in some instances overflows and occasionally bursts. When chickens have many vermin upon them their feathers usually look a little rough, eyes pale all round and sunken, and there is a line underneath the eye which gives the bird a peculiar appearance, as if the beak was too long for the head (crow head), and then the wings too long for the body. Even when the youngsters appear strong and healthy it is well to catch one or two occasionally and examine them very closely, and if there are the least signs they should be well dusted with insect powder so as to destroy what few there are. Those which have a large number of vermin upon them should be well dusted with insect powder twice, the second from five to seven days after the first dressing, also, at the same time, applying a few drops of sweet oil on the heads. When dusting the chicken place a large sheet of paper on a table and lay the bird on its back, then part the feathers and shake the powder well in, so that the whole of the skin is covered with it; turn the bird over and rub the preparation well into the ends of the flights among the quills. After they have been well dusted the powder should be knocked off the surface of the feathers with the hand on the paper so that none is wasted.

Apparatus for Ripening Cream.

A correspondent of the National Stockman sends the following contribution to that journal in regard to the ripening of cream:

There is one point that should be emphasized, that is the importance of ripening and just how to ripen the cream. To keep the cream in the living room, or in the kitchen, around the fire, as many butter makers do, is one of the surest ways of spoiling the butter, and where but few cows are milked keeping a room warmed up to the proper temperature especially for ripening the cream is attended with too much expense. A few years ago we stumbled into a way that is practical, economical, and gives the best results. We bought what is known as a bread raiser, and after using it for that purpose for awhile we found that it was just the thing to warm up the cream. Any one handy with tools can make one, and the cost is but a trifle. Ours is a wooden box 31 inches high, 27 inches wide, and 18 inches deep, with a sheet iron bottom or division 14 inches from the floor. In the under part there should be a small door for putting in the lamp, required to give the heat. The sheet iron division should fit close so as to keep all gas from the lamp entering the upper apartment. A few small holes under the sheet iron will let out the gas from lamp. In the upper apartment a slatted movable bottom should be placed two or three inches above the sheet iron on which to set the cream bucket or bread tray. A lid covers the box and keeps out dust, etc. With a thermometer inside the lamp can be regulated to give any temperature desired. A box of this kind can be made larger or smaller to suit individual wants.

Poisoning Rabbits.—The Port Lavaca tells of two brothers engaged in raising cabbage extensively in Calhoun county, who had suffered considerable loss from the ravages of rabbits. The following plan of destroying the pest was resorted to by the brothers and proved successful: They soaked sweet potatoes in strychnine twenty-four hours. The potatoes are then cut up and pieces fastened on pointed sticks driven into the ground. This is tempting food for the rabbits and a few bites are always fatal. The destroyer dies on the spot and at best seldom gets over an acre away before dropping. More than a hundred rabbits have already been killed at the Kelly cabbage field and if the custom is generally followed the country will soon be entirely free from the pests. A piece of sweet potato at the end of each row is all that is necessary.

A light meal in the morning, with a full meal at night, is better than feeding the fowls three times a day, as they show a so fed as to induce them to scratch and exercise, instead of remaining in a condition of idleness during the winter.

MERIT ALWAYS WINS.

A SUCCESSFUL ENTERPRISE IS BASED ON MERIT.

The Importance of Informing the Public of the Value of an Article Through the Leading Newspapers.

The few remedies which have attained to world-wide fame, as truly beneficial in effect and giving satisfaction to millions of people everywhere, are the products of the knowledge of the most eminent physicians, and presented in the form most acceptable to the human system by the skill of the world's great chemists; and one of the most successful examples is the Syrup of Figs manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Unlike a host of imitations and cheap substitutes, Syrup of Figs is permanently beneficial in its effects, and therefore lives and promotes good health, while inferior preparations are being cast aside and forgotten. In olden times if a remedy gave temporary relief to individuals here and there, it was thought good; but now-a-days a laxative remedy must give satisfaction to all. If you have never used Syrup of Figs, give it a trial, and you will be pleased with it, and will recommend it to your friends or to any who suffer from constipation, or from over-feeding, or from colds, headaches, biliousness, or other ills resulting from an inactive condition of the kidneys, liver and bowels.

In the process of manufacturing the pleasant family laxative made by the California Fig Syrup Co. and named Syrup of Figs, figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste; but the medicinal properties of the remedy are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially. As the true and original remedy, named Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The company has selected for years past the leading publications of the United States through which to inform the public of the merits of its remedy, and among them this paper is included, as will be seen by reference to its advertising columns.

The Bells.

She couldn't understand the play, so she asked: "Why does the sound of sleigh bells so unnerve Matthias?"

"Probably he took a girl out sleighing in the thoughtless days of his youth," remarked her companion.—Philadelphia North American.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The doctor's patients seldom decline with thanks.

Health for Ten Cents.

Cascarets make bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headaches, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

A patrol wagon brings some inebriates to a full stop.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

The square-rigged ship is apt to become a wreck-tangle in a storm.

Coughs and Colds Cured Quick. With Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Syrup. All Druggists and Country Stores. 25c. a bottle.

Feminine complexions often resemble small boys; they won't wash.

I know that my life was saved by Pilo's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Annapolis, Md., April 21, 1895.

A woman void of curiosity must find life as tedious as a historical novel.

"Only the First Step is Difficult."

The first step in Spring should be to cleanse Nature's house from Winter's accumulations. Hood's Sarsaparilla does this work easily. It is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. It purifies the blood, as millions of people say.

It makes the weak strong, as nervous men and women gladly testify. It cures all blood diseases, as thousands of cured voluntarily write. It is just the medicine for you, as you will gladly say after you have given it a fair trial.

Bad Blood.—"Although past 70 years of age I am thoroughly well. It was three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla that made me so after spending over \$60 in medical attendance. My trouble was a raw sore on my ankle." Mrs. LOUISA MASON, Court Street, Lowell, Mass.

Running Sores.—"After worrying four months I gave my children Hood's Sarsaparilla and it cured them of running sores. Hood's Pills cured me of dyspepsia and constipation." Mrs. KATE E. THOMAS, 31 Governor St., Annapolis, Md.

Consumptive Cough.—"Five years ago I had a consumptive cough which reduced me to a skeleton. Was advised to take Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and recovered normal health. I have been well ever since." MATILDA BRIDGESWATER, Cor. Pearl and Chestnut Sts., Jeffersonville, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

GOVERNOR McCORD.

Recommends Per-una to All Catarrh Victims.

Hon. Myron H. McCord, ex-governor of New Mexico, in a letter to Dr. Hartman, from Washington, D. C., says:

Gentlemen—At the suggestion of a friend I was advised to use Per-una for catarrh, and after using one bottle I began to feel better in every way. It



Hon. M. H. McCord.

helped me in many respects. I was troubled with colds, coughs, sore throat, etc., but as soon as I had taken your medicine I began to improve and soon got well. I take pleasure in recommending your great remedy to all who are afflicted with catarrh.—M. H. McCord.

Thousands of cases of chronic catarrh have been cured by Per-una during the past winter. In spite of changeable weather, in spite of the natural set-backs from catching cold, and confinement to ill-ventilated rooms, the great catarrh remedy—Per-una—has effected these cures. But now spring is here. The days are longer, the sun is warmer, and the blizzard is gone for another year. This presents a much more favorable opportunity for the permanent cure of chronic catarrh, especially old, stubborn cases. Now is the time to begin treatment. Other things being equal, one month's treatment in the spring is worth two months' treatment during the inclement weather of winter. Insist upon having Per-una. There are no successful substitutes for this remedy. Send to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., for a free catarrh book.

Pushing Business.

"I thought Cholly's father started him in business."

"He did; but business was so dull that Cholly had to get an alarm clock to wake himself up when it was time to go home."—Puck.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors.

Edward H. Burger, Duluth, Minn., safety pocket; Carroll D. Clippell, Redwood Falls, Minn., automatic swinging stacker; Augustus S. Lockrem, and O. Estwick, Pierpont, S. D., tongue cap and line guard; John U. G. Morrison and A. A. Kregnes, Hooker, S. D., cultivator; William P. Shattuck, Minneapolis, Minn., syringe. Merwin, Lotthrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

He Couldn't Swallow That.

"Come, come, cheer up," said the optimist; "it's all for the best, remember."

"So it seems," said the pessimist. "At all events, we second-best ones don't seem to get any."—Ally Sloper.

Onion Seed 68c and Up a Lb.

Catalogue tells how to grow 1213 bus. per acre as easily as 100 bushels. Largest growers of Earliest Vegetables and Farm Seeds. Earliest vegetables always pay. Salzer's Seeds produce them weeks ahead of others. Coffee Berry 15c per lb. Potatoes \$1.20 a Bbl. Cut this out and send with 14c for great Catalogue and 10 packages of vegetable and flower seed novelties to JOHN A. SALZER SEED COMPANY, LA CROSSE, WIS. [w.n.]

Well Earned.

Bill—I tell you, a fellow never knows what a good dinner is until he has to work for it.

Jill—Ah! they made you carve the duck, did they?—Yonkers Statesman.

The woman who weds a "bad egg" need not expect to find the matrimonial yolk pleasant.



NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

A METALLIC MARVEL.

EXTRAORDINARY GROWTH OF IRON PRODUCTION IN AMERICA.

From Making 8 Per Cent of the World's Supply in 1851, We Had in 1898 Increased Our Proportion to 33 1-2 Per Cent of the Whole.

When the Hon. William D. Kelley took his seat for the first time in congress, 1861, we were making 653,164 gross tons of pig iron, as compared with 3,803,390 tons made in Great Britain. This was about 8 per cent of the total probable production for that year, England making 47½ per cent. When he died, still representing the Fourth Congressional district in Pennsylvania, we were making as much iron as Great Britain. Since then we have made more pig iron than the United Kingdom, reaching for last year a total of 11,773,934 gross tons, against a probable production by Great Britain of 9,250,000 tons. That is, our contribution to the world's output of pig iron has probably been about 33½ per cent, as against 26½ per cent by England.

It is doubtful if any one man has done more to put this country in the front rank as an iron producer and to decrease the price of this necessary commodity, both in this country and in the whole world, than Judge Kelley. A protectionist in all things, he fully appreciated the fact that the rate of progress made by civilization was more dependent on a low price of iron than on any other factor. And he knew that the only way to permanently reduce the price of iron was to increase the supply. He accordingly was insistent in his efforts to induce such commercial confidence in the future as would justify the liberal expenditures of capital necessary for opening mines and the construction of railroads, furnaces and labor-saving machinery required in the production and manufacture of iron. He thought, and the majority of the civilized world has since agreed with him, that the surest way to develop this confidence and secure the resulting increase in iron production was by the imposition of a protective tariff.

The object of Representative Kelley's labors was extremely distasteful to the importers of iron ware, for they had their interests served by a high price, which could be best secured by restricting the American output. Consequently they demanded of all papers influenced by payments for their advertisements and the advertisements of other importers that Kelley should be attacked and denounced, and the efforts of such newspapers were ably seconded by that class of parasitic writers which seems unable to find recompense for labors in the interest of this country. The result was that from the time the proportional make of American iron commenced to encroach upon the British make Mr. Kelley was one of the best and most generally abused men on this continent. Wherever the English language was spoken he was known as Pig Iron Kelley. The Cobden motto, "Peace on earth and good-will to men," did not apply to those who reduce the profits of British manufacturers by enlarging the supply of manufactured goods.

In 1860 the production of iron in this country had been increasing in spite of the "Walker" tariff and that of 1857. Under the tariff of 1842, with a duty of \$9 per ton, we hoped to exceed the make of Great Britain, and a production of 800,000 tons was claimed for both 1847 and 1848. But the Walker tariff, with a 30 per cent ad valorem duty, sent our make down to 500,000 tons in 1852, to grow gradually to the figures given above for 1860, in spite of a 24 per cent duty imposed in 1857.

It was during this period, when we were more unready to compete than at any other time in our history, that England commenced iron shipbuilding, aiding it with enormous subsidies to her steamer lines and the discriminations of Lloyd's insurance rates.

The very decided jump in price from a minimum of \$30.50 in 1871 to a maximum of \$53.87½ in 1872 was due to a reduction in the tariff, which stopped furnace building and so reduced confidence that the production of iron in this country actually decreased in the face of an increasing demand. Those of our furnacemen who did not believe the duty is always added to the price reaped a very substantial reward for their persistence. The great advantage, however, resulting from the decreased duty went where it was intended—to England. That country sold us iron and steel and manufactures thereof to the value of \$108,834,167 in the three years ending with June 30, 1870, and to the value of \$219,605,434 in the three years ending with 1873. This largely increased foreign expenditure added materially to the financial stringency following the last named year.

In view of the fact that pig iron is now sold at less than the probable profit in many years between 1850 and 1880 it is of interest to read the words of Historian Fiske, characterizing the system of protection—viz.:

"The shameful system of wholesale robbery upon which congress had entered by 1828, and which during the last thirty years has been growing ever more cynical, ruthless and base."

This was not written because John Fiske had suffered in any particular through the exhibition of protection in this country, but because the mass of mankind has advanced faster than special classes.

It is doubtful if Mr. Kelley was ever more troubled by the abuse heaped upon him than any one would be who, though conscious of right, still does not admire either ignorant or purchased detraction. But before his death he saw that the substantial increases in production and the conse-

quent fall in price had been made either in this country or in Germany, where Bismarck followed our lead in protecting production. Now, within less than a decade from his death, it is apparent that the production of iron is increasing faster than population, and the price is falling with the production in spite of the increased demand. It also seems probable that if the free traders could have controlled legislation the amount of iron contributed to the world's service last year would have been cut in two, while the total payments made therefore by consumers would have been increased rather than diminished. All this, with the general prosperity and ease of living resulting from it, as said above, is greatly due to the efforts of the Hon. William D. Kelley of Pennsylvania. If he had lived to this time he would be proud to be called Pig Iron Kelley.

Home Market Only.

In a recent report to the state department Consul Thackara, writing from Havre, Nov. 25, 1898, expresses the belief that there is no possibility of selling American wines in France. In 1896 France imported 221,646,691 gallons of wines from other countries. Of this quantity 132,067,636 gallons came from Spain and 52,508,422 gallons from Algeria, the relatively small remainder coming from Tunis, Italy, Portugal and other countries, while little, if any, was imported from the United States. France uses these foreign wines for blending with her own vintage, and for this use the cheaper bulk wines of Spain and Algeria meet the requirements of French wine makers as well as would the American wines, which cost considerably more to lay down in France. In all but higher priced grades the question is one of cheapness, not quality, with the French wine maker. Hence he will not use American wine, even though it would materially improve the quality of his blend.

The obvious lesson to be drawn from the report of Consul Thackara is that the great market for American wines is and must continue to be in America. That market is broadening year by year as the people of this country become more and more educated up to the fact that in relation to quality and price, in respect of purity, wholesomeness and expert fabrication together with relatively low cost to the consumer, the standard wines of American make are greatly to be preferred over the general range of wines offered for sale under foreign labels.

Transfer of an Industry.

The tin plate industry, opposed, derided and legislated against by Democratic free traders, has grown to wonderful proportions in a few years. A combination of about all the manufacturing companies producing this article has just been formed, with a capital stock of \$50,000,000, and embracing thirty-eight separate concerns, with 268 mills. It is estimated that the tin plate produced in the United States now reaches 8,000,000 boxes a year, the weight of each box being 100 pounds.

Such rapid growth is remarkable. It shows the adaptability of American workmen to new processes. Tin plate making was centered in Wales when the McKinley bill was passed. It is rapidly being centered in this country. Capitalists and workmen alike have thus been benefited. An entirely new means of employment has been furnished, which is of the greatest importance in a country where every man prefers to earn his own living, and there are comparatively few idlers.—Brooklyn (N. Y.) Standard-Union.

An Encouraging Prospect.



"Cheer up, Jack. Perhaps the government will wake up some day and do as well by your father as it has done by mine."

Cause for Congratulation.

Some of the Democratic papers are worrying because William A. Clark, just elected to the United States by the Democrats of Montana, is a protectionist. This is cause for congratulation, if only they knew it. It shows that it is possible to be a Democrat and a sensible man at one and the same time. Many people are not aware of such a possibility; therefore is the election of Mr. Clark a proper cause for congratulation among Democrats.

Protection for the Sailor.

While congress is affording protection to the many industries of this country—as it should do—would it not be a good plan to include the American sailor in the list? If there is anything or anybody that needs protection, it is the poor sailor.—Martinez (Cal.) Gazette.

An Earnest Protest.

A Washington dispatch asserts that the work of the Anglo-American commissioners is about completed, and the treaty will be drawn up for signature immediately after the holidays. It is alleged to be a triumph of American diplomacy, but perhaps that depends somewhat on the point of view. It is alleged that in regard to seal fisheries, North Atlantic fisheries and the right to construct war ships in the lakes, the United States has secured what it wanted, but nothing is said of the most vital question of all—the Alaskan boundary, nor of the Canadian Pacific bonding privileges. The price paid is alleged to be small, the free entry of Canadian coal into American ports. Inasmuch as the benefits, so far as stated, are all for the Atlantic states, while there is nothing for this coast in return, is a terrible blow to one of the greatest industries of this state.

The Dingley tariff had the effect of increasing the activity in our Washington mills. More men were put to work and the benefits were felt in every direction. If this concession is made and we have come into competition with the Chinese mined coal of British Columbia, it will be a blow to our great industry solely for the benefit of others, and for which we receive no return.

Every citizen of Washington should put himself on record without delay, in a protest against this action, and forward the papers to the Washington representatives at once.—Tacoma Ledger.

Not a Partisan Question.

This is not a partisan nor a party question; it is essentially and wholly a national question—a question of national and commercial development. For that reason it is to be hoped that neither of the great parties in congress, nor any of their representatives, will be disposed to attempt to make party or partisan capital, either for or against measures offered for the solution of this vexed and complicated problem. Let the same spirit that animated congress in placing \$50,000,000 in the president's hands, for him to dispose of as the defense of the nation required, again animate that body in reviving the American mercantile marine, for national defense, and the future growth and permanent prosperity of our shipping will be definitely assured.—Allegheny (Pa.) Record.

Let's Build Our Ships.

Surely, if our ability to build ships as cheaply as they can be built elsewhere is likely to cause Americans to more largely invest in ships for the foreign trade, that is not an argument for them to buy foreign-built and probably old-fashioned ships!

The economies of industry assure us also that the more ships our own builders construct, the more cheaply they will be constructed. If American demand for ships for the foreign trade is confined to newly-built American ships, by refusing to permit our people to register foreign-built ships as American, just that much sooner all the world will be coming to us to buy our ships that will be cheaper and probably better built than those of any other nation.—Trenton (N. J.) Gazette.

Always Results in Cheapness.

A British trade journal says that the cost of producing crucible steel in the United States, which was about \$75 a ton in 1860-65, is now \$2.40. It is little facts like this which ought to impress on the free trader that there is a fallacy in his assumption that protection makes things dear. It may be so in the beginning, but after it is in operation a while protection always results in cheapness.—Trenton (N. J.) Gazette.

Commercial Energy.

Uncle Sam excels in everything; that is one reason why he prospers; and another reason is that there is an administration at Washington which protects and encourages him, and so we hear the old world complaining bitterly of the "aggressive commercial energy" of the United States.—Culbertson (Neb.) Era.

Wonderful Indeed.

The Dingley law has been accomplishing such wonderful things that the British free-traders are said to have fallen in love with it.—Norwalk (Ohio) Reflector.

Electricity for Tunnels.

A scheme for operating the trains of the Great Northern railway between Leavenworth and Skykomish, Wash., through the Cascade tunnel, upon its completion, is being talked of. Great Northern officials will confirm the report no further than to say that the scheme has been under consideration. The plan, as reported in the daily papers, is to drop the steam locomotives at Leavenworth and Skykomish and haul all trains over the intervening distance of sixty-five miles with electric locomotives. It is proposed to generate the power necessary to operate the locomotives at the falls in the Tumwater canyon. One great advantage in the use of electrical traction through the tunnel will be the avoidance of smoke, which, with steam locomotives, would present a somewhat serious problem, as the tunnel when completed will be more than two miles and a half in length.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Marked Attention.

"His attentions to you have been marked, have they not?" said the young woman's experienced friend. "Oh, yes. He has never taken the price off any of his presents."

Agricultural.

"What is raised mostly in damp climates?" asked the teacher. "Umbrellas," replied Johnny.

Our Naval Station at San Juan.

The United States naval station, to be located at San Juan, Porto Rico, will be of the utmost importance as the key to the situation when the Nicaragua canal is constructed. The key to good health is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It guards the digestive organs from attacks of indigestion, biliousness and constipation.

Welcomed the Announcement.

"Aha! the plot thickens!" exclaimed the hero, as he strode across the stage. "Good!" responded a voice from the gallery. "It's pretty thin so far."—Ohio State Journal.

IN THE GREAT NORTHWEST.

Letter From the Kansas and Nebraska Delegates to Dauphin.

Prince Albert, Sask., 17th August, 1898.

William McCreary, Esq., Immigration Commissioner, Winnipeg, Man: Sir—We, the undersigned delegates from Kansas and Nebraska, U. S. A., in reporting the results of our trip to Dauphin, and subsequently to Regina, Prince Albert and the middle Saskatchewan country, beg to say that our tickets were limited to 21 days, and as we had other large regions to visit, we could only spend a short time in the Dauphin country. We examined, however, the principal cultivated areas in the southern parts of township 25, range 19, the great wheat fields of Wislart, Buchanan, Owen, Smith, Ross, Sinclair, the Whitmores, Drinkwaters, etc., and subsequently, others to the north, and never, in our experience, have we seen finer grain. The whole country is watered by numerous streams flowing from the slopes of Riding Mountain, and excellent well water is found everywhere at from 9 to 18 feet. Extensive forests of spruce and tamarack cover the northern parts of the mountains, from which timber is manufactured in Dauphin and elsewhere, and sold at \$12 a thousand at the mills. Wild hops and wild fruits are abundant, and ripen in the open air. Vegetation throughout is surprisingly luxuriant, and without hesitation we would rank the whole region amongst the best grain growing areas of the continent. The output of wheat last year was about 75,000 bushels, but this year it is estimated at over a million. Westward lie the homestead lands which now, and when fresh surveys are completed, will afford comfortable homes to thousands of diligent families. The great Gilbert Plains, also, we were unable to visit, where grain growing has been conducted with the best results for years, and which will become a vast wheat field as soon as a branch railway reaches there. Settlement is speeding in all these regions, reminding us indeed of the early days in our own states; and, as we have examined, since our visit to Dauphin, a portion of the great country lying south and east of Prince Albert, we can readily imagine the tide of immigration which will soon flow into the Canadian west.

(Signed) George S. Bennett, Hall's Summit, Kan.; S. W. Bennett, Hall's Summit, Kan.; E. F. Brooks, Westphalia, Kan.; John Flannery, Stuart, Neb.

You are not very good if you are not better than your best friends imagine you to be.—Lavater.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

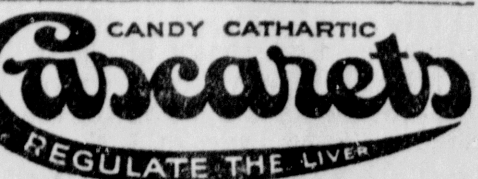
The medium should always be in good spirits.

An Old Crooked Stick held up a hobbling man after a **SPRAIN** ST. JACOBS OIL straightened him up, sound and cured.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES **SAPOLIO**

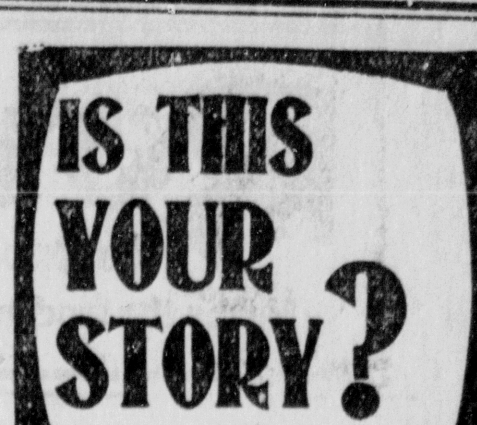


There's Only One Standard of Quality in Athletic Goods—"Spalding." Accept no substitute. Handsome Catalogue Free. A. G. SPALDING & BROS. New York. Chicago. Denver.



WHEAT! \$25, \$100, \$500, \$1,000 will give you regular monthly income by our plan. Absolutely nothing better. Plan in operation over 10 years. Now is the time to make money. Markets active. Highest references. SPEAKER & CO., GRAIN, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

N. W. N. U. —No. 10.— 1899.



"Every morning I have a bad taste in my mouth; my tongue is coated; my head aches and I often feel dizzy. I have no appetite for breakfast and what food I eat distresses me. I have a heavy feeling in my stomach. I am getting so weak that sometimes I tremble and my nerves are all unstrung. I am getting pale and thin. I am as tired in the morning as at night." What does your doctor say? "You are suffering from impure blood." What is his remedy?



You must not have constipated bowels if you expect the Sarsaparilla to do its best work. But Ayer's Pills cure constipation.

We have a book on Paleness and Weakness which you may have for the asking.

Write to our Doctors. Perhaps you would like to consult eminent physicians about your condition. Write us freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

GOOD UNCLE SAM FOR

And good enough for you. There is more of Carter's Ink used by the U. S. Government than of all other makes put together. It costs you no more than the poorest—ask for it.

Funny booklet "How to Make Ink Pictures" from CARTER'S INK CO., Boston, Mass.



Of homeseekers and settlers for the wheat lands of Western Canada over the principal lines of railway once a week. For particulars apply to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to Ben Davies, 154 East Third St., St. Paul, or T. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

An Old Crooked Stick held up a hobbling man after a **SPRAIN** ST. JACOBS OIL straightened him up, sound and cured.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES **SAPOLIO**



FOR 14 CENTS We wish to gain this year 20,000 new customers, and hence offer 1 Big 15 Day Radical, 10c 1 Small 7 Day Radical, 5c 1 Early Red Beet, 10c 1 Long Light Green Cucumber, 10c 1 Salzer's Best Lettuce, 10c 1 California Fig Tomato, 20c 1 Brilliant Flower Seeds, 10c 1 Early Dinner Onion, 10c 1 Onion Seed 68c, and up a Bbl. Potatoes at \$1.20 a Bbl. Catalogue alone, N. W. A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of the mucous membranes. Painless, and not astraining. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

A GOOD GARDEN is a pleasure and a profit. Gregory's seed book directs a right beginning. Gregory's Seed insure the most successful ending. Get the book now it's free. JAMES J. H. GREGORY & SON, Marblehead, Mass.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY! A quick relief and cure! Treatments Free. Dr. R. H. GREGORY'S BROS., Box 8, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

FISCH'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

All comforters at cost at R. Parker's.

Delicious lamb just received at Bane & Bane's.

Winter dress goods at cost, for two weeks, at R. Parker's.

WANTED—Jack Pine Ties. S. & J. W. Koop.

If you intend to buy a bicycle call on D. M. Clark & Co., before doing so.

Mrs. B. A. Ferris will entertain the Pleasant Hour Club this evening.

Ladies' and gents' hosiery, all new goods, at lowest prices at R. Parker's.

Wanted—Apprentices to learn the millinery trade at Mrs. J. K. Pearce on Laurel street.

James S. Alexander, of Ft. Ripley received an increase in pension from \$6 to \$8 on Saturday.

The spring vacation of the public schools will occur during the week commencing Monday, March 27th.

Wanted—Good dairy butter, 20 cents per pound, at the Co-operative store. JOHN PALZER, Prop.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

"I suffered for months from sore throat. Electric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

Hoffman's second ~~new~~ store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

Builds up the system, puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy—Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

Miss Annie Badeaux, of this city, has been engaged to teach school in the Jonesville district for a three month's term, beginning Monday, March 6th.

No more trouble with the seams ripping, there is none in the SEAMLESS shoes for Men, Boys and youths, spring wear. See them at R. F. WALTERS, Big 9, 6th street.

Dora Clayton, the heroine of "On the Suwanee River," the new comedy-drama of the south, is a blind girl and arouses the same heart interest as does "Louise" in "The Two Orphans."

The Sylvan Lake Quadrille Club will give a ball at Jones' Hall on Friday evening, March 17th. The Motley band will furnish music. All are cordially invited. Tickets including supper \$1.00.

News has been received in this city of the death of Helen, the seven-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Congdon, of St. Paul, which occurred on Monday. Mr. Congdon formerly resided in this city.

A farewell reception was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Thomas on Monday evening by the members of the M. E. church in honor of Miss Lizzie Miller and Mrs. J. H. Whyte and daughter, who have left the city.

A smoke social will be given at Walker Hall this (Friday) evening by the union printers and cigar makers of the city, invitations for which were issued the first of the week. A fine program has been arranged and a pleasant evening is anticipated.

An item in the Arena states that the second annual ball and banquet of the Macabees will occur at Gardner Hall this Friday evening. This is an error and the DISPATCH has been requested to make a correction. The annual ball of the Macabees will be held Friday evening, April 7.

Mgr. Lambert has arranged a pleasant surprise for the lady patrons of Gardner Hall, Saturday evening, March 11, at the performance of "On the Suwanee River," in the way of a beautiful song sheet, with words and music complete, as a souvenir of their first performance at Brainerd, and every lady attending will receive one free. Copies of some may be seen in the principle store windows.

There are 325,013 pupils enrolled in the public schools of Minnesota and the superintendent of public instruction has just made the March apportionment of 90 cents per capita. A year ago the rate was 80 cents the increase being due to a larger tax collection notwithstanding an increase in the number of pupils. Crow Wing county on 2735 pupils gets \$2,461.50. Cass county on 1003 pupils draws \$902.70.

WANTED—Jack Pine Ties. S. & J. W. Koop.

Got a wheel at D. M. Clark's. Strictly high grade machines at low prices.

Advance sale on boy's blouse waists, all sizes, 15c. each at R. Parker's.

Wood will be taken on subscription at this office. If you are in arrears bring us in a load.

Misses Nellie Alderman and Ila McColl entertained a party of young friends on Friday evening last.

Leave orders for our meat wagon to stop at your door. You can pick out what you want at surprisingly low prices for cash. Bane & Bane.

According to the St. Cloud Journal-Press Dr. Clark will leave here the first of May, and will be succeeded as assistant surgeon at the Sanitarium by Dr. S. W. Mowers, of St. Cloud, now assistant surgeon of the 15th Minnesota at Camp McKenzie. Dr. Clark goes to St. Paul to locate.

The remains of Frederick Bergh, a son of Wm. Bergh, who resides near Gull Lake, arrived in the city on Monday, and were received by Mr. Bergh and taken out to his home for burial. Deceased died at Minneapolis on Wednesday, March 1st, of a complication of lung troubles, aged 19 years.

Jas. R. Smith has accepted the agency of the world-famous Cleveland bicycles, the highest grade wheel on the market today. Cleveland bicycles are fitted with the new ball and roller bearings and the Burwell tires, which makes them the lightest running wheels. Ask him to show you a catalogue before purchasing elsewhere.

James E. Morgan was before the municipal court on Monday charged with petit larceny. He stole a bolt of flannel from Henry I. Cohen's dry goods store. Mr. Cohen was inclined to be lenient with the light-fingered gentleman, and was willing that the matter should be overlooked, but the court very properly thought otherwise and fined him \$15 or 15 days in jail.

Judge W. A. Fleming has sold his residence on Fifth street to D. M. Clark, who will take possession on May 1st. Mr. Fleming expects to leave Brainerd in a few days for a trip through Idaho and other western states with a view of finding a place to locate. The judge's object is to locate in a milder climate. Mr. and Mrs. Fleming have been located here for several years, and have made hosts of warm friends who will see them leave Brainerd with great regret, and it is hoped that they may change their minds and still continue to reside here.

A Splendid Drama.

"On the Suwanee River," which comes to Gardner Hall for one performance, next Saturday evening, March 11th, it is promised, is a dramatic gem with devotion, loyalty and courage as the guiding thought. There is plenty of incident, quickness of action, and abundance of the old-time healthy morality. The characters are true to life and represent the homely types of a class that is fast disappearing before the onward march of the new south. Dora, the blind girl in "On the Suwanee River," is the most pathetic, lovable character ever seen on the stage since the introduction of Louise, in "The Two Orphans," while Aunt Lindy has no counterpart in the annals of the drama. "On the Suwanee River" delights with its melody, scenic environment, sweetness and wholesomeness of tone; it awakens what is best in sentiment, quickens what is noblest in instinct, and makes one better. It has been alluded to as the successor of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and will afford great relief from the rapid vaporings of the usual run of modern dramas.

"For a Railroad."

A party of surveyors arrived in the city last Friday and immediately secured teams and were driven to "Scotty Clark's" place near the upper end of Long Lake, where they have been stopping since. The party is in charge of E. T. Abbott, an independent civil engineer of Minneapolis, at one time city engineer and more recently in the employ of the Mississippi & Rum River Boom Co. What the surveying party is here for is purely a matter of speculation as Mr. Abbott absolutely declines to say by whom they are employed, or what they are making the survey for. He says he knows he will draw his salary, and that's all he will say. That it is a railroad survey, however, is certain, as one of the men is known to have said the survey is "For a Railroad." It is the general belief they are in the employ of Jim Hill, and that they are continuing the survey that was made some years ago for the Great Northern from Milaca here. It is expected in another week their mission will be known.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

T. J. Davis left Saturday evening for Missoula, Mont.

F. W. Hall, of Aitkin, was in the city on Saturday last.

J. F. McGinnis went to St. Paul Monday noon on business.

Mrs. J. P. Saunders returned on Saturday evening from Duluth.

Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, is in the city this week in attendance at court.

A. E. Moberg went to the Twin Cities on Sunday, returning Wednesday.

Miss Sadie Reilly returned today from a ten day's visit with friends in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker, of Duluth, were Brainerd visitors the first of the week.

Arthur Clark, of St. Paul, has been a guest of Ralph Nevers for the past week.

Mayor J. H. Koop returned Tuesday from a ten days trip to Cripple Creek, Col.

Jay Bachelder left Brainerd the first of the week for a trip to the Pacific coast.

Mrs. M. L. Swartz returned today from a four week's visit with friends and relatives in Illinois.

Henry Spalding returned from St. Paul yesterday where he has been sojourning for the past ten days.

Geo. Moody was in St. Paul over Sunday. George went down to see that the legislature attended to its duties properly.

Edward M. Starcher, of Fairfax, S. D., was in the city the first of the week looking after his father's property interest here.

Axel Sture is going to Duluth in a short time to work for his brother in a grocery store. He went to Duluth today for a short visit.

Peter H. Miller, and sister, Miss Marion, returned to Brainerd Tuesday from Elm Dale, after spending the winter at their old home.

Sidney Hockridge left Brainerd on Tuesday for Duluth, where he was called by the serious illness of his daughter, Mrs. Alice Thompson.

Mrs. Anderson, of Minneapolis, was in the city on Monday and Tuesday visiting her husband, who is in the Lumbermen's hospital with a broken leg.

J. H. Mitchell, jr., of St. Paul, B. F. Hartshorn, of Walker, and Leon E. Lum and Attorney Mahan, of Duluth, were in the city in attendance at court during the week.

C. F. Welles, president of the Brainerd Lumber Co., was in the city over Sunday, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Isham. Mr. Wells was also inspecting the mill plant here.

Mrs. J. H. Koop, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Rose, left Brainerd for Chicago on Tuesday, where she will purchase a new stock of goods for the spring and summer trade.

Mrs. W. R. Edwards returned yesterday to her home in Milwaukee after a lengthy visit here with her brother, Mr. C. N. Parker. Mr. Parker accompanied her to Minneapolis.

G. W. Iltis, who has been a drug clerk in the McFadden Drug Co.'s store for some months past, left Saturday evening for North Dakota, where he has accepted a position. Mrs. Iltis accompanied him.

Mrs. J. H. White and daughters, Misses Mamie and Maggie, have gone to Superior where they will reside. Their many friends regret their removal. Mrs. White has sold her house to Mrs. Davis of this city.

Miss Lizzie Miller left on Thursday noon for St. Joseph, Mo., where she will enter the office of her uncle, Mr. Dyer, as book-keeper and typewriter. She will be greatly missed by the M. E. church, of which she has been a worthy member and an active worker.

Geo. S. Ostrom, president of the Bull Hill & Straub Mountain Gold Mining and Milling Co., of Cripple Creek, Colorado, is visiting in the city, the guest of Mayor J. H. Koop. Mr. Ostrom, whose home is in Merriam Park, accompanied Mayor Koop on his recent trip to Colorado.

Mr. E. H. Hoar and family left for Minneapolis on Wednesday where they will reside in the future. Mr. and Mrs. Hoar have resided here about three years, during which time they have made many warm friends who greatly regret their departure. Mr. and Mrs. Winters will occupy the residence on Fourth street vacated by Mr. Hoar.

We have just opened a complete line of Men's, Boys' and Youths' SEAMLESS shoes for spring wear. See them at R. F. Walters.

Big 9, 6th St.

Highest Price for Grain.

Farmers, you will get the highest market price for your grain by bringing it to Beck & Remmels, 8th street, near railroad track.

BECK & REMMELS.

WANTED—Jack Pine ties. M. J. REILLY.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Miller's Gloveine, for sale only by H. I. Cohen, headquarters for dressed and undressed kid gloves, all the latest shades in lace and clasp.

WANTED.

WANTED—20,000 jack pine ties, 6 and 7 inch face, 7 inches thick. CON. O'BRIEN.

DISTRICT COURT NEWS.

Five Indictments Returned by the Grand Jury—Disposition of Court Cases.

The March general term of the district court convened on Tuesday morning, Judge Holland presiding. The grand jury was sworn in and charged by the court, after which a call of the calendar was made, and court was then adjourned until afternoon. In the afternoon the cases on the civil calendar were taken up, and up to the time of going to press cases have been disposed of as follows:

Daniel D. Smith vs. Wm. Gergen and Archie Purdy. Settled.

Anna Caplis vs. P. J. Murphy, receiver for W. P. Buckley, insolvent. Dismissed.

J. M. Elder vs. Grand Lodge A. O. U. W. To be tried in chambers after April 10th, on eight days' notice.

Wm. A. Rogers vs. Lena M. Koop and J. H. Koop. Same disposition as case above.

Wm. A. Rogers vs. J. H. Koop. Same disposition as case above.

Elling Johnson vs. Ed. Knudson and James E. Dickman. Verdict for plaintiff for \$50.

Libbie A. Everest vs. N. P. Railway Co. Jury now out.

The grand jury was in session three days and returned indictments as follows:

Harry Reese, robbery in the first degree.

Joseph Landry and Wm. Boisvin, robbery in the second degree.

Nels Bender, grand larceny in the second degree.

Chas. Smith, forgery in the second degree, two indictments.

All the above have been arraigned and entered a plea of not guilty.

The report of the grand jury is published elsewhere in this issue.

CHURCH NEWS.

Items of Interest Concerning the Churches and Church Societies.

Mr. Morton is expected to preach in the First Baptist church next Sunday morning, and in the evening at the Mill Mission. You are invited.

Rev. A. H. Carver, pastor of the Presbyterian church, preaches Sunday morning and evening. Morning subject, "Full Measure." Evening subject, "But One Thing."

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Swedish Baptist church will give a "Basket Social" at the church, corner of Oak and Tenth streets, on Saturday evening, March 25th. All are cordially invited.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. D. K. Fullerton, corner Ninth and Juniper streets north, on next Wednesday afternoon, March 15th, from 2:30 to 4:30 o'clock.

A supper for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church will be given at the Y. M. C. A. on Friday evening, March 24th. All are most cordially invited. Tickets, adults 25 cents, children 15 cents.

A "Telegram Social" will be given this (Friday) evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Bean, by the Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational church. All are cordially invited to attend.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will give an "Orange Medley" sale and social on Tuesday afternoon and evening, March 28th, at the home of Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Carver. All are cordially invited.

Look out for the Chicken and Waffle supper at Judge Milton McFadden's residence by several of the ladies of the Aid Society of the Congregational church on Wednesday evening, March 15th. Come and bring your friends. Supper only 15 cents.

At the M. E. church the theme for the service at 10:30 a. m., will be "Partakers of the Divine Nature." The evening subject at 7:30 will be "The Important Date." Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. R. G. Vallentyne leader, topic: "Fellowship in Christian Service." A cordial invitation is given to the public.

Rev. G. W. Gallagher preaches next Sunday morning on "Rejoice Evermore." His evening subject "The Departure from Mt. Sinai," one of the series of sermons in the life of Moses. These discourses are well worth hearing. The public are cordially invited to be present at all these services. The morning services begins at 10:30 o'clock and the evening service at 7:30.

BRUNS, the Optician,

will be in Brainerd, at the Arlington Hotel, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 20th, 21st and 22nd, for the purpose of correcting eye refractions. If your sight blurs, eyes water or burn, glasses you have don't fit, or are suffering from headaches that medicine does not cure, consult him. Eyes examined free.

Don't fail to see the SEAMLESS shoes for Men's Boys' and Youths' Spring wear at R. F. WALTERS, Big 9, 6th street.

Notices to Teachers.

Public teachers' examination will be held in the Court House in Brainerd on March 21st and 22nd, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m.

A. R. CASS, Co. Supt.

Henry I. Cohen

Is receiving **EVERY DAY** Fresh Consignments of New Dress Goods, especially elegant Embroideries, Lovely Laces, Nobby, Natty New Novelty Trimmings, Swell Stylish Shirt Waists, Winsome Winning Wide Wrappers, Latest Lines Linens, Correct, Comfortable, Cheap Corsets, Proper, Pure, Perfect Percales.

SHOES

Strong Shoes, Stylish Shoes, Soft Shoes, Stout Shoes, Wide Shoes, Narrow Shoes, Good Shoes, NOT ANY POOR SHOES. We Guarantee Our **\$1.50** Shoe. Our Child's Shoe for **\$1.00** is made of the Best Kangaroo Calf Skin, and is Designed for School Wear. We make the assertion that only one dealer out of one hundred will sell this Shoe for less than \$1.25, and WE are the one. CASH SYSTEM enables us to do this.

HOSIERY.

TWO HUNDRED DOZEN HOSIERY being placed in shape for Spring Trade now.

LADIES' Dress Skirts

are now a feature of our stock. We have Genuine Tailor Made Goods made of an All Wool Serge Twill, at \$5.00 and ... Cheaper Grades, and also finer ones. **\$4.00**

SPRING Capes & Jackets.

THIS SATURDAY Spring Capes and Jackets will be shown, to expectant customers. PLUSH CAPES, Astrakhan Capes, Boucle Capes, Beaver Capes, at Bargain Figures. COME IN, and sing us a song, and we will almost give you a Child's Jacket or Cloak. Think of buying a Child's Garment at **\$1, \$2 and \$3**. Worth \$3.50, \$5 and \$6. Our stock is filled with good goods, offered at Lowest Prices, and we are always glad to see you.

HENRY I. COHEN

Sleeper Block.

The Man Hardest to Suit...

Is the man worth suiting. We take pleasure in giving our best attention to the particular man, the man who wants a Bicycle on which he can rely. Come in whenever you please. Leave an order or don't. You'll always be welcome. It would be money in your pocket to examine the....

CRESCENT, MONARCH, STEARNS, BICYCLES

Furnished with the DUNLAP TIRES, The Only Tires for this Country.

Samples now to be seen at our store. Investigate, and see how remarkable these Wheels are, as well as the Prices.

F. H. GRUENHAGEN,

Laurel Street.

AN EXPENSIVE FIRE.

The Old J. J. Howe Lumber Co.'s Plant Goes Up in Smoke Early Sunday Morning.

The old saw mill plant of the J. J. Howe Lumber Co. was completely destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. The fire occurred about 7 o'clock, and had made such headway when discovered that it was impossible to subdue the flames, the entire plant being a fiery mass before the fire department arrived on the scene.

The mill has not been operated for at least five years, but contained all the expensive machinery that goes to make up a large saw mill, and all was consumed. The building was an old dilapidated affair and was of very little value, but the mill machinery, including the mammoth engine and boilers, was very expensive, and was a total loss. The contents of the mill cost more than \$30,000, and was estimated to be worth fully \$20,000 when burned. It was the property of A. B. Barton, of Minneapolis, and had no insurance whatever. How the fire originated is a mystery, as the plant has been locked and nailed up since the mill was shut down. A small shed about a block away that was used for a place of shelter by boys skating on Boom lake was burned the evening before and it may have caught from that, but it was probably the work of careless or mischievous boys or tramps.

WANTED - TIES. Oak, Tamarack and White Pine. ALBERT ANGEL.

Prof. Bigg Elected Teacher.

The board of education met in regular session on Monday evening, Pres. Hagberg presiding.

A communication was received from Dr. Hemstead concerning the breaking of windows in the Lowell school building, of which Wm. Emord and an O'Connor boy was accused, the Doctor reporting that an injustice had been done them, as they were innocent.

A communication from A. Baseford and W. T. Canniff, concerning the planting of shade trees, was read and referred to the building and grounds committee, they to report at next meeting.

The bond of Miss Titze, as text book clerk, was accepted.

Reports of the secretary and treasurer were read and referred to the finance committee.

Superintendent's report was accepted and placed on file.

Teacher's and janitor's pay roll to the amount of \$1,969.59 was allowed. Bills to the amount of \$761.92 were allowed.

Prof. Blewitt's resignation was read, and a motion made that it be accepted and that he receive his salary to date. An amendment was made and supported that it be accepted according to article 3 of section 3 of the by-laws, and the amendment was adopted by a vote of four to three, Hagberg, Titze, Preston and Doran voting aye, and Dickinson, Halliday and Britton voting nay.

The board then elected Prof. E. M. Bigg teacher at a salary of \$55 per month.

Board adjourned.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans. All comforters at cost at R. Parker's.

Delicious lamb just received at Bane & Bane's.

Winter dress goods at cost, for two weeks, at R. Parker's.

WANTED—Jack Pine Ties. S. & J. W. Koop.

If you intend to buy a bicycle call on D. M. Clark & Co., before doing so.

Mrs. B. A. Ferris will entertain the Pleasant Hour Club this evening.

Ladies' and gents' hosiery, all new goods, at lowest prices at R. Parker's.

Wanted—Apprentices to learn the millinery trade at Mrs. J. K. Pearce on Laurel street.

James S. Alexander, of Ft. Ripley received an increase in pension from \$6 to \$8 on Saturday.

The spring vacation of the public schools will occur during the week commencing Monday, March 27th.

Wanted—Good dairy butter, 20 cents per pound, at the Co-operative store. JOHN PALZER, Prop.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

"I suffered for months from sore throat. Electric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

Hoffman's second store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

Builds up the system, puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy—Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

Miss Annie Badeaux, of this city, has been engaged to teach school in the Jonesville district for a three month's term, beginning Monday, March 6th.

No more trouble with the seams ripping, there is none in the SEAMLESS shoes for Men, Boys and youths, spring wear. See them at R. F. WALTERS, Big 9, 6th street.

Dora Clayton, the heroine of "On the Suwanee River," the new comedy-drama of the south, is a blind girl and arouses the same heart interest as does "Louise" in "The Two Orphans."

The Sylvan Lake Quadrille Club will give a ball at Jones' Hall on Friday evening, March 17th. The Motley band will furnish music. All are cordially invited. Tickets including supper \$1.00.

News has been received in this city of the death of Helen, the seven-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Congdon, of St. Paul, which occurred on Monday. Mr. Congdon formerly resided in this city.

A farewell reception was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Thomas on Monday evening by the members of the M. E. church in honor of Miss Lizzie Miller and Mrs. J. H. Whyte and daughter, who have left the city.

A smoke social will be given at Walker Hall this (Friday) evening by the union printers and cigar makers of the city, invitations for which were issued the first of the week. A fine program has been arranged and a pleasant evening is anticipated.

An item in the Arena states that the second annual ball and banquet of the Maccabees will occur at Gardner Hall this Friday evening. This is an error and the DISPATCH has been requested to make a correction. The annual ball of the Maccabees will be held Friday evening, April 7.

Mgr. Lambert has arranged a pleasant surprise for the lady patrons of Gardner Hall, Saturday evening, March 11, at the performance of "On the Suwanee River," in the way of a beautiful song sheet, with words and music complete, as a souvenir of their first performance at Brainerd, and every lady attending will receive one free. Copies of some may be seen in the principle store windows.

There are 325,013 pupils enrolled in the public schools of Minnesota and the superintendent of public instruction has just made the March apportionment of 90 cents per capita. A year ago the rate was 80 cents the increase being due to a larger tax collection notwithstanding an increase in the number of pupils. Crow Wing county on 2735 pupils gets \$2,441.50. Cass county on 1003 pupils draws \$902.70.

WANTED—Jack Pine Ties. S. & J. W. Koop.

Get a wheel at D. M. Clark's. Strictly high grade machines at low prices.

Advance sale on boy's blouse waists, all sizes, 15c. each at R. Parker's.

Wood will be taken on subscription at this office. If you are in arrears bring us in a load.

Misses Nelfie Alderman and Ila McColl entertained a party of young friends on Friday evening last.

Leave orders for our meat wagon to stop at your door. You can pick out what you want at surprisingly low prices for cash. Bane & Bane.

According to the St. Cloud Journal-Press Dr. Clark will leave here the first of May, and will be succeeded as assistant surgeon at the Sanitarium by Dr. S. W. Mowers, of St. Cloud, now assistant surgeon of the 15th Minnesota at Camp McKenzie. Dr. Clark goes to St. Paul to locate.

The remains of Frederick Bergh, a son of Wm. Bergh, who resides near Gull Lake, arrived in the city on Monday, and were received by Mr. Bergh and taken out to his home for burial. Deceased died at Minneapolis on Wednesday, March 1st, of a complication of lung troubles, aged 19 years.

Jas. R. Smith has accepted the agency of the world-famous Cleveland bicycles, the highest grade wheel on the market today. Cleveland bicycles are fitted with the new ball and roller bearings and the Burwell tires, which makes them the lightest running wheels. Ask him to show you a catalogue before purchasing elsewhere.

James E. Morgan was before the municipal court on Monday charged with petit larceny. He stole a bolt of flannel from Henry I. Cohen's dry goods store. Mr. Cohen was inclined to be lenient with the light-fingered gentleman, and was willing that the matter should be overlooked, but the court very properly thought otherwise and fined him \$15 or 15 days in jail.

Judge W. A. Fleming has sold his residence on Fifth street to D. M. Clark, who will take possession on May 1st. Mr. Fleming expects to leave Brainerd in a few days for a trip through Idaho and other western states with a view of finding a place to locate. The judge's object is to locate in a milder climate. Mr. and Mrs. Fleming have been located here for several years, and have made hosts of warm friends who will see them leave Brainerd with great regret, and it is hoped that they may change their minds and still continue to reside here.

A Splendid Drama.

"On the Suwanee River," which comes to Gardner Hall for one performance, next Saturday evening, March 11th, it is promised, is a dramatic gem with devotion, loyalty and courage as the guiding thought. There is plenty of incident, quickness of action, and abundance of the old-time healthy morality. The characters are true to life and represent the homely types of a class that is fast disappearing before the onward march of the new south. Dora, the blind girl in "On the Suwanee River," is the most pathetic, lovable character ever seen on the stage since the introduction of Louise, in "The Two Orphans," while Aunt Lindy has no counterpart in the annals of the drama. "On the Suwanee River" delights with its melody, scenic environment, sweetness and wholesomeness of tone; it awakens what is best in sentiment, quickens what is noblest in instinct, and makes one better. It has been alluded to as the successor of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and will afford great relief from the vapid vaporings of the usual run of modern dramas.

"For a Railroad."

A party of surveyors arrived in the city last Friday and immediately secured teams and were driven to "Scotty Clark's" place near the upper end of Long Lake, where they have been stopping since. The party is in charge of E. T. Abbott, an independent civil engineer of Minneapolis, at one time city engineer and more recently in the employ of the Mississippi & Rum River Boom Co. What the surveying party is here for is purely a matter of speculation as Mr. Abbott absolutely declines to say by whom they are employed, or what they are making the survey for. He says he knows he will draw his salary, and that's all he will say. That it is a railroad survey, however, is certain, as one of the men is known to have said the survey is "For a Railroad." It is the general belief they are in the employ of Jim Hill, and that they are continuing the survey that was made some years ago for the Great Northern from Milaca here. It is expected in another week their mission will be known.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

T. J. Davis left Saturday evening for Missoula, Mont.

F. W. Hall, of Aitkin, was in the city on Saturday last.

J. F. McGinnis went to St. Paul Monday noon on business.

Mrs. J. P. Saunders returned on Saturday evening from Duluth.

Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, is in the city this week in attendance at court.

A. E. Moberg went to the Twin Cities on Sunday, returning Wednesday.

Miss Sadie Reilly returned today from a ten day's visit with friends in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker, of Duluth, were Brainerd visitors the first of the week.

Arthur Clark, of St. Paul, has been a guest of Ralph Nevers for the past week.

Mayor J. H. Koop returned Tuesday from a ten days trip to Cripple Creek, Col.

Jay Bachelder left Brainerd the first of the week for a trip to the Pacific coast.

Mrs. M. L. Swartz returned today from a four week's visit with friends and relatives in Illinois.

Henry Spalding returned from St. Paul yesterday where he has been sojourning for the past ten days.

Geo. Moody was in St. Paul over Sunday. George went down to see that the legislature attended to its duties properly.

Edward M. Starcher, of Fairfax, S. D., was in the city the first of the week looking after his father's property interest here.

Axel Sture is going to Duluth in a short time to work for his brother in a grocery store. He went to Duluth today for a short visit.

Peter H. Miller, and sister, Miss Marion, returned to Brainerd Tuesday from Elm Dale, after spending the winter at their old home.

Sidney Hockridge left Brainerd on Tuesday for Duluth, where he was called by the serious illness of his daughter, Mrs. Alice Thompson.

Mrs. Anderson, of Minneapolis, was in the city on Monday and Tuesday visiting her husband, who is in the Lumbermen's hospital with a broken leg.

J. H. Mitchell, jr., of St. Paul, B. F. Hartshorn, of Walker, and Leon E. Lum and Attorney Mahan, of Duluth, were in the city in attendance at court during the week.

C. F. Welles, president of the Brainerd Lumber Co., was in the city over Sunday, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Isham. Mr. Wells was also inspecting the mill plant here.

Mrs. J. H. Koop, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Rose, left Brainerd for Chicago on Tuesday, where she will purchase a new stock of goods for the spring and summer trade.

Mrs. W. R. Edwards returned yesterday to her home in Milwaukee after a lengthy visit here with her brother, Mr. C. N. Parker. Mr. Parker accompanied her to Minneapolis.

G. W. Iltis, who has been a drug clerk in the McFadden Drug Co.'s store for some months past, left Saturday evening for North Dakota, where he has accepted a position. Mrs. Iltis accompanied him.

Mrs. J. H. White and daughters, Misses Mamie and Maggie, have gone to Superior where they will reside. Their many friends regret their removal. Mrs. White has sold her house to Mrs. Davis of this city.

Miss Lizzie Miller left on Thursday noon for St. Joseph, Mo., where she will enter the office of her uncle, Mr. Dyer, as book-keeper and typewriter. She will be greatly missed by the M. E. church, of which she has been a worthy member and an active worker.

Geo. S. Ostrom, president of the Bull Hill & Straub Mountain Gold Mining and Milling Co., of Cripple Creek, Colorado, is visiting in the city, the guest of Mayor J. H. Koop. Mr. Ostrom, whose home is in Merriam Park, accompanied Mayor Koop on his recent trip to Colorado.

Mr. E. H. Hoar and family left for Minneapolis on Wednesday where they will reside in the future. Mr. and Mrs. Hoar have resided here about three years, during which time they have made many warm friends who greatly regret their departure. Mr. and Mrs. Winters will occupy the residence on Fourth street vacated by Mr. Hoar.

We have just opened a complete line of Men's, Boys' and Youths' SEAMLESS shoes for spring wear. See them at R. F. Walters.

Big 9, 6th St.

Highest Price for Grain.

Farmers, you will get the highest market price for your grain by bringing it to Beck & Remmels, 8th street, near railroad track.

BECK & REMMELS.

WANTED—Jack Pine ties.

M. J. REILLY.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Miller's Gloveine, for sale only by H. I. Cohen, headquarters for dressed and undressed kid gloves, all the latest shades in lace and clasp.

WANTED.

WANTED—20,000 jack pine ties, 6 and 7 inch face, 7 inches thick. CON. O'BRIEN.

DISTRICT COURT NEWS.

Five Indictments Returned by the Grand Jury—Disposition of Court Cases.

The March general term of the district court convened on Tuesday morning, Judge Holland presiding. The grand jury was sworn in and charged by the court, after which a call of the calendar was made, and court was then adjourned until afternoon. In the afternoon the cases on the civil calendar were taken up, and up to the time of going to press cases have been disposed of as follows: Daniel D. Smith vs. Wm. Gergen and Archie Purdy. Settled. Anna Caplis vs. P. J. Murphy, receiver for W. P. Buckley, insolvent. Dismissed.

J. M. Elder vs. Grand Lodge A. O. U. W. To be tried in chambers after April 10th, on eight days' notice.

Wm. A. Rogers vs. Lena M. Koop and J. H. Koop. Same disposition as case above.

Wm. A. Rogers vs. J. H. Koop. Same disposition as case above.

Elling Johnson vs. Ed. Knudson and James E. Dickman. Verdict for plaintiff for \$50.

Libbie A. Everest vs. N. P. Railway Co. Jury now out.

The grand jury was in session three days and returned indictments as follows:

Harry Reese, robbery in the first degree.

Joseph Landry and Wm. Boisvin, robbery in the second degree.

Nels Bender, grand larceny in the second degree.

Chas. Smith, forgery in the second degree, two indictments.

All the above have been arraigned and entered a plea of not guilty. The report of the grand jury is published elsewhere in this issue.

CHURCH NEWS.

Items of Interest Concerning the Churches and Church Societies.

Mr. Morton is expected to preach in the First Baptist church next Sunday morning, and in the evening at the Mill Mission. You are invited.

Rev. A. H. Carver, pastor of the Presbyterian church, preaches Sunday morning and evening. Morning subject, "Full Measure." Evening subject, "But One Thing."

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Swedish Baptist church will give a "Basket Social" at the church, corner of Oak and Tenth streets, on Saturday evening, March 25th. All are cordially invited.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. D. K. Fullerton, corner Ninth and Juniper streets north, on next Wednesday afternoon, March 15th, from 2:30 to 4:30 o'clock.

A supper for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church will be given at the Y. M. C. A. on Friday evening, March 24th. All are most cordially invited. Tickets, adults 25 cents, children 15 cents.

A "Telegram Social" will be given this (Friday) evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Bean, by the Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational church. All are cordially invited to attend.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will give an "Orange Medley" sale and social on Tuesday afternoon and evening, March 28th, at the home of Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Carver. All are cordially invited.

Look out for the Chicken and Waffle supper at Judge Milton McFadden's residence by several of the ladies of the Aid Society of the Congregational church on Wednesday evening, March 15th. Come and bring your friends. Supper only 15 cents.

At the M. E. church the theme for the service at 10:30 a. m., will be "Partakers of the Divine Nature." The evening subject at 7:30 will be "The Important Date." Epworth League at 6:30 p. m., R. G. Vallentyne leader, topic: "Fellowship in Christian Service." A cordial invitation is given to the public.

Rev. G. W. Gallagher preaches next Sunday morning on "Rejoice Evermore." His evening subject "The Departure from Mt. Sinai," one of the series of sermons in the life of Moses. These discourses are well worth hearing. The public are cordially invited to be present at all these services. The morning services begin at 10:30 o'clock and the evening service at 7:30.

BRUNS, the Optician.

will be in Brainerd, at the Arlington Hotel, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 20th, 21st and 22nd, for the purpose of correcting eye refractions. If your sight blurs, eyes water or burn, glasses you have don't fit, or are suffering from headaches that medicine does not cure, consult him. Eyes examined free.

Don't fail to see the SEAMLESS shoes for Men's, Boys' and Youths' Spring wear at R. F. WALTERS, Big 9, 6th street.

Notices to Teachers.

Public teachers' examination will be held in the Court House in Brainerd on March 21st and 22nd, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. A. R. Cass, Co. Supt.

Henry I. Cohen

Is receiving EVERY DAY Fresh Consignments of New Dress Goods, especially elegant Embroideries, Lovely Laces, Nobby, Natty New Novelty Trimmings, Swell Stylish Shirt Waists, Winsome Winning Wide Wrappers, Latest Lines Linens, Correct, Comfortable, Cheap Corsets, Proper, Pure, Perfect Percales.

SHOES

Strong Shoes, Stylish Shoes, Soft Shoes, Stout Shoes, Wide Shoes, Narrow Shoes, Good Shoes, NOT ANY POOR SHOES. We Guarantee Our \$1.50 Shoe. Our Child's Shoe for \$1.00 is made of the Best Kangaroo Calf Skin, and is Designed for School Wear. We make the assertion that only one dealer out of one hundred will sell this Shoe for less than \$1.25, and WE are the one. CASH SYSTEM enables us to do this.

HOSIERY.

TWO HUNDRED DOZEN HOSIERY being placed in shape for Spring Trade now.

LADIES' Dress Skirts

are now a feature of our stock. We have Genuine Tailor Made Goods made of an All Wool Serge Twill, at \$5.00 and... \$4.00 Cheaper Grades, and also finer ones.

SPRING Capes & Jackets.

THIS SATURDAY Spring Capes and Jackets will be shown, to expectant customers.

PLUSH CAPES, Astrakhan Capes, Boucle Capes, Beaver Capes, at Bargain Figures.

COME IN, and sing us a song, and we will almost give you a Child's Jacket or Cloak. Think of buying a Child's Garment at \$1, \$2 and \$3. Worth \$3.50, \$5 and \$6. Our stock is filled with good goods, offered at Lowest Prices, and we are always glad to see you.

HENRY I. COHEN

Sleeper Block.

The Man Hardest to Suit...

Is the man worth suiting. We take pleasure in giving our best attention to the particular man, the man who wants a Bicycle on which he can rely. Come in whenever you please. Leave an order or don't. You'll always be welcome. It would be money in your pocket to examine the....

CRESCENT, MONARCH, STEARNS, BICYCLES

Furnished with the DUNLAP TIRES, The Only Tires for this Country.

Samples now to be seen at our store. Investigate, and see how remarkable these Wheels are, as well as the Prices.

F. H. GRUENHAGEN,

Laurel Street.

AN EXPENSIVE FIRE.

The Old J. J. Howe Lumber Co.'s Plant Goes Up in Smoke Early Sunday Morning.

The old saw mill plant of the J. J. Howe Lumber Co. was completely destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. The fire occurred about 7 o'clock, and had made such headway when discovered that it was impossible to subdue the flames, the entire plant being a fiery mass before the fire department arrived on the scene.

The mill has not been operated for at least five years, but contained all the expensive machinery that goes to make up a large saw mill, and all was consumed. The building was an old dilapidated affair and was of very little value, but the mill machinery, including the mammoth engine and boilers, was very expensive, and was a total loss. The contents of the mill cost more than \$30,000, and was estimated to be worth fully \$20,000 when burned. It was the property of A. B. Barton, of Minneapolis, and had no insurance whatever. How the fire originated is a mystery, as the plant has been locked and nailed up since the mill was shut down. A small shed about a block away that was used for a place of shelter by boys skating on Boom lake was burned the evening before and it may have caught from that, but it was probably the work of careless or mischievous boys or tramps.

WANTED - TIES.

Oak, Tamarack and White Pine. ALBERT ANGEL.

Prof. Bigg Elected Teacher.

The board of education met in regular session on Monday evening, Pres. Hagberg presiding.

A communication was received from Dr. Hemstead concerning the breaking of windows in the Lowell school building, of which Wm. Emord and an O'Connor boy was accused, the Doctor reporting that an injustice had been done them, as they were innocent.

A communication from A. Baseford and W. T. Canniff, concerning the planting of shade trees, was read and referred to the building and grounds committee, they to report at next meeting.

The bond of Miss Titze, as text book clerk, was accepted. Reports of the secretary and treasurer were read and referred to the finance committee.

Superintendent's report was accepted and placed on file. Teacher's and janitor's pay roll to the amount of \$1,969.59 was allowed. Bills to the amount of \$761.92 were allowed.

Prof. Blewitt's resignation was read, and a motion made that it be accepted and that he receive his salary to date. An amendment was made and supported that it be accepted according to article 3 of section 3 of the by-laws, and the amendment was adopted by a vote of four to three, Hagberg, Titze, Preston and Doran voting aye, and Dickinson, Halliday and Britton voting nay.

The board then elected Prof. E. M. Bigg teacher at a salary of \$55 per month. Board adjourned.